XVIH YEAR.

RPHEUM-

LOS ANGELES' FAMILY VAUDEVILLE THEATER
S. Main St., bet First and Second Sts S. Main St., bet. First and Second Sts.

It is becoming stale to tell of our great houses. Week Commencing Monday
July 6. Another Banner Week! A New Bill of Good Things. Edison's Latest
Marvel, THE VITASCOPE the Photo-Electric Sensation of the Day: The Mag.
Marvel, THE VITASCOPE the Photo-Electric Sensation of the Day: The Mag.
Marvel, THE VITASCOPE the Photo-Electric Sensation of the Day: The Mag.
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Performance e evening inclinding Sundays.

MISCELLANEO

NOTHE FOOLD MEDAL—
Photograp Association of America, in convention at Chatauqua, N. Y.,
awarded Vedal of Special Honor on CARBONS to

SPORTING RECORDJ

LEANDER WINS THE CUP.

FINALS OF THE REGATTA AT

HENLEY.

Suiness Outpulls Beaumont, Who

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

Atlantic Cable.) The course today was

more crowded than upon any previou

occasion during the regatta. The weather was hot and clear. There was

strong breeze favoring the Bucks

shore, even more than yesterday. By

invitation of the stewards of the Royal Henley Regatta, Capt. Treadway of

the Yale crew occupied a place in the impire's launch.
In the final heat for the grand Chal-

lenge Cup, the Thames Rowing Club had the favorable side of the river, but

there was no question what the resu

would be. Leanders were clear at the quarter and wonas they liked by two

In the sixth heat for the Thames Chal-

lenge Cup for eight oars, Emanuel Col-lege, Cambridge, beat Trinity Hall

In the seventh heat for the Thame

lenge Cup, Emauel College, Cambridge

beat the crew of the Societe de Encour agement du Sports Nauticque, Paris. In the final heat for the silver gob

NAPA RACE MEETING.

Big Crowd Witnesses the Three

Events.

NAPA, July 9.—The fourth day of the Napa race-meeting proved one of the best so far. The weather was extremely warm and the largest crowd that has congregated since the open-

ing was present.

The three-minute distance trot, for two-year-olds: Attractor won, Poletta Munger second, Princess Rowena distanced; best time 2:41.

tanced; best time 2:41.
District trotting for three-year-olds:
J. J. won, Fanadam second, Napa
Prince third, Sweet Rose fourth, Lucille distanced; best time 2:26.
The 2:40 pace, seven heats: Meridian
won, Cora S. second, Dictatus third,
Strathmont fourth; best time 2:24.

EASTERN BASEBALL.

Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland an

CHICAGO, July 9 .- Chicago, 9;

Pittsburgh Are Winners. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

0; errors 3. New York, 1; hits 10; errors 2. Batteries—Terry and Donohue; Sul-ivan and Zerfoss.

ST. LOUIS-BOSTON.

hits 12; errors 1.
Boston, 7; hits 12; errors 3.
Batteries—Donahue and Murphy;
Stivetts, Sullivan and Bergen.

CLEVELAND-BALTIMORE.

CLEVELAND, July 9.—Cleveland, hits 11; errors 1.
Baltimore, 0; hits 7; errors 3.
Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Pond nd Clarke.

PITTSBURG-BROOKLYN.

PITTSBURGH, July 9.—Pittsburgh, i hits 8; errors 2.
Brooklyn, 5; hits 9; errors 3.
Batteries—Killen and Sugden; Kenedy and Burrell.

Hard to Matchett.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Socialist Labor Party now in convention here, has nominated Charles H. Matchett of Brooklyn for President and Matthew McGuire of Patterson, N. J., for Vice-President.

LOUIS, July 9.-St. Louis,

lets, Nickalls's Challenge Cup for a of oars, the London Rowing Club New College, Oxford.

Cambridge.

HENLEY-ON-THAMES, July 9,-(B)

Eastern Ballfields.

Defeated Dr. McDowell - The Napa Races - Scores from the

OLD GALORE-

The finest and richest specimens of Gold Ore ever seen in California, which were awarded the first prize medal at the World's Fair at Chicago, will be on exhibition this week in the show windows of MONTGOMERY BROS., the leading jewelers of Los Angeles.

These specimens are from the famous Good Hope Bonanza Mine, located at Hillsboro, Bierra county, New Mexico. The specimens are exhibited and the mine is for sale by WM. T. SMITH & CO., Gold and Silver Refiners, 128 North Main Street.

DEOPLE SUFFERINGiseases which have resisted all previous efforts address DR. ALEXANDER de BORA, Elsinore, Cal.

Consultation in person or by letter free.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWER and Floral designs. B. F. COLLINS, 256 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 119. Flowers packed for shipping. Curtis-Harrison Advertising Co.—IN NEW QUARTERS—No 349
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they are the largest, in color the brightest, in
perfume the finest. Grown by F. EDWARD GRAY, Alhambra, Cal ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS. LAKE VIEW HOTEL. FINEST SULPHUR BATH und ing in So. Cal. Elevation 1300 ft. Hotel new and first-class. Write for summer rates. C. S. TRAPHAGEN & CO., Props.

COAST RECORD.

WILL MANDAMUS BUDD.

CANDIDATE LYNCH APPLIES TO THE SUPREME COURT.

Wants the Office of Lieutenant-Governor Included in the Call for the Election-Young Berkelev Attorney Missing.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9 .- John C. Lynch, the Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor, asks the Supreme Court to issue a writ of mandate di-rected to James H. Budd, Governor of California, commanding him to include office of Lieutenant-Governor in is forthcoming election proclamation.

Justice J. J. de Haven filed the pa-

pers in the case with the Supreme Court today. The members of the court were in consultation at the time, and sen for the papers at once. It is expected that an early day will be set for the

WHERE IS HARKER?

Young Berkeley Attorney Disap-pears While Insane. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Charles G. Harker, a young attorney residing in Berkeley, disappeared last Friday and it was feared that he has committed suicide while temporarily insane. Harker is 26 years old, 5 feet 5 inches in height, thick set, weighs 135 pounds, dark brown hair, blue eyes, noticeably round-shouldered. He work blue coat and gray trousers and a k Fedora hat. Harker had been or two weeks and was despondent the imagined depreciation in e of his father's estate. A reward been offered for news of him.

Brown Leaves for Chicago. SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Rev. C. O. Brown departed for Chicago tonight with his family, and will probably not return to the scene of his troubles. He may make Dubuque, Iowa, his old home, his headquarters in the future.

Railway Property Sold. PORTLAND (Or.,) July 9 .- The Oreon Railway and Navigation Com-

gon Railway and Navigation Company's property was sold at Fairview today under the order of the court. The Reorganization Committee, represented by C. S. Fairchild, bid the property in for \$9,437,250. SAN FRANCISCO. July 9.—In the Fair will case this morning ex-Notary Cooney took the stand and identified the two so-called Craven deeds. Mrs. Craven is still too ill to testify.

TENTS DAMAGED.

Meetings of the Christian Endeavor-

WASHINGTON, July 9 .- Notwithstanding the discouraging weather con-ditions, thousands of Christian Endeavorers were on the way to many vices which begin exercises each day. 'Prayer for the Convention." Special services lasted from 6:30 to 7:15 o'clock at the big New York-avenue Presbyte rian Church to participate in the B book study conducted by President G. S. Burroughs, D.D., of Crawfordsville

The great meetings in the big tents originally fixed for 9:30 o'clock were unavoidably delayed owing to damage navoicably delayed owing to damage one by last night's storm. The tent of the Williston was abandoned entirely, or a day at least, and Endeavorers rowded the tents of Washington and indeavor, each calculated to accommotate 10,000. The vast ellipse upon which he tents were pitched, was in bad contien in consequence of heavy rain.

SALISBURY (Matabeleland,) July 9,—Beal's column has arrived at Engitorn, near here, and found 250 Boers in a laager with sixty-four men, sixty-five women, 114 children and forty-five rifes among them. They had been be sieged and cut off from the world for months. They recently sallied forth from the laager, burned their kraals and killed a hundred insurgent natives.

Honored by Royalty. LONDON, July 9.—Honors are being heaped upon the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts by British royalty and military. Today they were escorted to Aldershot to witness a sham fight and review the troop.

There was a brilliant throng present. THE MORNING'S NEWS

IN BRIEF.

The City-Pages 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14. Boycott in Chinatown....Inquest on the death of R. M. Todd....Police Com-

missioners grant permits to hackmen ....Bennett on trial for the killing of Czarske.... A barber kills himself with gas....Lively scene, at a Chinese lottery den.... A new site for the armory .... Woman knocked down by a horse on Broadway....A poor dope fiend who stole bread tickets .... The Oil Exchange war .... Normal School plans

.. Olivas not guilty of attempting to kill....The two men charged with the for municipal expenses.

Southern California-Page 13.

No more guying of seasick travelers allowed at Catalina ... A San Bernardino prospector's sudden death on Smith Mountain .... Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor ready to mandamus Gov. Budd....Jury secured at Riverside to try Marshall for murder .... Riverside Assessor tabulates interesting facts .... Spiritualists preparing for a camp-meeting at Redondo

.... Early-closing movement at Ontario.... Maccabee degree team in Santa Ana....Anaheim water company discusses prices .... Coronado summer school .... Burning alcohol injures a Pasadena man....Barnard inquest at Santa Barbara ends in the exoneration of Hopkins....Threatened water monopoly at Pomona. Pacific Const-Page 1.

Disappearance of a young Berkeley attorney....The alleged Fair wills in Mrs. Craven's possession examined... Candidate Lynch appeals to the Supreme Court to have the Lieutenant-Governor's office included in the elec tion proclamation....Races at Napa. General Eastern-Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 The great day of the convention-Adoption of the majority report on the platform declaring for free silver after a bitter fight-Hill, Tillman and Bryan orator raises a cyclone of enthusiasm-Stampede of the delegations in his behalf-Nominating speeches at the night ession-Bland, Boies, Bryan, Black burn and Matthews are named-No ballot taken....The Christian Endeavorers have their tents broken down by a storm....Arrest of a "greengood swindler who used Grover's name.

By Cable-Pages 1, 4. Boston artillerymen honored by royalty....Boers in Matabeleland stay in laager over a month.... Henley Regatta finished-Leander wins the Grand Challenge Cup.

At Large-Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 6. Dispatches were also received from Chicago, Buffalo, New York, Washington, London, St. Louis, Cleveland Pittsburgh and other places.

Challenge Cup the crew of the Societe d'Encouragement du Sport Nauticque of Paris beat the Molesay Boat Club. In the final heat Steward's Challenge of Paris beat the Molesay Boat Cub.

In the final heat Steward's Challenge
Cup for four oars, the London Rowing
Club beat the Thames Rowing Cub.

In the final heat for the Visitors'
Challenge Cup for four oars, Caius
College, Cambridge, beat Magdalene
College, Oxford.

In the final heat for Wyfold Challenge Cup for four oars Trinity College, Oxford, beat the London Rowing
Club; time 9:41.

In the final heat for the Ladles'
Challenge Plate, Eton public school
beat Baloil College, Oxford; time 8:06.
The best time for the last heat of the
Visitors' Cup was 8:29.

In the final heat for Diamond sculls,
Hon. R. W. Guiness of the Leander
Club, holder of the trophy, beat R. K.
Beaumont of the Burton Rowing Club,
who had beaten McDowell of the Delaware Boat Club, Chicago; time 9:39.

In the final heat for the Thames Challenge Cup, Emauel College, Cambridge,
beat the crew of the Scelete de Erroger. Financial and Commercial-Page 12 New York stocks and bonds....Chi-cago wheat and cattle quotations. San Francisco produce lists....Local quotations.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9. - For Southern California: Fair Friday; continued high temperatures inland; light westerly winds on the coast; light northerly winds in the interior.

CHARLES A. DANA BOLTS.

THE NEW YORK SUN SAYS, VOTE FOR M'KINLEY.

Editorial Repudiation of the Democratic Platform and an Ex-hortation to All Honest Friends

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE) NEW YORK, July 9 .- (Special Dispatch.) The New York Sun this morning repudiates the national Democratic platform and supports William MciKnley for the Presidency. It says in a leading editorial: "From now until the night of election day in November. 1896, the Presidential candidate of every Democrat who favors honest money, and who still hopes to crush the enemies of fundamental principle he was bred in, is and should be, without hesitation, evasion, or sop to prejduce, William McKinley."

CONGRESS.

CONGRESS.

CONGRESS. July 7.—(Regular Correspondence.) At Fool's Gulch, a neighboring camp, Joe Mathews and Jack McNeff clashed in a trivial dispute, and in the trouble which followed the interchange of words, Mathews stabbed McNeff in the left breast, the knife going to the hilt, and the gash being two inches long. McNeff cannot live. Matthews was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bowdre and is in jail here.

A Fourth of July celebration was given under the auspices of the Congress Gold Company, the population almost entire going down to Brill's almost entire going down to Brill's ranch on the Hassayampa. The men were given a two days' lay-off, their time and pay going on uninterrupted. This generosity is well appreciated by the employés.

WILLIAMS.

WILLIAMS, July 7 .- (Regular Correspondence.) If Sharkey, the new San Francisco pugilist is pining for someone to lick him and would make proper terms and advances with Jim Flynn of Williams, Mr. Flynn would accommodate him.

of Williams, Mr. Flynn would accommodate him.
Constable 'Hardesty believes he has been singled out for assassination, the object being some valuable papers that were in his possession. He even believes he can identify the would-be assassin. During his absence from home a few evenings ago, his wife saw an adjoining room entered by two men. They are supposed to have been awaiting the Constable, but he was out that night till il o'clock. They left without killing or otherwise molesting him.

PUT THE PARTY ON RECORD.

The Democracy Committed to Silver Without Any Mitigating Circumstances.

Hill Makes a Gallant Struggle for Sound Money, but the Yawps Had No Stomach for Logical Talk.

murder of White go free.... Estimates BRYAN THE FIRST REAL SENSATION OF THE CONVENTION.

The Nebraska Spellbinder Winds Up the Great Assemblage in Meshes of Epigrams-A Tremendous Ovation Follows His Peroration-The Standards of the Pale Metal Worshipers Torn from Their Places and Hurrled to the Side of His Delegation-Eighteen Minutes of Noise, and a New Suggestion for the Presidency Has Arisen-Hill's Amendments All Knocked Out-Tillman Withdraws His Resolution Censuring Grover-Platform of the Majority Adopted-Recess.

CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, | listeners. He is a flattened-out mounte-July 9 .- (Special Dispatch.) After torrents of oratory, after making Chicago for the time being the "Windy City," and after using up the whole of a summer's day, the Democratic party, or the thing which so terms itself, has adopted a platform, and in the language of the gamins, "Isn't it a bute." The day at the great Coliseum has been rich with events, gaudy with rhetoric, and on a hundred occasions brilliant with hisses. The majestic audience, even if much of it has paid

THE PASSING OF "PITCHFORK." We have at least seen "Pitchfork" Tillman, and we have heard him hissed

scalpers' prices for tickets, has had



HILL'S MINORITY REPORT JUMPED ON but little less roundly than he deserves We have seen him put forward as the silver mouthpiece of a new issue in politics with a chance, if he had it in him, to establish that he is a great man, and have seen him ignominiously fail. He went up to the platform in a cyclone of hisses and cheers, and came down therefrom an hour later amid a demonstration in which the hisses predominated. He is a type of the ecesh we used to use for targets down South during the war, and by his speeches you know him, for that is just the sort of a critter he is.

A DANGEROUS FREAK. There is a certain quality to Tillman's talk that catches an audience and rouses it to applause or resentment. That he has some native graces of oratory no one can deny, but he is a monumental freak like Altgeld, an unsafe leader, such as were those who embroiled the country in civil war in the 60's and a dangerous creature to be loose in the world to poison the minds of men with his rudely-eloquent



EX-GOV. BOIES OF IOWA

lemagogy. But he gave his measure to the world today, and as he sunk into his seat in the delegation from the fountain State of Secession, one could easily see that he realized that much nore keenly than did those thousands who looked at him with some pange of pity. Tillman lost his chance. He is but a cheap mouther, and the world knows it.

CONVICTED HIMSELF.

This morning he asserted that the and was immediately reprimanded by one of his own people, Senator Jones of Arkansas. He declared that he proposed to introduce himself to the con-"lying newspapers" have taught people to think, and then proceeded to bear out the newspapers in all they have said about him. Throughout his harangue he was hooted at, hissed, guyed, jibed and lampooned by his them." He asserts that if protection

(BY THE LOS ANGELES TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

A RALLY FOR JONES. Following the fire-eater from South Carolina came Senator Jones of Arkansas, who gained a splendid rally of applause for his tersely-put and patriotic little speech THE GREAT HILL DEMONSTRA-

TION. And then came the great Hill demonstration. The joy of the audience seemed to be boundless at the prospect of hearing the man who had so industriously and strenuously been called for three days. The galleries voiced their delight in cheers that rolled back and forth like ocean breakers. Delegates mounted their chairs and set up a mingled war dance and war whoop, and, although the chair-man pounded the table again and again, demanding order, the cries and shouts went on. There would come a lull like the one that comes in a windstorm, and then the staccato shrieks would nence rolling out again, and not un in the New Yorker himself commanded quiet with an outstretched hand, could his voice be heard.

cheering,

raised umbrellas. The banners of

RICHARD BLAND.

States are torn from their positions

and swayed to and fro by excited

delegates. Some one of the delegates

takes the banner and bears it to a

place beside the Nebraska standard.

Almost instantly, from all parts of

the floor, banners are advanced to that

When the banner of Illinois, in the

bands of Hinrichsen, joins the rally

on Nebraska, a shout goes up that

makes the steady cheering continue.

Bryan, in the midst of his delegation

s lifted upon the shoulders of his as-

sociates and from that coign of van-

tage holds an impromptu reception.

returned her banner to the delegation

but Maj. Burke of Los Angeles again

takes it up and joins the grand and

eighteen minutes the sensation wears

A PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITY.

At the moment, if a vote could be

aken, Bryan would be the nomination

of this convention as Garfield was be-

cause of a speech in 1880. Will he yet

be? We shall see. His youth is against

him, but as this is a year for the over-

turning of precedents by the Dem-

ocracy, perhaps they will pick out a boy

HILL BEATEN.

All Hill's amendments to the platform

are knocked out. The first one after

a call of the roll, the other two by viva

voce. California votes 7 to 6 in favor of

indorsing Cleveland's administration,

the call Coleman changes from nay to aye. Lane and Rector also change to

aye, and Dwyer demands that his name

be called that he may vote on the same

THE ONE CONCESSION.

Tillman, at least, does the one reason-

able and decent thing he had done thus

far, and makes the only concession that

has been yet made by this convention

to the sound-money men. He withdraws

his resolution roasting the President,

Upon a call of the roll the platform

s adopted without amendment of any

sort, and an adjournment is had until

8:40 o'clock. Owing to a severe attack

of hoarseness, Chairman White called

Congressman Richardson to preside at

11 o'clock, and the latter has conducted

which gave him a chance to exhibit him-

side of the question.

self and make a speech

with five absent. At the conclusion of

of 36 to make the fight of '96.

After a period of

hilarious parade.

itself out.

A GALLANT STRUGGLE. He made a gallant struggle for his cause, the cause of sound money and national integrity. He made a strong



W. J. BRYAN.

and able argument, but this is not a convention to listen to strong reasoning or the force of logic, as the voting proved later.

VILAS AND RUSSELL. Vilas of Wisconsin followed in an argumentative address, which sparkled with brilliant flashes of common sense and he gave way to Russell of Massa

chusetts, who was given an ovation. THE NEBRASKA SENSATION. And now Bryan of Nebraska walks down the aisle. Instantly bedlam breaks loose again, and as he is seen to ascend the stairs to the reading desk, the entire audience appears to rise to its feet and join in the cheering. As the man from the wide prairies of the West turns his face to the audience. his resemblance to Maj. McKinley is instantly remarked. He has the same clear-cut features, smooth face, firm chin, dark hair, and general poise that is so reminiscent of the Ohio states-

man's as to be startling. ne lifts his listeners out of themselves at the very outset, for while there is little in what he says to appeal to reason, it is the sort of matter that stire sentiment. It rather lulls the understanding than convinces it; its epigrammatic music fascinates the ear. and even those who do not agree with him or his cause are likely to be carried away by the swift current of his speech, and join the wild hurrah that makes climaxes for his brilliant periods.

SAMPLES OF HIS STYLE. He defines the various types of busiess men and says that the farmer is as much of a business man as is the the money of the world. He declares that "We are fighting in defense of homes, our families and posterity and, in a voice that reaches the farthest corner of the gallery says: "We will petition and plead with the monied classes no more; we will defy SENATOR HILL SAY CONVENTION HAS TIED THE HANDS OF THE EASTERN DEMOCRATS.

PRICE 3 CEN



TALK ON THE OUTSIDE. ard has slain its tens of thousands, and declares that if the moneyed pow ers destroy our farms the grass will YORKERS WILL NOT SWAL-LOW THE PLATFORM. grow in the streets of every city, and

closes by shouting: "You shall not crucify mankind upon a cross of gold!" GREAT EXCITEMENT. cates as to Further Procedure. Altgeld Denies Before Bryan Makes His Speech that Illinois Would Desert "Silver Dick." Instantly there is a tremendous sen sation. The stage fills up with people who rush to congratulate the speaker Everybody is on their feet shouting,

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) waving flags, hats and CHICAGO, July 9.—Delancy Nicoll said this morning: "If the New York delegation takes an active part in the convention after the silver-platform is adopted, then I will leave, but if they stay and do not take an active part,

then I will stay."

Ex-Gov. Flower, chairman of the
New York delegation said: "New York will meet and take action as to its further part in the convention before the nominations begin."

WHERE ILLINOIS STOOD. CHICAGO, July 9.—It was emphatic-ily denied by Gov. Altgeld today that the Illinois delegation was changing from Bland. "It is absolutely false that this delegation is losing faith in Bland," he said. "It is stronger for him this morning than ever. It has no notion of deserting him."

deserting him.

Secretary Bliss of the Illinois delegation said a poll of the delegation this
morning resulted: Bland, 41; Boles, 4; Stevenson, 3.

Harry Donovan, who has been making a fight for Boies, said: "We gracefully bow to the will of the majority, and will make no effort to protest against the

THAT SPEECH OF BRYAN.

position, until finally, but thirteen are Mad Rush to Get into Line After His left beside the respective delegations. BOOSTED INTO PROMINENCE.

Leadership. CHICAGO, July 9.—Senator Daniels said, considering the occasion and circumstances. Bryan's speech was the greatest effort he had ever listened to. He believes Bryan will be the nominee. Virginia, he says, will probably cast six votes for him.

George Frederick Williams of Massa-chusetts will nominate Bryan, and his nomination is predicted on the second

They form in line and go swinging and be cast for Bryan. swaying entirely around the aisle that ecircles the main floor. California has

Bryan, after his speech, held a levee at his place on the convention floor, delegates from all parts of the country offering congratulations. Bryan, who has hitherto positively declined to per-mit himself to be formally placed in nomination, said after taking his seat, he would defer to the wishes of his friends. The chairmen of several State delegations heretofore counted for other candidates personally assured Bryan of their support. The Georgia delegation has decided to cast twenty votes for Bryan. A hasty canvass of the Louisiana delegation showed 15 for Bryan and 1 against, but under the unit rule 18 Louisiana votes would go to him. Alabama conferred with a view to changing its 22 votes from Boles but a movement is on foot to swing Boles's strength to Bryan. Florida will give him two votes, possibly more. Arizona, in case of a break, will go to Bryan.

It was rumored that 18 members of he would defer to the wishes of

zona, in case of a Bryan.

It was rumored that 18 members of the Ohio delegation united in an appeal to John R. McLean to withdraw and allow them to vote for Bryan. McLean denied it.

North Carolina will probably cast a

solid vote for Bryan. North Dakota was very much inclined in favor of him. Michigan will go for Bryan. Texas stood firm for Bland, but in the event of another caucus, Bryan will prob-ably command a majority. Three of the Wyoming delegation were for Bryan.

ably command a majority. Three of the Wyoming delegation were for Bryan.

One of the California delegates said the Bryan movement might give that State's vote to him, after a complimentary vote to Senator White. South Carolina will cast 18 votes for Tillman on the first ballot, and then go to Bryan. Maryland and North Dakota also showed evidence of a tendency to go to Bryan. Mississippi decided to cast 18 votes for Bryan.

The Nebraska delegation will not place Bryan in nomination, but they have asked that a nominating speech be made by an Alabama delegate. The movement is toward Bryan for first place, and Sibley of Pennsylvania for second place. Other candidates are rallying their forces to prevent a stampede. H. M. Boydston, alternate-atlarge on the Nebraska delegation, says Bryan does not want a formal presentation. He says the Bryan movement is wholly spontaneous. He regards the nomination as assured

the business all day in a masterly way, but the house has missed "Our Steve" in the place of power. The orators will let loose early tonight. "What will the harvest be?" L E MOSHER

## THE UPROAR.

## It Goes on Under the Electric Lights.

Evening Session Given Up to . Talking About People.

This Time Their Good Qualities Are Dilated Upon.

BUT PANDEMONIUM REIGNED

Vest Unbosoms Himself for "Silver Richard."

California Says She Will not Name Steve White.

The Bryan Howlers in Control of the Convention.

MINNIE MURPHY'S MANIFESTO.

"Uncle Horace" of Iowa Gives the Boys a Chance to Talk About Him-Joseph of the "Old Ken-tucky Home."

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

CHICAGO, July 9.-(Special Dis-The dramatic scenes of the daylight session of the convention have en duplicated tonight under the glare and hiss of the arc lamps, and the edge of another day was reached ere an adjournment was had. It has been a night of tremendous turmoil and uproar, and a night of dull and mediocre iominating speeches, but it brought the banner audience of the week. Every chair in the vast space was filled. Every bit of breathing space in the half-mile of gallery had an occupantatoms of humanity they appeared like across the tremendous distance. Faces were so far away that they looked like spots against a mottled background and the sloping tiers that led up to the windows on three sides of the space about the assembled delegates appeared like vast slopes paved with hats adorned with feathers and flaring flowers, bald head and heads with hair. It was a tremendous crush. More

people were clamoring at the doors with tickets than could be found room for, and the belated man of the press had to scrap with the crowd, a double detail of police and a small army of convention officials before he could gain the vaulted interior of the great auditorium. It was a moving spectacle, and when excitement took possession of the throng it shook it as a terrier does a rat. THE UPROAR BEGINS,

Vest of Missouri started the first upmar by naming his candidate, the renowned "Silver Richard" Park Bland of Missouri, in his opening sentence. But the speaker's voice was feeble, and many in the delegates' seats scarcely knew Bland's name had been reached until the banner of the Daddy of the Dollar of free and unlimited 16-to-1 silver was sent circling about the area. The crowd dropped flies in the Bland ointment with persistency. They howled "Bryan, Bryan, W. J. Bryan," in the midst of Vest's most telling sennces. The orator buffeted with the confusion like a man in the breakers at high tide, and was interrupted again and again by the strident cry of "Bryan." The galleries were ready to nominate Bryan out-of-hand, and there are people in the delegation who will to go bed this morning regretting that the galleries could not have had s change to vote.

IT LACKED VERVE.

At the close of Vest's speech the Bland boomers, who were judiclously distributed in the audience, worked up quite an ambitious demonstration, but it lacked that spontaneity and verve which made the Bryan boom of the afternoon the sparkling spot thus far in the convention. Overmeyer of Kansas raised a second cheer for the Missourian by his seconding speech. Congressman Williams of Illinois seconded

CALIFORNIA IS CALLED. California is called, and Chairman Foote announces that the delegates, though instructed for Senator White, by the express order of that genleman. decline to present his name

PANDEMONIUM REIGNED. H. T. Lewis of Georgia let loose the dogs of sound by announcing the name of Bryan. Pandemonium reigned from the narorw gallery close under the roof of the shifting sear of delegates that shouted and cheered in front of the platform. Minutes went by, and still the shouting, the flag-waving and the indiscriminate roaring went on. An attempt was made to duplicate that march of the banners inaugurated this afternoon, but only the States of North Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana and Michigan joined the procession.

TURPIE'S PAINFUL EFFORT. A semblance of order was at last rered, and after two speakers had nded Bryan's nomination, Senator rple of Indiana moved up to put ude Matthews in the fight. His efort was painful. His voice did not reach half the delegates and no one in the galleries, and hence the announcent of his candidate's name fell flat Had not the Indiana delegation mounted their chairs and cheered, no one would have known what all Turpie's

arm-swinging was about. In the midst

of the speech by this orator, so-called, the chairman announced that unless the chairman announced that unless the audience kept quiet it would not be admitted hereafter, which had a

salutary effect. FOR "UNCLE HORACE."

Oscar Trippett of San Diego second Matthews's nomination and Fred White of Iowa placed Horace Boies betoo long and vastly commonplace. At took to work up a demonstration, and were making a weak job of it until a little woman in white away up on the south side of the sall came to their rescue. She stood up and waved her white-clad arms with a rythmical motion that soon caught the eyes of the delegates. Some one handed her a flag and she waved that until she broke the staff. Another flag went up to her and stifl those white arms waved and undulated. A third flag was passed up, and she stood aloft and kept on with tireless persistency. By this time the entire audience had joined her in the rally for "Uncle Horace.

The delegates en mass mounted chairs and answered her signal with newspapers, hats and umbrellas. Boles banner borne by a delegate shifts from the Iowa delegation to the aisle n the rear. It runs along, leaps the intervening row of press tables, and climbs the aisle to the girl in white. It is placed in her hands, but proves to be too heavy for her strength. Down to the floor comes the banner, and with it the girl in white, who is marched in triumph to the Iowa delegation and all the way round the square in which the convention is. And her name is Minnie Murray of Nashua, Iowa. Hurray for Minnie Murray, who has given a political convention a striking and unique sensation, and when "Uncle Horace" gets to be President let him see to it that Minnie gets the postoffice at Nashua, Iowa.

"OLD KENTUCKY HOME."

Blackburn is nominated when Kentucky is reached in the roll-call, and the band plays "My Old Kentucky Home." Rhea, who championed the Blue Grass candidate from the place where grows the star-eyed goddess of reform, said that "Joe," and that is what he called him, had been a Confederate soldier, and the delegates roared their approval.

Foote of California seconds Black burn, Paul Jones of Arkansas, seconds Bland, and calls out a perfect hail of hisses by coupling together the name of Lincoln and Altgeld, as favorite son

of Illinois.
THE BOLTERS. When New Jersey is reached the hairman announces that his delegation has no candidate to nominate on any such platform as has been here adopted, and when Wisconsin reached, Gen. Bragg arose and stated amid a whirlwind of cheers and hisse that the Badger State had no desirto nominate anyone calling himself a Democrat to stand on a Populist plat

DOCKERY'S SAY-SO. Dockery of Wisconsin took the stand and declared that Wisconsin would give a rousing majority for the nominee of this convention, and then, upon motion of Senator Jones of Arkansas, the chair annunced an adjournment, although the galleries protested with a shrick of

HOW IT LOOKS.

It looks now as if Bland would b ominated in case the two-thirds rule is abrogated. Otherwise we may expec many ballots, and the victory of Bryan or some other dark horse. He had the call today, but may not be able to hold I am told that the bosses have fixed it to dispose of another precedent tonorrow by doing away with the two thirds rule in the interest of Bland. If they do the fight will be short, sharp and decisive. Whatever they do, it promises to be a bad Friday for some L. E. MOSHER. body.

A State Police.

(San Francisco News Letter, July 4. 896:) The Times of Los Angeles and the Record-Union of Sacramento are en gaged in airing an interesting difference of opinion in regard to the establishment of a State police system. Both journals ardently support the idea, and think that the easy escape of Blanther, Dunham and others, is due to the want of unity of action on the part of the of unity of action on the part of the various sheriffs throughout the State. The News Letter has advocated this eform for more than twenty years past Taking its cue from experiences in many lands, it would devolve the main many lands, it would devolve the maintenance of law and order upon the State. The District Attorney, prosecuting officer, constable or policemen should hold elective position and a strict civil service system should regulate both the law and police departments, and, in point of fact, interference in politics should be prohibited as against both class of officers. At present all criminal prosecutions are instituted in the name of "the people of the State." That ought to be a fact, instead of remaining a mere fiction of That ought to be a fact, instead of remaining a mere fiction of law. In other words, the municipalities and counties should be relieved of the entire business of dealing with crime and criminals. Again and again have we known of haddened rascals, even murderers, going free because the county could not afford the cost of their prosecution. We know murderers from the country walking the streets of San Francisco, who went unwhipped of justice on that ground. Truly, such a result is a reflection upon our boasted civilization, and a crime against public women were wildly waving handkersult is a reflection upon our boasted
civilization, and a crime against public
justice. It is idle to say that the proposed new system would be more expensive than the existing one. As a
matter of fact it would be much cheaper
and incomparably more effective. It
would not be necessary to have a sort
of Chief of Police—Sheriff—in every
county and town. The cost would be
met, as in equity it ought to be, by the
whole people, rather than a portion of
them, and police protection would be
extended to all and at the same time
would be uniform and capable of being
made effective, which the present system is not. Our two contemporaries differ in that one of them (the RecordUnion) would set up a sort of cheapjohn bureau, composed of some haif
dozen detectives, one of each to be
placed in certain important centers.
The Times gives a fairly accurate description of the Australian system and
strongly approves it, at the same time,
makes our Sacramento contemporary's
exceedingly inadequate proposals look
very small potatoes. The Australian
plan is subject to semi-military discipline, and it, and the law deartment of
the State, are run on lines very similar
to those herein explained and approved.

women were wildly waving handkerchiefs, canes, hats, and unwithing movable. Some, like men
demented. divested themselves of their.
A Texas delegate uprooted the purple
standard of his State and bore it
frantically to the place where rose the
standard of Nebraska. In a twinkling, others followed the example.
Two-thirds of the State staffs were
torn from their sockets and carried as
tronglive of the State staffs were
torn from their sockets and carried as
torophics to Nebraska, where they
danced in mid-air.

A dozen delegates rushed upon the
stage and shouldered the half-dazed
orator, and bore him in triumph down
the aisle. Louder and louder shrieked
the thousands, until the volume of
sound broke like a gigantic wave, and
the louder shrieked
the thousands, until the volume of
sound

RUPTURED.

Gold and Silver No Siamese Twins.

The Fight is Fought and the Die Has a Pale Cast.

One of the Most Memorable of All Conventions.

Administration Followers Thru Down and Trampled Upon-Hill Pitted Against the Sinister-eyed

OF ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) CHICAGO, July 9 .- Ten acres of pec le on the sloping sides of the Coliseum today saw the silver-helmeted gladia tors in the arena overpower the gold phalanx and plant the banner of silver upon the ramparts of Democracy. They saw what may prove the disruption of a great political party, amid scenes of enthusiasm such as perhaps never be fore occurred in a national convention They saw 20,000 people, with imagina-tion inflamed by the burning words of passionate oratory, swayed like wind-swept fields; they heard the awful roar of 20,000 voices burst like a volcan against the reberverating dome overnead; they saw a man carried upon the shoulders of others intoxicated with enthusiasm; amid the tumult and turbulence they listened to appeals, threats, to cries for mercy, and, finally, they watched the jubilant majority seat its delegates and the vanquished stalk sullenly forth into the daylight. A LONG FIGHT.

The battle for supremacy of Demo cratic principles was fought in a session cratic principles was fought in a session that lasted from 11 o'clock in the morning until shortly before 5 o'clock in the evening. Senator Tillman of South Carolina, Senator Jones of Aakansas, and ex-Congressman William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska crossed swords with Senator Hill of New York; Senator Vilas of Wisconsin and ex-Gov. Russell

Senator Hill of New York; Senator Vilas of Wisconsin and ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts.

The sinister-looking Senator from the State of Calhoun, with his eye blazing defiance at an audience which manifested its unfriendliness by a storm of hisses, opened the debate with a wildly-passionate speech, in which he affirmed that the battle for the restoration of silver was a war for the emancipation of the white slaves, as the war of 1860 had been one for the emancipation of the black slaves, Disruption of the Democracy had brought one, and he invited another disruption, if it would result in this other emancipation. He went to the extreme of glorying in the suggestion presented, that the issue was a sectional one, a declaration which aroused the resentment of Senator Jones, who repudiated it in a brief speech, which aroused the first demonstration of the day. Even the gold stration of the day. Even the gold delegates joined heartily in this demon-stration against sectionalism. Senator Vilas bitterly denounced what

Senator Vilas bitterly denounced what he termed an attempt to launch the party in a career so wild that the world stood aghast. With a wave of his arm that was full of impressive portent, he sounded his warning.

Ex-Gov. Russell, the keen Massachusetts statesman who has thrice carried the standard of Democracy to victory in the old Bay State, pleaded for a word of concession, of conciliation, and concluded with a solemn worning that the country, if not the convention, would listen.

THE FRENZY.

THE FRENZY.

Demonstration followed demonstra Demonstration tollowed demonstration at frequent intervals throughout
the speeches, but it was Senator Hill
who aroused the gold forces to their
wildest enthusiasm, and Bryan, "the
boy orator of the Platte," who set the
silver men aflame. The demonstration
over Senator Hill, who with close
logic and trenchant blade sought the
very heart of the convention, as he bitterly assailed as undemocratic the new
creed which the majority was to proclaim, lasted about eighteen minutes.
Although more proterated than that
which greeted Bryan, it was of a different nature. The latter was the spontaneous outburst of an enthusiasm
kindled by the touch of magnetic eloquence. The star of the brilliant young
orator from the plains of Nebraska has
burned brightly on the horizon of the
convention for two days. There were
several demonstrations in his behalf tion at frequent intervals throughou convention for two days. There were several demonstrations in his behalf yesterday, but this was the first opportunity he had to show himself. The audience had been warmed up, and was full of pent-up enthusiasm. The powder magazine needed but the spark, and Bryan applied it with the skill of genius.

and Bryan applied it with the skill of genius.

His very appearance captured the audience. Dressed like a plain westerner, in a black sack suit of alpaca, he stood with a smile playing over his handsome, mobile, clear-cut face, while, with uplifted hand, he quieted the waiting thousands. He has a face whose lines might have been chiseled from alabaster by some master sculptor. His mouth is firm, his eyes bright, his nose Roman, his raven hair is brushed back from his forehead, and falls to his collar. With well-modulated voice, which gradually rose in pitch until it penetrated the furthermost limits of the hall, he wove the spell upon his audience.

His speech was a masterples of for-

hall, he wove the spell upon his audience.

His speech was a masterpiece of fervent oratory. With consummate eloquence he stated the case of silver, and parried the arguments of the gold men. Marc Antony never applied the match more effectively. The convention took fire with enthusiasm. It crackled as by the war of flames. Hill was forgotten, all else was forgotten for the moment. Cheers swelled to yells, yells became screams. Every chair in the valley of the Collseum and every chair in the vast wilderness on the hillsides became a rock on which frantic men and women were wildly waving handkerchiefs, canes, hats, and umbrellasanything movable. Some, like men demented, divested themselves of their coats and flung them high in the air. A Texas delegate uprooted the purple standard of his State and bore it frantically to the place where rose the standard of Nebraska. In a twinkling, others followed the example. Two-thirds of the State staffs were torn from their sockets and carried as trophies to Nebraska, where they danced in mid-air.

ALMOST A STAMPEDE.

Then on the resolution to indorse the administration, which was beaten, 357 to 564; and lastly on the adoption of the platform, which was carried, 628 to

Son.

Senator Tillman, after the rejection of the resolution to indorse the administration, withdrew his resolution to censure the administration.

"The administration stands condemned by that vote, was his comment. "A brave man never strikes a fallen foe."

THE DEBATE IN FULL.

Speeches and Incidents of the Crisis

Speeches and Incidents of the Crisis in the Convention.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, July 9.—Definite results expected in the Democratic National Convention today, certainly on the platform and probably on the candidates, unless a deadlock develops. Lowering clouds hung over the city early in the day, indicating a break in the perfect weather thus far enjoyed. The crowds were in motion toward the convention hall early, as the meeting had been set for 10 o'clock. The programme of the day made the platform the first order of business, unless some unexpected inof business, unless some unexpected in

of business, unless some unexpected incident arose.

It is to be a battle of great oratory with the initial appearance of such figures as Senator Hill of New York, Tillman of South Carolina, Jones of Arkansas, Vilas of Wisconsin and Gray of Delaware. The fact that Tillman would follow Hill promised a re-Gray of Delaware. The fact that Till-man would follow Hill promised a re-newal of the memorable conflict be-tween these two Senators on the floor of the Senate. Aside from these con-spicuous speakers, it is expected many more short speeches will be made. The outlook is for a vote late in the day, probably 6 o'clock, then a recess until evening, when nominating speeches.

probably 6 o'clock, then a recess until evening, when nominating speeches, and possibly balloting will begin.

No definite line of action has been agreed upon by the gold men, but individual members of the New York and other eastern delegations freely expressed their intention of either quitting the convention hall when the silver platform is adopted, or announcing a purpose not to support the candidates. It becomes practically certain that no organized bolt will occur, as the counsels of Senator Hill and ex-Secretary Whitney prevailed toward conservative action.

NOMINATION ELOQUENCE. The nomination of candidates is t bring forward another opportunity for great orators, for the Bland nominat-ing speech will be made by the caustic and virile Vest of Missouri. Gov. Overmeyer of Kansas, who will make one of the speeches seconding Bland's nomination, has already shown himself one of the orators of the gathering With the presentation of Bland's namall the latent enthusiasm of the silver hosts promises to find expression in a long, wild demonstration, eclipsing the twenty-minute outbreak of last night Senator Turple will make the nominat-ing speech for Matthews,, and al-though his voice is thin, he has the fa-cility of expressing forcibly his utter-ances. White of Iowa, who will nomi-nate Boles, is not well known as a con-vention figure, but it is said he will prove one of the surprises of the con-vention.

UNCERTAINTY.

There is as much uncertainty amon as before the convention opened. It is significant fact that no figures of stimates of strength are given by th leaders. A new phase of the two-thirds question has arisen in the pos-sible course of the gold element in refraining from voting. In that event parliamentarians differ as to whether the nomination must be made by two thirds of the delegates present or two thirds of those voting. It is regarded by some leaders as a critical question. The delivery of the gold votes, 200 or 300 in number, to one of the silver candidates on the theory of choosing the least of several evils might prove decisive, and give to the gold men the advantage of dictating the normation.

The Turpie and Matthews managers are especially watchful of this block of gold votes. The Bland men are somewhat solicitous over the Illinois delegation after the first ballot, for there is an undercurrent, said to be antagonistic to Gov. Altgeld, which tends toward leaving Bland on the second ballot. The Teller movement continues a still hunt, and its prospects depend largely upon the inability of Bland and other leaders to command the necessary nominating strength during the hot stages by some leaders as a critical question

leaders to command the necessary nominating strength during the hot stages of the battle. Vice-President Stevenson will be brought forward, and Bryan of Nebraska is also looming up as a formidable dark horse.

As the doors of the mammoth Collseum were thrown open this morning and black streams of people welled up through the entrance, the band struck up "Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground." The ultra-silver cohorts were jubilant and confident they were in control. The heroic minority, doomed to deat, came with loins girded for the death struggle. Rebellion hung like a pall above the convention and twenty thousand people ranged the sloping thousand people ranged the sloping hills that overlooked the arena to watch the battle of wrestling glants. The faces of the gold leaders were grim and grave, some defiant. The managers of several candidates were marshaling their forces. Bland got the first demonstration, when the band at the head of several hundred of his boomers circled the galleries.

The band played a succession of stirring airs as the clans and crowds gathered. The descriptive piece, "The World's Fair," created much amusement. The preliminary scenes were largely a repetition of those of the two previous days. There were several rows housand people ranged the sloping

previous days. There were several rows at the entrances. Several spectators, who were making themselves obnox-

OPEN FOR AN ENGAGEMENT. Senator White, the permanent chairman, appeared on the stage at 10:40 o'clock. He wore a pink shirt and gay blue string tie. He was so hoarse that he could hardly speak above a whisper. The effort to produce a Boles demon stration, when the Iowans entered with a huge banner, was a failure. At 10:52 o'clock, Chairman White dropped the gavel. The buzz of thousands of volces gradually subsided and delegates took seats. The New England delegation with the exception of a few stragglers, had not arrived. The New York delegation, however, headed by Hill and Whitney, were in their places. Bulky Bissell of Buffalo was absent. At 10:55 o'clock, Rev. Green of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, the Episcopal clergyman, who made the opening prayer yesterday, again rose for the same office. He prayed that the choice of the convention might be a man whose work would redound to the glory of his country and God.

THE CHAPLAIN'S PRAYER. a huge banner, was a failure. At 10:52

THE CHAPLAIN'S PRAYER.

THE CHAPLAIN'S PRAYER.
The prayer was as follows:
"We thank Thee, Almighty God, for the blessing of the day Thou hast given us. At its very beginning we pray that we may be true to its responsibilities and brave for its duties. Especially grant Thy blessings to those, Thy servants, who face thi sday the great responsibilities and duties of this convention. As they shall make their declaration of principles, truth and justice that redound beneficially to all people and the uplifting of humanity, and as they shall designate him who shall be their candidate for the chief magistracy of this great nation, guide Thou their

minds and their voices. May they choose a man of clean hands and a pure heart, whose aims shall be his country and his God, and who may so live that mankind, by his virtues, may be lifted nearer to heaven and so may the angels of peace and prosperity bless the land. And may Thy Kingdom be in all our hearts, through the blessed gospel of Jesus Christ to Whom, with Father and Holy Ghost be ascribed all the glory now and forevermore. Amen."

THE PLATFORM READ. THE PLATFORM READ.

When the prayer was concluded, Senator White handed the gavel to Congressman Richardson of Tennessee, a slender man with a black mustache and scholarly stoop of shoulders, who announced that the Committee on Resolutions was ready to report, and called to the platform Senator Jones of Askansas to make the committee's report. Jones to make the committee's report. tions was ready to report, and called to the platform Senator Jones of Askansas to make the committee's report. Jones adjusted a pair of gold spectacles and began to read the financial plank of the platform, which Col. Charles H. Jones, the St. Louis journalist, had written. The effect of the reading would have been better had the Southern Senator possessed a stronger voice. The silver ranks raised a cheer when some of them heard the words, "We demand free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver." One enthusiast demanded that the passage be re-read, which was done. Jones said he was hoarse: indeed, his voice two or three times nearly failed him. As the delegates could not hear much of the platform, most of its points fell uncheered, but the denunciation of government interference by injunction, which is taken to indicate approval of Gov. Altgeld's course during the Chicago strike, met with recognition.

CUBA'S FLAG.

CUBA'S FLAG. When the plank expressing sympathy with Cuba had been read, the flag of the new republic, with blue and white the new republic, with blue and white stripes and a single star on a red field, was carried along the alsles. It did not arouse the demonstration which the partisans of Cuba hoped it would. Richardson rapped on the desk and cried: "Put down that flag," so it was taken from sight. It was evidently a tired convention, and it seemed impossible to stir the concourse to enthusiasm. The platform was concluded without marked applause.

THE MINORITY REPORT

THE MINORITY REPORT. Then the report of the minority was read by J. H. Wade of Ohio, former reading clerk of the House of Represenreading clerk of the House of Representatives. The gold people rose and cheered, but after the three outbreaks of yesterday these efforts were faint. The indorsement of the Democratic administration, which Hill had made a losing fight for in the Committee on Resolutions, brought out a yell from the galleries. Several New York delegates stood and waved their hats, but Hill, Whitney and Flower were not among them.

'PITCHFORK'S" PYROTECHNICS Senator Ben Tillman of South Caro-lina mounted the stage to open the great debate in behalf of free coinage. great debate in behalf of free coinage. A striking figure he was, as he faced the audience with no pretensions to dress. Shabbily-coated, he instantly drew the eyes of 20,000 people. They turned toward him as if he were an antagonist. His thick, commanding form was full of defiance. His head, thrown back, was round and compact. His features are strong and powerful, and cast in classic mould. The nose is straight, the lips thin and compressed, the jaw square and pugnacious, but the sunken cavity which marked his left eye gave his face a sinister expression. It was a face never to be forgotten. On one lapel of his coat he wore a Cuban flag, on the other a pitchfork. One moment the people held their breath as they gazed. Then they broke forth. The cheers were mingled with hissos. Richardson, with the ald of the assistant sergeant-at-arms, quickly suppressed the demonstrations.

Richardson, with the aid of the assistant sergeant-at-arms, quickly suppressed the demonstrations.

Tillman's first sentences showed that he had a good, well-modulated voice, but he pitched the key so shrill that it grated like a file. He was characteristic from the beginning. He realised that as far as the galleries were concerned, he faced an audience entirely hostile. He introduced himself to them by saying that he was before them as he was, not as the "lying newspapers" had represented him to be. The sound of cheers from the pit greeted this announcement. It was drowned in a storm of hisses from the gallery which was increased to a perfect while the sum of the sent greeted this announcement. It was drowned in a storm of hisses from the gallery which was increased to a per-fect whirlwind of sound. "I come from a State which was the

"I come from a State which was the home of Jefferson," said Tillman, turning defiantly, and fiercely surveying the vast congregation which was hissing. Then with a contemptuous toss of his head, he looked at the silver delegates before him, his eye blazing, and said with a sneer: "There are only three things that hiss; a goose, a serpent and a man."

Raising his head and addressing the gallerles, he shouted that the man who hissed South Carolina forgot the history of the revolution when that State kept alive the fire of liberty. This provoked a wild demonstration from the silver men. "South Carolina in 1860," he said, "led the fight in the

the silver men. "South Carolina in 1860," he said, "led the fight in the Democratic party which disrupted it. The disruption," he continued, while the galleries hissed, "brought about war, and war emancipated the black slaves. Now," he added, swinging his arms through the air, above his head, "we are today fighting to emancipate the white slaves."

This time the silver men had their innings, but did not applaud very lustily when he declared that, with the condition reversed, he was willing that again Democracy should be disrupted. Repeatedly, as he proceeded, the galleries hissed. Several times the sergeant-at-arms threatened to clear the galleries. The silver men shouted approval when he declared they were adopting a new Declaration of Independence. "16 to 1 or bust." A storm of hisses came again when he repudiated the denial that this was a sectional contest. "I say it is a sectional issue," he cried, "and it will prevail." After these pyrotechnical expressions, characteristic of the man, he drifted into statistics to show the boudage of the South and West to the East. These dry figures gave the hostile galleries another opportunity to cry him down. "Time, time." they shouted. This aroused the Senator to anger. He paced the platform like an enraged llon. "I know, I know," he cried, with his arms aloft. "You are against us. There is not a paper in this city that is not in the power of the money influence. They will not give us a fair show. They characterize us as 'howling, deranged silver lunatics."

Many delegates crowded the aisles and stood at the foot of the stage, studying intently the remarkable man before them. Continuing, Tillman declared the way to avert revolution would be to select a man whose record would fit he platform. Soon the hissing began again at some radical utterances, and the South Carolinian said: "Four years ago a New York Senator was hissed as I am now. Where is New York leader?" and from the galleries. Tillman attacked Hill because the Senator from New York had refused to make the fir

the role of apologist for the administration. "But as Cleveland stands for gold," he began, whereupon a hurrah for Cleveland was shouted, which drew a hearty response from the galleries. "Now I want you all to listen," Tillman shouted, and then read the substitute resolution which follows: "We denounce the administration of President Cleveland as undemocratic and tyrannical; as a departure from the principles which are cherished by all liberty-loving Americans. The veto power has been used to thwart the will of the people as expressed by their representatives in Congress. The appointive power has been used to subsidize the press, to debauch Congress, to overawe and control citizens in the free exercise of their constitutional rights. Plutocratic despotism is sought to be established on the ruins of the republic. We repudiate the construction of the financial plank of the last Democratic National Convention by President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle as contrary to the plain meaning of English words, and as being an act of bad faith, deserving the severest censure. The issue of bonds in the time of peace with which to buy gold to redeem coin obligations payable in silver or gold at with which to buy gold to redeem coin obligations payable in silver or gold at the option of the government, and use the proceeds to defray ordinary expense of the government, are both unlawful and usurpations of authority deserving impeachment."

impeachment."

The entire reading of the resolution was fiercely hissed. Tillman closed with a warning to the delegates that they must unite the jealous elements of the silver forces, or victory for the Democracy would be impossible. He pledged the solid South to any good, straight silver candidate. JONES REPLIES.

The galleries set up a great shout for Hill. The commanding figure of Jones of Arkansas mounted the platform. He Hill. The commanding figure of Jones of Arkansas mounted the platform. He held out his hand for silence. The noise died away before his strong presence. He apologized for his appearance before that of Senstor Hill. He had not intended to say a word, but could not allow the charge of Tillman on the national issue to pass unchallenged. The conservative silver men gave this statement an earnest volley of applause. "I am a silver man," continued Jones. "I carried a musket through the war, but I repudiate the suggestion that this question knows any section."

Flying flags and handkerchiefs and the approving roar of 15,000 throats answered. New York, Massachusetts and other eastern delegations joined heartily in this rejection of the extreme Tillman sentiment. "This is a great cause," he went on, eloquently, "and those who feel as I do know it is not sectional. It is confined neither to section, country nor clime. It is the cause of mankind (cheers,) the cause that has its champion in the magnificent Arthur Sewall of Maine and the brilliant Frederick Williams of Massachusetts.

After this emphatic repudiation of Tillman's remarks Jones left the platform.

THE GALLERIES GOD.

THE GALLERIES' GOD.

form.

THE GALLERIES' GOD.

Hill ascended the platform amid a perfect storm of applause. He shook hands with the presiding officer, then, with a smile he bowed his acknowledgments to the shouting, gesticulating crowd. "Three cheers for Hill," came from the Masaschusetts delegation, half of them on chairs. They were given with a will. When at last order was partially restored Hill began calmly, but with a voice that readily reached the galleries. He said he did not attempt to answer the Senator from South Carolina.

"I can say to him," said Hill, "that I am a Democrat, but not a gold bug." The demonstration lasted half a minute. "South Carolina with all it's power, proceeded Hill, could not drive him out of the Democratic party. He came here on a mission to unite, but not to divide, to build up and not destroy, to plan for victory, not to plot for defeat. The great Empire State stood for years as the Gibraltar of Democracy.

Hill deprecated the attacks on those who believed in the free columns of the story of the stroy.

Hill deprecated the attacks on those who believed in the free coinage of sliver at a ratio of 16 to 1. He always treated men of this opinion with respect, and would do the same today. He believed the best course was to take the first great step toward international bimetallism. The United States could not safely ignore the monetary system. the first great step toward international bimetallism. The United States could not safely ignore the monetary system of other great nations. And yet, the majority platform contained no word favoring the desirable end. It contained no suggestion as to what should be done if parity could not be maintained on the experiment of 16 to 1. All was risk and experiment. The fact could not be ignored of the great production of silver in this country. Could the American people, even if inspired by the spirit of 1876, make copper the equal of gold? Could they shut their eyes to the question of the production of metals?

"I believe," declared Hill, "the course for us to take is to declare for international bimetallism and stop there."

WHAT WAS THE USE?

Aside from the silver question, Hill asked why had the platform gone into the greenback question? Why had it gone into the question of banks and gone into the question of banks and bonds? He had hoped the councils of wise, calm and cool-headed men would prevail. What was the advantage, he asked, in putting in the platform a pledge for the use of a paper currency? Democratic tradition always favored hard money. The Senator from Arkansas had declared the platform said what it meant and meant what it said. He challenged anyone who was to follow to explain what this plank meant. He denounced the declaration of the policy for the issue of paper money as suicidal. The incometax plank he also scathingly criticised. He stood amazed, he said, that the followers of Samuel J. Tilden, who all his life had opposed it, should now seek to commit their party to this ridiculous scheme and who, to do so, were forced to condemn the Supreme Court of the United States. His keen sarcasm set his followers cheering.

"I will," he said, "refuse to follow any such revolutionary step as that. When has devotion to the income tax become a test of Democracy?" He attacked also the plank which, he said, for the first time committed the party to opposition to life tenure of office. It was foolish and unnecessary. He cared nothing for the section from which a Democrat came. So long as he was a Democrat came. So long as he was a Democrat came. So long she was a long

party Democrats who had grown gray in its service to make room for those who had lost their personality in the Republican party. "If this convention, after declaring for free sliver," he said, "nominates any candidate but one, your Populistic friends will nominates at icket and your free-sliver Irlends will join hands with them."

"No, no!" shouted the delegates.
"Ah," replied Hill. "Who is there in this convention to speak for this wing of the Republican party?"

This keen response caused the gold men to cheer. The demonstration was renewed when, with an inclination of free-sliver bolters from the St. Louis convention, he said: "I see on this platfrom a number of distinguished gentlemen who are counseling this polity. They never voted the Democratic icket in their lives." He concluded with a plea of integrity for the policy. "If we stand by the traditional policy of the Democratic saints of the past we can win. If we put them aside, we are lost," he said. The gold delegates climbed upon the chairs and joined the galleries in the demonstration in honor of the New York champion. New York champ VILAS SPEAKS FOR THE MINOR-

Senator Vilas of Wisconsin, who served in the first Cleveland Cabinet as Postmaster-General, stepped to the platform, when the Hill enthuslasm began to wane. It was to protest against the proposed revolution in party fat th that he spoke for the minority, he said, and as a Democrat, who always maintained reasonable obedience to party mandate. "The party will redress no wrongs. Fury will rage vainly against principles of finance," was one aphorism with which he strove to stem the silver current. The speech was crowded with alliterations. One which the Sena-Senator Vilas of Wisconsin, principles of lithance, was one apinorism with which he strove to stem the silver ourrent. The speech was crowded with alliterations. One which the Senator coined was an exhortation to "purge the platform from the imputation of a purpose to plunder." Delegates and spectators have begun to swarm about. Their attention was caught, when Vilas demanded, "When did robbery by law come to be Democratic doctrine?" The doctrines of the platform were the beginning of social anarchy, he believed. "Somewhere in this country may be some Marat," he shouted with bitter intensity, "some Dalton, some Robesplerre, but you have not a President who will follow him." This thrust brought inarticulate yells from the galleries.

BOY RUSSELL.

BOY RUSSELL The Bay State delegates stood on chairs and sent up three ringing cheers as Vilas concluded. There were ories of "Russell, Russell," for the high-strung young statesman, three times Governor of Massachusetts, was pushing past the knot of supernumerpushing past the knot of supers. As he came into view New York joined Massachusetts in cheers, the Boston men leading with the old Harvard yell. No other man so young as Russell holds so high a place in the Democratic party. "I have but one word to say," he began, "the time for debate is passed. I am conscious, painfully conscious, that

"I have but one word to say," he began, "the time for debate is passed. I am conscious, painfully conscious, that the mind of this convention is not, and has not been, open to argument. I know why this great majority, which has seen fit to override the precedents and attack the sovereignty of States, is to rigidly enforce its views. I know full well that an appeal also will fall on deaf ears. There is but one thing left, to enter my protest. I do so not in anger or in bitterness, but with feelings of infinite sorrow. Our country, if not this convention, will listen to our procests."

He proceeded to speak in a pathetic strain of the battle of the Democracy of Massachusetts in the dark days, and of the ultimate triumph of Democratic principles. These principles, he argued, were to be forgotten under new and radical leadership. The principal was to make place for expediency, and such a surrender is only to invite defeat. The delegates, especially those from Massachusetts, had been demonstrative at all his words, but when he said, referring to George Frederick Williams's speech, that a false note had been heard in the convention from Massachusetts, and asked the Massachusetts delegates to say who represented the sentiment of Massachusetts, the delegates from that State rose up and yelled frantically that "he did." Other New England delegates took up the cry. With a voice that shook with emotion he concluded by pleading for one word of concession, one word of conciliation.

ANOTHER BRIGHT "BOY."

ANOTHER BRIGHT "BOY." The demonstration that followed was that greeted the advance of William J. Bryan, the "Boy orator of the Platte," whose star-as a Presidential possibility had for twenty-four hours burned brightly over the convention. The ovation given him was second only to the one bestowed upon the New York Senator. More than a thousand men were standing, and the air was full of paper and hats. Four times the cheers spent themselves and rose again with redoubled energy, while Bryan stood with a smile playing on his face, with uplifted arm, motioning for silence. Even the attention given Tillman and Hill did not equal the breathless eagerness with which they listened to and leaned forward to catch the words of this young man whom many westerners consider their foremost orator. They were not disappointed. He spoke deprecatingly of himself. "But," he added, "the humblest citizen in the land, when clad in the armor of righteousness, is strongsubmerged beneath the storm of cheers humblest citizen in the land, when clad in the armor of righteousness, is strong-er than all the hosts of error." This struck a keynote which sounded to the rafters. Thereafter the silverites sent up yell after yell after every striking period.

THE CAUSE OF SILVER.

THE CAUSE OF SILVER.

The carse of sliver, he declared, was the cause of liberty, of humanity, therefore he deprecated any denunciation of President Cleveland, because the issue was not to be brought down to the level of personality. To the complaint of the East that the sliver men would not discuss the question, he replied that the convention was assembled merely to render judgment by the order of the plain people. But greatest of all was enthusiasm stirred by his comparisons of a business man down a thousand feet and one who, in a back room, cornered the money of the world.

"We are fighting in defense of our

Resorts and Cafes

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On the Pacific Slope,
BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA.

The Arlington Hotel. Never Closes. Cuisine unequaled in the state. Is open every day in the year, thus insuring guest first-class accommodations in every detail. SUMMER SEASON OPENS MAYL Fishing, Yachting, Surf Bathing, Beautiful Romantic Drives, Famous Veronicular Springs one mile from hotel SPECIAL SUMMER RATES. Write or telegraph GATY DUNM.

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CATALINA PERSONS VISITING CATALINA WILL FIND IT TO THEIR INTER-ments to stay at the Grand View Hotel Argyle while in Los Angeles and make arrange-ments to stay at the Grand View Hotel while at Catalina. Address GEO. E. WEAVER, Argyle, Los Angeles. MOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL PANILY HOTEL; APPOINTMENT homes, our firesides and our families." proceeded Bryan, as the assemblage arose for another wild demonstration. "Our petitions have been scorned, but now we have no petitions to offer, for we are strong in our right and defy them. They ask if Robespierre will arise. No. instead of that, the people need an Andrew Jackson to do as Jackson did in resisting the encroachment against the people."

Turning his attention to the income tax, Bryan declared that it was not unconstitutional until one judge had changed his mind, and the great economic principles of the income tax could not rest upon the change of mind of any single judge. Concerning the banks, he said they claimed the government should go out of the banking business, but he answered, with Jefferson, that the banks should go out of the government business. The speaker paused a moment as if to close, when all sides shouted, "Go on, Go on."

DROPS INTO BATHOS.

DROPS INTO BATHOS.

"The Republicans nominated at St.
Louis William McKinley of Ohio,"
Bryan continued. "He, the man who
used to boast that he looked like Napoleon." There was half a minute of
laughter. The speaker continued: "Yes,
they nominated him on the anniversary
of the battle of Waterloo, and already
we can hear with distinctness the beatling of the waves on the shores of St.
Helena." (Great applause.)

"The American nation was about to
legislate without the aid or advice of
any other nation on the globe. On such
an issue as made in this platform the
Democratic party could carry any
single State in this Union." He would,
he said, slander the great States of
Massachusetts or New York by saying
that on this issue they would declare
the helpless impotence of the American
nation to attend to its own business.
The speaker referred to the merciless
domination of the gold power in the
past, and added: "But I warn them
they Shall not crucilty the Democratic
party on the cross of gold."

ALL CARRIED AWAY.

they Shall not crucify the Democratic party on the cross of gold."

ALL CARRIED AWAY.

The conclusion of Bryan's speech was marked by the most enthusiastic demonstration of the convention up to that time. The whole convention sprang to its feet, and 20,000 members' throats roared, while twice twenty thousand waved handkerchiefs frantically and flags flow wildly. Hats were hurled aloft and umbrellas were waved. Men shouted like manlacs. From every quarter of the hall came a hoarse roar.

Suddenly the Texas delegation uprooted the banner of the Lone Star State and carried it to where stood the standard of Nebraska. Above the roar arose piercing shrieks which sounded like a volley of slege guns above the continuous rattle of ten thousand small arms. Other delegates grasped the staffs of their delegations and pushed their way to the Nebraska delegation. Soon the staffs of two-thirds of the States were gruped about the puprple standards of Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, Maine, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, New Hampshire, Vermont, South Dakota and Rhode Island were left standing when the demonstration was at its height. The awful roar from the galleries continued. The band played, but the music could not be heard above the Niagara-like tumult of sound. Like an angry ocean it swept on, broadening and falling back, only to rise again. The delegates fairly jumped for joy. Some took possession of the alsies and marched. Suddenly the States' standards clustered at Nebraska were borne away in single file through the alsles. After fifteen minutes of this disturbance the delegates and crowds sank back exhausted.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

The transaction of business was started again by Senator Hill of New York, who fought his way down the aisle toward the platform, and then appealed for assistance to a policeman, who cleared a small space and enabled the New York spokesman to make a formal motion for consideration of the minority report from the Committee on Resolutions. The convention took up the previous question. The clerk read the substitute for the financial plank of the platform. An Oregon delegate with a beard loomed up with a motion to lay Senator Hill's motion on the table, but Chairman Richardson informed him that, under the rules, that would carry the main question with it, and the Oregonian was laughed at. The yeas on the question were not loud, but the nays gave a great shout. Hill demanded a call of States.

TAKING SIDES.

TAKING SIDES. In behalf of Alabama, Chairman Bankhead announced that but for the Bankhead announced that but for the unit rule five delegates would vote for the substitute. Three Massachusetts delegates were announced as for silver. Delegate O'Sullivan challenged the vote "on the ground that one man here has no right to vote, Gov. Russell," he said. Another delegate stated that the Governor was proxy for Charles E. Russell, who was ill. After consultation with George F. Williams, O'Sullivan withdrew his challenge. Michigan gave 28 votes for silver. Two Pennsylvania delegates were for silver, but under the unit rule the votes counted for the other side. The announcement of the vote, yeas 622, nays 303, gave the silver men grounds for applause, because it was the first vote directly on Nebraska. cause it was the first vote directly on the financial question, and showed six more than the necessary two-thirds to nominate.

THE VOTE.

Hill ess ned his on- ere at- the lad ng-

of sue evel the not the was and cor-

our

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		OII.	
	Yeas vote is gold,	nays silver. Yea	Nay
	Alabama		22
	Arkansas		16
	California		16
	Colorado		8
	Connecticut	12	
	Delaware	5	1
	Florida	3	5
	Georgia		26
	Idaho		6
	Illinois		48
1	Indiana		30
	Iowa		26
	Kansas		20
Ł	Kentucky		26
	Louisiana		16
	Maine	10	2
	Maryland	12	. 4
	Massachusetts	27	3
	Michigan		28
	Minnesota	13	6
	Mississippi		17
	Missouri		44
	Montana		6
	Nebraska		6
	Nevada		6
	New Hampshire	8	September 1
	New Jersey	20	conde
	New York	72	
	North Carolina	12	
	North Dakota	•••	22
	Ohio		6
	Oregon		46
	Pennsylvania		8
	Rhode Island	03	
	South Carolina		
	South Dakota		18
	Tennessee	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	
		STATE OF THE PARTY	28
	Texas		20
	Utah		6
	Vermont		
	Virginia		- 24
	Washington		3
	Wisconsin		
	Wyoming		6
	Alaska		
	Arizona		6
	District of Columbia	2	4
	New Mexico		
	Oklahoma	• • • • •	6
	Indian Territory		6

ALTGELD'S GREAT ACT.

Indian Territory ..... 

When in the uproar the procession of banners bearing the names of the dif-ferent States was started, there was a rush of Nebraska men for the Illinois delegation. The Illinois standard was torn down, and a delegate started of with it. Before he had gone ten feet

Gov. Altgeld saw him and ordered the standard brought back.
"You cannot stampede us," he coolly said. "We have declared for Bland."
The banner was replaced. A moment later the banner of Missouri appeared in the line. "Now you can take it," said the Governor. "Missouri is in the line, and I guess we can afford to join." Then, turning to the delegates who surrounded him, he said: "That was the greatest speech ever made. I had rather be able to make that speech than be president. Common men are sometimes made Presidents, but it takes talent and brains to talk like that."
HILL'S PROPOSITIONS BEATEN. HILL'S PROPOSITIONS BEATEN

At 3:48 o'clock Hill's motion indors-

| Kansas | Kentucky | Louisiana | 11 | Maryland | 16 | Mass. (not voting, 1) | 28 | Michigan | 28 | Minnesota | 17 | Mississippl | Missouri | Montana | Nebraska | New Hampshire | 8 | New Jersey | 20 | New York | 72 | North Carolina | North Dakota | 6 | 6 | Washington ..... 6 W. Va., (not voting, 1).... 

NO LIMIT WANTED. At 4:32 o'clock Hill's motion that free coinage was found a failure at the end of one year, it should be dis-continued, was lost by a large viva voce vote.

 Yes

 Alabama
 16

 Arkansas
 16

 California
 18

 Colorado
 8

Montana 6
Nebraska 16
Nevada 6
New Hampshire .....

| New Hampshire | New Jersey | New York | North Carolina | 22 | North Dakota | 6 | Oregon | 6 | Pennsylvania | Rhode Island | South Carolina | 18 | South Dakota | Tennessee | 24 | Texas | 30 | Utah | 6 | Vermont | Virginia | 24 | Washington | 5 | West Virginia | 12 | Wisconsin | Wyoming | 6 | Alaska | Arizona | 6 | Colored | Colored | 6 Arizona ..... District of Columbia ..... 

Upon Hill's demand the vote was taken by States on adoption of the platform. It was taken in almost total silence. As New York and Pennsylvania cast their big blocks of votes against the platform, however, there was considerable cheering.

A noticeable group of gold leaders attracted considerable attention down in the front seats occupied by the Massachusetts delegation while the vote on the platform was being taken. William C. Whitney of New York came up and leaned over young Gov. Russell, and they were soon joined by Ben Cable, the blonde young Illinois gold Cable, the blonde young Illinois gold leader; by McDermott of New York, Eli G. Stevenson and lesser lights. Their heads were together in earnest conference and their faces wore a decidedly gloomy cast. It soon became whispered about that the subject of discussion was whether the gold men could consistently vote for a candidate on the platform which was to be adopted.

The result was announced. 628 to 201

adopted.

The result was announced, 628 to 301, with one absent, and the revised Democratic creed had been sealed, signed and ratified. The silver men gave a cheer and immediately, at 4:50 o'clock, the convention took a recess until 8 o'clock tonight.

NAMING THE BIG RUNNERS.

The Evening Session Fully Occupied.

Senator Vest Concocts Poetry for "Silver Dick's" Sake.

Mr. White and a Girl in White Whoop Up Boies.

enator Turple and Mr. Trippett of California Assist to Bury Mat-thews—''Ole Bill'' Foote on Joe Blackburn—The Bryan Boom.

ORY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE. CHICAGO, July 9.—The night session furnished all the preliminary incidents of the most dramatic act of the con vention. It was by long odds the most spectacular, for as the hands of the clock were creeping on toward the appointed hour of 8 o'clock, when the President-making was to begin, the great banks of seats filled with the biggest crowd which has yet secured admission, for the first time filling the college and attaining the Chicago

galleries and attaining the Chicago standard of bigness. Outside other hundreds were clamoring before the doors, and stirring up stifling clouds of dust, which hung over the scene like smoke; the trollers and elevated cars and special trains were emptying out thousands, and the streets were a mass

of cabs and carriages.

Inside, the incandescent lamps hung high up on the iron rafters, casting patches of glare and shadow on the patches of glare and shadow on the rough areas of heads. Three brazen bands from their different stations clamored away upon patriotic melodies, and the State delegations eftering were shrilly cheered, while the familiar face of each leader was given an ovation of his own. Delegates, officials, reporters and messengers were rushing madly about the aisles, some of the latter waving messages above their heads.

RUMORS OF DEALS. Rumors of deals and combines were being bandled everywhere, throwing panie into the camps of favorite sons

panie into the camps of favorite sons. Managers of booms were rallying their forces, deploying skirmishers and sending emissaries into hostile camps, while knots of conferring delegates had their heads together in corners.

The news spread quickly that the New York delegation had decided to hold aloof from the voting, because they would take no action based upon the platform which had been adopted. This move threw into chaos some of the combinations and estimates, and no one knew just what its effect might be on the field and candidates, especially as the New Yorkers were making arguments to influence the other Eastern States to stand up with them in their passive attitude. Many rumors clustered about young Bryan of Nebraska, whose wonderful afternoon speech had carried him into a formidable position in the field and won for him partisans who seemed to be doing active work.

THE HOUR ARRIVES. It was 8:32 o'clock before the acting chairman, Mr. Richardson, rapped long and loud, and then, failing to bring

and loud, and then, falling to bring order out of the confused murmur of many voices, the shuffle of feet and the shouting of orders by the subordinates, appealed to the crowd to respect the gavel. Sergeant-at-arms Martin came to the front of the platform and called loudly to his aides to restore order and clear the aisles. It took five minutes to secure a semblance of order. Senator Jones of Arkansas gained recognition and moved the convention proceed to the nomination of a candidate for President. It was carried with a roar, the galleries adding a round of applause in recognition of the actual opening of the contest. Chairman Richardson announced that by agreement the roll of States would be called for the presentation of candidates.

ALABAMA PASSED.

ALABAMA PASSED. Alabama was first to be called, and the chairman announced that the State would be passed for the present.

ARKANSAS YIELDS. ARKANSAS TIELDS.

Arkansas came next, "Arkansas yields to Senator Vest of Missouri," shouted Senator Jones, and there was a wave of applause from the Bland adherents. Senator Vest's first mention of the name of Bland brought out a demonstration. It was as follows:

RICHARD P. BLAND.

The High Priest of the Moon Wor shipers is Nominated.

Mr. President and gentlemen of the onvention: Revolutions do not begin with the rich and prosperous. They rep-resent the protest of those who are suf-fering from present conditions, and whose demands for relief are denounced by the beneficiaries of unjust and op-

by the beneficiaries of unjust and op-pressive legislation.
When a profound sense of wrong, evolved from years of distress, fastens upon the public mind in a free country, and the people are determined to have redress, a leader is always found who is a platform in himself, and to whom they instinctively turn as the logical exponent of their hopes.

FOLLOWED THE LEADERS. The people are not iconoclasts, nor false to their convictions. They followed Jefferson when he assailed the centralizing and monarchical doctrines of the old Federalists, and was denounced as a communist and leveler by the wealth and culture of New England and New York. They followed Jackson when he took the United States bank by the throat and was proclaimed Jackson when he took the United States bank by the throat and was proclaimed a tyrant and ruffian by the usurers and money kings. They followed Lincoin when he attacked the slave power and declared that this country could not ex-ist, "half slave and half free."

A GREAT MOVEMENT. The great movement for bimetallism— the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1—and the restoration of silver to its constitu-tional status is "No sapling chance sown by the foun-

"No sapling chance sown by the fountain

Blooming at Beltane, in winter to fade."

It has come to stay. It is a protest against the wrong and outrage of 1873, when, without debate, and with the knowledge of only a few men in Congress, the silver dollar was stricken from the coinage, and the red despot of gold made supreme as to all values.

It is a declaration by the freemen of America that the United States must withdraw from the conspiracy which was formed to destroy one-half the metallic money of the world, in order to establish the slavery of greed and usury, more degrading than the tyranny of armed force.

It is the stern demand from unrequited toil, bankrupt enterprise, and ruined homes, for a change in the

money system which for years has brought disaster and desolation. THE CANDIDATE.

THE CANDIDATE.

In this crisis of our country and party we must take no step backward in platform nor candidate. We want no uncertain nor doubtful leader. No "laggard in peace, or dastard in war." No latter-day silver saint, but a grizzled and scarred veteran, who has borne the heat and burthen of the day, and whose breast is marked from edge of sword and point of lance on a hundred fields.

Twenty years ago the battle for silver was begun in the halls of Congress, by a modest, unpretending, brave man, not an iridescent nor meteoric statesman, but of the people and from the people, who has never faltered for an instant in the great struggle. Others doubted and wavered, some yielded to blandishment and patronage and are now holding office under the



JOHN R. M'LEAN.

gold power; others misrepresented their constituents, and have been pro-vided for in the national infirmary of the present administration but Rich-ard Parke Bland stands now where ard Parke Bland stands now where he stood then, the living, breathing embodiment of the silver cause. He struck with steel point the golden shield of the money monopolists, as did Ivanhoe that of the proud Templar in the lists at Ashby, and has neither asked for nor given quarter.

NOT A NARROW MIND.

Nor is he a narrow, one-ideaed man. For twenty-two years in Congress he fought in the front ranks of Democratic

he House, but was defeated in the Senate.

He introduced the first free-coinage measure in Congress, and was the author of the Seigniorage Bill, which passed both houses, and was vetoed by President Cleveland. If this be an obscure record, where can be found the career of any public servant which deserves the plaudits of his countrymen? The Demorats of Missouri, who have

The Demorats of Missouri, who have bassed through the fiery furnace of Republican prescription seven times heated, and whose State flag has always been placed beneath the great orifiame of the national Democracy, make no apology when offering such a candidate for the Presidency. A POETICAL CLIMAX.

If you ask "Whence comes our can lidate?" we answer "Not from the usurers' den, nor temple of Mammon, where the clink of gold drowns the voice of patriotism but from the farm, the workshop, the mine—from the hearts and homes of the people."



HENRY M. TELLER.

To reject him is to put a brand upon rugged honesty and undaunted cour-age, and to chill the hearts and hopes of those who, during all these years, have waited for this hour of triumph. To nominate him is to make our party again that of the people, and to insure success.

Give us "Silver Dick" and silver quick,
And we will make McKinley sick
In the ides of next November.

"SILVER DICK'S" FACE. The Senator's closing words were a signal for another Bland demonstrasignal for another Bland demonstration, this time long, loud and enthusiastic. A banner bearing the well-known
face of "Silver Dick" was holsted in
the middle aisle. The convention rose
en masse and men cheered and waved
hats and handkerchiefs. The Bland
banner was carried to the platform,
then circled around the delegates. From
every quarter of the hall Bland banners
made their appearance, some bearing
his pictures, other 16 to 1, and others
voicing the "invincible and irrepressible" sentiments of the Missouri candidate.

Meanwhile the wild clamor continued.

Meanwhile the wild clamor continued. Meanwhile the wild clamor continued.

One man far up among the spectators turned an umbrella inside out and waved it madly. The bearers of banners waved it madly. The bearers of banners and transparencies formed in twos and fours each circled the hall. To add to the volume of sound, both bands played simultaneously. It was fourteen minutes before Chairman Richardson attempted to check the demonstration.

Gov. Overmeyer of Kansas began to make the seconding speech, under difficulties, for a small riot was stirring in front of the platform when he swept his right arm across the arena.

OVERMEYER SECONDS BLAND. He Takes His Text from Goldsmith's

Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention: In the name of the De-mocracy of Kansas, in the name of the farmers of Kansas, in the name of the farmers of the United States, in the name of the homeless, who throng your streets in the quest for bread, in the name of that mighty army of unem-ployed, in the name of that mightlest army which has risen in insurrection against every form of economic despotism, I second the nomination of the illustrious statesman and patriot, that gracious "Silver Dick" Bland of Missouri. A man who understands the significance of the fact that the American Democracy took the Constitution

when it was a mere commission of public authority, and added to it the ten great amendments which stand forever as an impassable barrier against the invasive instincts of power; a man who knows that if power is not required to stop somewhere, a power will stop nowhere; that the first lesson of liberty is jealousy of peer, and the first maxim of liberty is that safety lies in distrust of power; a man who knows that no nation ever enriched itself by taxing itself; that no tax is efther constitutional or just except it be levied for a public purpose, and that any tax which places the burden of government upon the backs of the poor while exempting the rich is iniquitous; a man who knows that there are things dearer than gold—character, exalted character; manhood, unconquerable manhood; honor, immortal honor, and that these high qualities cannot long be retained by men menaced by mortgages, dominated by landlords and bowed down under the bitter and hopeless bondage of perpetual debt; that all which dignifies, all which elevates, all which exalts our moral life must wither and perish under the desolating touch of gold.

Ill fares the land to hastening ills a prey, where wealth accumulates and men decay.

made; A boid yeomanry their country's pride, When once destroyed can never be supplied. THE KIND OF A MAN HE IS.

A man who knows that money is the lifeblood of the body commercial, and that no man or set of men can even that no man or set of men can even have a right to ligate the limbs of the body or to arrest or impede the normal circulation of that blood; a man who knows that money coined from either of the precious metals is sound money, as attested by the experience and wisdom of all ages of the past; a man who knows that all money of the Constitution is sound money; that money which is good enough to pay every private debt is good enough to pay every private debt; that money which was good enough to pay George Washington for his expenses incurred in establishing our liberty is good enough to pay ckelheimer or Morgan or any other man in the wide, wide, wide world; that money of Jefferson, Jackson, of Madison, of Monroe and of Benton is honest money, and he that says it is not insults the the memory of those "dead but sceptered sovereigns, who rule our spirits from their urns;" a man who knows that international agreements is a mere device to appease the people and once more disappoint and betray them; and that they who would place this nation under subjection to Great Britain in the matter of the standard of value are no friends of their country and the kind; that the true ratio between the two metals is sanctioned by time, 16 to 1. A man who knows that this nation's honor is not in the keeping of that predatory element, that leagued and confederated scoundrelism which loots the treasury, stifles commerce, paralyzes industry and plunders the world; a man who cannot be ruled by consolidated monopoly, or aggravated that a vast majority of the American people are farmers;

cannot be ruled by consolidated monopoly, or aggravated that a vast majority of the American people are farmers; who knows that when prosperity shall who knows that when prosperity shall return, it will come first to these dust-covered millions, whose hard, sun-burned hands never touched a polluted dollar; who work in the fields under the open skies, under the burning sun of summer and through the frosts and storms of winter from the time the stars grow dim in the east till they rise in the west; that when these prosper. per except those who speculate in hi sympathy

knows the tragedy of poverty and the pathos of the "short, but simple, an-nais" of the poor. A man around whose simple rural home is no wall of iron to keep out his fellow-man; a man who needs and who has nobody guarding, but whose shield and protection are the love and sympathy of his fellow-men.

BEHOLD! BEHOLD!

Such a man is Richard P. Bland. He is as patient as Washington, as sympathetic as Jefferson, as brave and as just as Jackson, and as wise and sagacious as any man who ever occupied the Presidential chair. He can command the suffrages of more Democrats than any other man standing upon a free-silver platform, and he can command the suffrages of more silver men who are not Democrats than any other Democrat. He can carry every State in the South; he can carry the prairie States and the mountain States and the Pacific States, and he can carry more States of the central and eastern part of the country than any other man standing in the position which the great Democratic party has here taken.

Nominate him, and he will be elected by such a majority as has never been witnessed in this country. Then will be fulfilled the Californian's prophesy that "land from out whose depths shall rise the new-time prophet, that wide domain from out whose awful depths shall-come, all clad in skins and dusty feet, a man fresh from his Maker's hand, a singer singing every sweet; a charmer, charming, very wise; and then all men shall not be dumb; nay, not be dumb, for he shall say "Take heed, for I prepare the way for weary feet."

THE WORLD WAITS. Such a man is Richard P. Bland. He

THE WORLD WAITS.

The eyes of the whole world are upon us. The great heart of mankind beats with anxious expectation of the beats with anxious expectation of the issue of this convention. Upon the result hangs the future weal or woe of this country. By the ashes of your ancestors, by the memories of your great and venerated dead; by the love which you bear to your children; by the duty which you owe to posterity, in the name of all that men hold sacred, I appeal to you to resolve this great true right and there is one name the very utterance of which is a complete solution. Bland, Bland, Bland.

WILLIAMS SECONDS

WILLIAMS SECONDS IT.

The tributes to silver were shrilly received, as was the reference to Ickel-helmer and Morgan, and there were sounding shouts of Bland, Bland, Bland, with which the ovation was rounded out. Another seconding speech was made by ex-Congressman Williams of Illinois, who said he had served four years on the Coinage Committee of the House of Representatives with the Missouri statesman, and paid tributes to his honor, intelligence and fidelity. Coming from the Illinois men, the delegates thought they saw a reference to Vice-President Stevenson in the adjuration not to nominate a man whose breathless silence on this burning question "needed explanation," and "Teller" was whispered, when the speaker said that no Republican words of his candidate would rise up in the campaign to dampen the enthusiasm of WILLIAMS SECONDS IT. campaign to dampen the enthusias Democracy. CALIFORNÍA AND "OUR STEVE."

Another Bland cheer was attempted after this speech, but the delegates were too tired to shout. With the close of Williams's speech the roll was resumed. On the call of California, the chairman, W. W. Foote, announced the eighteen votes of that State were instructed for Senator Stephen M. White but under the positive request of Mr. White his name would not be presented.

CONNECTICUT GOES OVER.

Ex-Gov. Walker of Connecticut an-

elements of uncertainty concerning his purpose gave him close attention.

"He needs no speech to recommend him to this convention," said Lewis, and "Bryan" was spoken everywhere. Then after his eloquent encomiums, Lewis said: "I refer to the Hon. William J. Bryan of Nebraska."

The words exploded another mine of the same flery sort which the Nabraskan had inflamed with his own oratory a few hours before. Three or four State delegations were on their chairs, leading the cheer, with the lungs of scattering delegates from other States aiding them. Nebraska seemed to furnish the galleries with a hero, for they were making the great chorus of, the noise. The blue banner with the placard "William J. Bryan Club of Nebraska; 16 to 1," emblazoned in sliver letters, was lifted above Nebraska's seat.

RALLIED ROUND THE BLUE. The standard of Georgia, North Car-olina, Louisiana, Michigan and South Dakota rallied around the blue and Dakota rallied around the blue and silver emblem; then the standard-bear-ers started a march around the pit. Men in the California and Virginia delegations lifted up their emblems, intending to follow the procession, but their colleagues resisted the attack, and they gave it up. Two bands intensified the din and a foghorn was blown with tremendous power up under the roof. OTHER SPEAKERS.

When order was partially restored, W. C. Clutes of North Carolina, a young

C. Clutes of North Carolina, a young orator of strong voice, took the platform in behalf of "that young giant of the West; that champion of the lowly. William J. Bryan of Nebmaska." He was followed by George Fred Williams of Massachusetts, who seconded the nomination of Bryan. "We want a young glant out of the loins of the glant Republic," was the first stirring sentence which warmed the blood of the galleries. "We want no Napoleon to march to a throne under the canopy of a republic," awoke a howl at the expense of the Republican candidate, "and a new Cleero to meet the new Cataline," was recognized as an appropriate comparison.

LOUISIANA SECONDS BRYAN.

LOUISIANA SECONDS BRYAN.

LOUISIANA SECONDS BRYAN.
Thomas J. Kernan, on behalf of
Louisiana, also seconded the nomination
in a strong speech. In the course of his
speech he made an earnest plea to the
gold delegates to stand by the creed
adopted this afternoon. It did not
mean revolution, but restoration. The
galleries became impatient and howled
for the name of his candidate.

"I have the respectful attention of
the delegates," he shouted defantly,
"and I care no more for the jeers of the
galleries than I do for the expression
of Republicans." But at last, when he
named "the silver-tongued orator from
Nebraska, William Jennings Bryan."
the galleries were appeased, and indulged in another demonstration.

INDIANA. INDIANA.

When Indiana was called, Senator Turple made his way to the stage and placed in nomination the choice of the Hoosler State, Gov. Matthews.

GOV. CLAUDE MATTHEWS.

The Indiana Paragon Shoved into View by Senator Turple.

Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention—The choice of a candidate for the Presidency by the national Democratic convention, of one who is to be the chief magistrate of this country for the next official term, of a successor to the many illustrious statesserved in that exalted position, so easily becomes the subject of glowing zeal and fancy that the act and duty of seand fancy that the act and duty of selection are prone to be obscured by the glamor of the theme. Yet we ought to realize that the result is a plain question of arithmetic, depending upon a single count of numbers, and that for many other reasons our action herein should be determined only by the most rigid scrutiny and by the most careful calculation.

We ask, then, as practical men, where should this nomination be placed? Indiana has long been known as the arena of the most severe and closely-fought political contests. It is a member of the great Democratic phalanx of the North, including New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, but strangely isolated it has stood alone.

ALWAYS EMBATTLED.

Upon the east and west, and upon the north, we have ordinarily hostile borders of intense spirit and activity;

and even upon the south, the migration to us across the waters of the Ohio, which occurs regularly in the Presidential year, is usually of such complexion as only to give aid and comfort to the enemy. In a State so nearly balanced, that for years there has not been in a Presidential election a majority of 10,000 either way in a total vote of four or five hundred thousand, the con-ditions require that our Democracy 10,000 either way in a total vote of four or five hundred thousand, the conditions require that our Democracy stand always embattled, whether awaiting victory or defeat; always prepared. We submit to the delegations from the great States of Tennessee, of Georgia, of Mississippi and others more certainly situated as to the political life and progress, what would you give; what would you not give to make this State as certain as your own? How and when shall you help us to send you the message in November next of victory? This is the place; the time is now, to write that message. You can write that message. You can write that message you can write that message for transmission, if your favor shall make the man of our choice the nominee of this convention.

Survey the field, examine the various positions through the searchlight of inspection upon the status of the different candidates. You will find that Indiana is the strategic point and pivot of this conflict. The prestige, the power, the honor of this nomination are great, but too great to be used as a means of assured success.

A TIMELY WARNING.

A TIMELY WARNING. Let us not be misled by the fervid predictions of over-confidence, by the contagious and stirring enthusiasm of the passing hour. Remember, gentlemen, that the returns of the election are not yet received. They will not begin to arrive until many months hence. We must overcome an enemy strongly fortified against attack, reinforced by influence, today unangued, unknowed. influences today unnamed, unknown, flushed with the shout of recent triumph. We may make an error which shall cost us the whole State, an error irretrievable. The opportunity for success is here, but also that of defeat. Let cess is here, but also that or dereat. Let every man so act that he may not have to say hereafter, "Ah, I had not thought of 'that." as has been done more than once before. We may court defeat and disaster, as a lover!wooes his bride, by failing to put the right man in the right

Let us then consult reason. Let us Let us then consult reason. Let us calmly weigh probabilities and compute the chances at such a ratio as shall include and cover all contingencies. Let us dispose of the aid of this prestige of nomination where it will be most highly appreciated, where it will be most effective, where it is most needed, and where it must win. CAME FROM ON HIGH.

white but under the positive request of Mr. White his name would not be presented.

CONNECTICUT GOES OVER.

Ex-Gov. Walker of Connecticut announced that the Conecticut delegation was in conference, and desired to be passed for the present.

GEORGIA SPRINGS A MINE.

Ex-Senator Pat Walsh spoke when Georgia was called, announcing that the delegation had selected H. T. Lewis to nominate the man for whom Georgia would vote. No one knew whom Lewis intended to name, so the

commenced life as a farmer in one of the most fertile sections of the valley of the Wabash. Prosperity, well pleased and justly earned, has waited upon his footsteps. Protection he needed not, save that of his pure heart and stalwart arm. He is now and always has been a farmer. He has walked for years in the furrow; he has stepped off the "lands." He is not only a hearer but a doer of the word, noted in the old adage. "He that by the plow would thrive, Himself must either hold or drive."

Our candidate belongs to the largest, the most ancient, and honorable business association of the world. Much is now said about the business, and business interests of this country. The business of a country is that vocation in which the larger number of its inhabitants are engaged. Agriculture in the United States employs a greater number of workmen than any other calling, hardly less than that of all others combined. We ask the delegates of this convention deliberately to consider whether it may not be well worth the while to make a choice of one who is in the closest natural alliance with this most numerous and most influential body of our fellow-citizens, one who has been all his life a member of this grand confraternity of the field and farm.

It is fifty-five years since a farmer appeared at the east front of the capitol to take the oath as President upon inauguration day. The inauguration and service of Indiana's choice would be a reminder of the earlier, the ideal days of this republic, when, as tradition relates, Jefferson left his farm at Montecello, traveled on horseback to the seat of government without ceremony, took the constitutional obligation, and was inducted into office.

HIS RECORD.

of government without ceremony, took the constitutional obligation, and was inducted into office.

HIS RECORD.

Our candidate is, and has been from his youth up to this hour, after the straightest sect of our political school, a Democrat. An intelligent, able, earnest and most diligent laborer in the cause. His first public service was that of a member of the General Assembly to which he had been chosen by his friends and neighbors in and near the county of his residence. In 1890 he was elected Secretary of State of the State of Indiana after a very exciting and laborious canvass; in 1892 he was chosen Governor of Indiana, the office he now holds, and in which he has shown those rare qualities of wise administration, executive skill and genius, and unwearied and conscientious discharge of duty in such a manner as to have challenged alike the admiration and approval of men of all parties in our commmonwealth.

In this friend of ours, for whom, not for his sake but for our own, we solicit your favor and support, you will find the best attainments of the scholar and statesman fitly joined together, and a most intimate acquaintance with the wants and interests of the many upon whose suffrage the success of these our labors must depend.

The person whose name we shall present has never been beaten in a popular election in his own State; our State; the State which by every sort of accent and emphasis is pushed at this juncture to the front, where the men in the gap of this great controversy abide. This State which danger haunts, which doubt has known and marked, this State we offer while we ask the man.

UPON THE ISSUE.

UPON THE ISSUE. He whose name we shall announce for your consideration comes not as a guest or sojourner to this great na-tional council. He comes as a member and inmate of the family to his

ber and inmate of the family to his house and home, wherein he has gained the right of domicile by life-long fealty to the cause of American Democracy.

Upon the issue of the tariff; of Federal election laws; of the liberty of the citizens; of the disposition of the public domain to actual settlers only; in opposition to all subsidies to private corporations; in favor of the rights and privileges of organized labor and of still further legislation toward that beneficent end, our candidate has stood with us and for us, through many years of heated quarrel and debate, and upon that question now so conand upon that question now so con-spicuous his opinions have long been known, and have often, both in his own State and elsewhere, been the sub-ject of the most public and explicit dec-

own state and elsewhere, been the subject of the most public and explicit declaration.

Our candidate believes in the immediate restoration of silver to the full franchise of the mine, that the standard silver dollar should be coined, without restriction, at the same ratio of 16 to 1 as was formerly by law established, and when so coined, that it shall be a legal-tender for all debts.

He is not in favor of awaiting the action of European nations upon this subject, and perceives no reason for deferring or postponing the remonetization of silver to suit the convenient assent or agreement of other governassent or agreement of other governassent.

assent or agreement of other go

ments.

Ardently sympathizing with the Republic of Cuba, he is as strongly attached to the doctrine of Monroe.

Thus the State, the man, the cause are merged at last into one. The one request, the single entreaty, the momentus ultimate appeal, an appeal to your wisdom, to your serious judgment, to your most discrete discernment.

And I now, therefore, in pursuance of the instructions of the united Democracy of our State expressed is convention and of the unanimous action of the delegates here present, do in all confidence place in nomination as a candidate for the Presidency the name of Claude Matthews of Indiana.

MADE 'EM NERVOUS. And I now, therefore, in pursuance

Senator Turple suffered from palsy, and though a most effective speaker in the Senate, his voice was inadequate in such a vast hall. Besides, he spoke from manuscript. The galleries grew nervous, and he could hardly be heard above the din. To add to the other unfortunate circumstance, fire-works and mortars were being fired outside the Coliseum, and these ex-plosives added to the disturbance. To still further add to the confusion, many people had been admitted with-

out any sort of credentials. They overflowed from the galleries into the pit and crowded along the side alsies. It was estimated that fully 25,000 people were in the building and nothing could be heard above the indescribable hum of so many voices. In vain Chairman Richardson cried for order. In vain the police and other assistant sergeants-at-arms charged the aisles, the crowds would neither budge nor be quiet. When at last Senator Turpie mentioned the name of the Indiana man, the Hoosier delegation mounted their chairs and cheered. A few tin horns sounded from the galieries and here and there a flag was waved, but the demonstration was brief. The noise continued, and the chairman of the Indiana delegation was so enraged that he moved that the convention adjourn. ple were in the building and nothing

that he moved that the convent adjourn.

Another indignant delegate as that the galleries be cleared, but withe sergeant-al-arms threatened clear them the galleries only hoof them the sergeant-al-arms held other threat over the spectators, announced that unless the galleries pserved order the session tomorn would be held behind closed doors on one would be admitted. This three seemed to bring the thousands of tich holders to a realizing sense of the that they were in the convention suffrance. A few more indignant ptests from ex-Senator Martin of K sas and others, and a final word of monition from Chairman Richards sufficed to silence the crowd.

There was comparative quiet we

### TRIPPETT SECONDS MATTHEWS. The Californian Has Something to

Say About Delegations. Gentlemen of the Democratic Convention: California is the greatest gold-producing State in the Union, but, notwithstanding this great fact and the advantage she would gain by reason o a single gold standard, she is not jeal-ous of her silver-producing sister States and joins with the people for a free and and joins with the people for a free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. In recognition of the wishes of her people, the Republican party of that great State sent to the recent convention at St. Louis a delegation instructed in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver. That delegation returned to their homes in defeat and disgrace, wearing the gold badges dictated by Wall street and the money sharks of Europe.

GOT 'EM MIEXD.

The Demogracy of California re-

The Democracy of California cently assembled in the largest ost enthusiastic convention ever held

most enthusiastic convention ever held in the State and that convention also unanimously instructed its delegates to this convention to vote as a unit for the free and unlimited coinage of sliver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The delegates to this convention will return to their homes flushed with victory to receive the plaudits of a grateful people. At St. Louis was heard the voice of Wall street, at which England rejoiced. Today is heard the voice of the people of America and John Bull will groan. How-often have we heard from the Republican platform the denunciation of the Democratic party for a fancied allance with England, and now this same party, with singular inconsistency, has joined heart and soul with England against the demands of a suffering people.

SHE WANTS TO BE MET.

### SHE WANTS TO BE MET.

This convention having adopted a platform which declares in favor of honest money of our forefathers, the honest money of our forefathers, the delegates of the Empire State of the Coast desire the nomination by this convention of a man in har with the principles announced This great State extends her hand toward the Atlantic seaboard, and asks to be met half way, and asks that a Western man be selected as the nominee of this convention. Without wishing to say aught in disparity of other whose names have been pregentlemen whose names have been pre-sented to this convention, I take great pleasure in seconding the nomination of Gov. Matthews of Indiana.

of Gov. Matthews of Indiana.

This is a convention of the people, and what is more proper for this convention to do than to select as its standard-bearer a man who comes from that great class of people—the farmers. Like a Cincinnatus he was called from the plow to preside over the destinies of the great State of Indiana, and so fully he he met avery expectation that fully has he met every expectation that he has sprung into national repute more he has sprung into national repute flore than any other man of his generation. I think with other delegates coming here from the Pacific Slope, that if this convention will nominate this dis-tinguished citizen of the Middle West, he will lead to victory for the Democracy in November. IOWA LOOMS UP.

Delegate Frederick White of Iowa placed Horace Boles in nomination. Mr. White, who looked like a plain farmer, proved to be a forcible speaker.

### EX-GOV. BOIES OF IOWA.

The Embodiment of All Democratic Sagacity from Waterloo.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention-I am authorized by the Democratic party of Iowa to present to this convention for the nomination to the high office of President the name of Horace Boies of our State. I want to assure this convention in advance that this is not a result of any ques-tion of mere local pride, nor is it the result of any consideration of the question of mere availability. We ask choice upon far broader grounds, upon the broad ground that Horace Boies is emphatically a broad man. Those of us who know him best do not hesitate either here or elsewhere, to declare with all the confidence that a thorough knowledge of the truth can inspire that he is a man of staunchest charat he is a man of students char-ter, possessing a powerful person-ity and equipped with a combination mental qualities that will make him, elected, an ideal executive.

STRENGTH IS NEEDED. Knowing as we all do, that the political situation of the country is a grave and ominous one, this convention must and ominous one, this convention must not ignore nor evade the responsibility this situation creates, which is to give to the American people a candi-date, the mention of whose name, wherever known, will carry with it an overwhelming strength and stand in case of election, an unqualified guaran-tee for the entire safety in the mantee for the entire safety in the management of all public affairs, the jus settlement of every pressing question and the speedy inauguration of a vig-orous reign of exact justice.

NOT A SENSATIONALIST. Neither in formulating a policy no in presenting an argument upon the

Neither in formulating a policy nor in the execution of the same, nor yet in presenting an argument upon the merits or demerits of any public question, has Gov. Boies ever striven in the least degree to create a sensation. To his everlasting honor it must be said that in the doing of these things he has never failed to make a deep impression. This is the ideal test by which the capacity of the public man should be judged. This is the highest standard by which a statesman's reliability and usefulness should be ascertained and determined.

If you select Gov. Boles as your candidate and the people ratify your decision in November, we can promise you no pyrotechnical display from the White House during his administration; there will be no rockets sent up, the explosion of which frightens the timorous or furnish a subject for foolish talk for the supercial. There will be no sensational performance on the political trapeze at the Executive Mansion while Horace Boles is its occupant; he will write you no startling messages upon excitable public topics; we promise you none of these performances, but I will tell you what we can and do promise you, and that is the inauguration and faithful execution of a policy that will commend itself to every philosophic mind, and be applauded by every sincere patriot, a policy that will be characterized throughout by the invigorating course of hard, common-sense, and be all aglow with the everlasting sunshine of noble intentions—a policy, the primary object of which will be not the creation of opportunities for the unnatural craze of already excessive fortunes of an avaricious class, but the strict maintenance of the natural and constitutional right of every clizen carefully including that great body of our population, the laboring class, the people who produce our national wealth, who never tire of their devotion to the Constitution, who never desert their country's cause at any stage of any perfl, who always are true and steadfast, even in the very midst of an over-whelming crisis;

vigorously exacted of the statesman-ship of the future. That type of states-manship which so persistently and suc-cessfully plotted to pilfer from the in-dustrious that the idle may thrive, will be given its death blow next Novem-ber, if you men here are wise in your counsels and provide the opportunity to the people to strike the blow.

HIS HISTORY. Horace Boies was born in New York State and came to Iowa in his early manhood. He came not as an adven-turer, but with the fixed purpose of building up a permanent home, which he did at the town of Waterloo, while he was thus voluntarily incurring all the inconvenience of a frontier life. The result is that in his mature years the people of his State have loaded him down with the riches; honors and re-

result is that in his mature years the people of his State have loaded him down with the richest honors and reward in their power to bestow, and he is today an inseparable factor and a conspicuous part in the phenomenal history of our State.

Let me beg of this convention the privilege of one glimpse of Iowa history. As to the question of Iowa being a great State, concerning the capacity of her soil to produce uniformly abundant crops, I will not deal. It is enough to say the diplomas awarded to Iowa by the management of the Columbian Exposition is the official declaration which secures to us what had been before conceded by all, viz.: the crowning glory of standing at the head of the long column of agricultural States of this nation. Neither drought nor flood have ever been powerful enough in Iowa to constitute what was a national calamity. I have raised fifty bushels of soild corn per acre, upon which not one drop of rain fell from the time it came up until the ear was fully grown. There is perhaps not another spot in this wide world where such a thing was possible.

THEIR HARD ROW.

### THEIR HARD ROW.

But while we are easily supreme in the cornfield, our Democrats have had a hard row to hoe in politics. The forments inflicted by the seven plague of Egypt must have been a solid chunk of comfort compared with the treatment accorded Iowa Democrats by the sixty, seventy and eighty thousand the sixty, seventy and eighty thousand uninterrupted Republican majorities which for more than a generation delighted in making an annual picnic out of election day, and, just for the fun of the thing, trampled the lowa Democrats into the very earth. This huge army of Republican voters was nominated by the spirit of the inexplicable fanaticism, and the more we compatted the spirit the flercer it grew. Naturally Democrats became disheartened and scarce.

When this Republican recklessness was nearing the culminating point, and through sumptuary legislation every guarantee of personal liberty was endangered, when acts which throughout the civilized world are regarded as natural and treated as lawful were in love defined as a series of the sumplement of the sumptuary and treated as lawful were in love defined as a series of the sumptuary and treated as lawful were in love defined as a series of the sumptuary and treated as lawful were in love defined as a series of the sum of the

garded as natural and treated as law ful were in Iowa defined as crime ful were in Jowa defined as crimes and compared with capital offenses; when the constitutional protection of trial by jury which for centuries had been esteemed the very climax of all the glory of an Anglo-Saxon civilizathe glory of an Anglo-Saxon civilization, when this was about to be ellminated from our judicial system and
the cold, barbarous system of Russia
was to be substituted; in fact, when
the whole machinery of our local government, the greatest of all Democratic
principles, the principles of home rule,
was about to be swept out of existence;
when every lover of freedom was on
the point of despairing, when there
was no Democratic leader anywhere in
sight, wise and bold enough to face
the crisis there was heard the voice
of one as speaking in the wilderness;
it was the magic voice of Horace Boles,
summoning heroic men to herioc action.

It was he who leaved boldly to the

It was he who leaped boldly to the very front and alone defled the seemingly irresistible column of an exulting foe, a foe that had never been chastised by defeat. He accomplished what all men united in declaring impossible, for in the two contests which followed, which in many respects have no parallel in the history of American politics, Horace Boles came off victor, and thus did he forever avert the danger of having a veritable despotism planted upon the fruitful soil of a free State.

A soldler can show his courage only

soil of a free State.

A soldier can show his courage only in battle; the sailor his fearlessness only while the storm is raging; the fireman in a great city can only exhibit that sublime type of heroism which we all so much admire during the time of an actual conflagration, when property is to be saved and imperiled lives are to be rescued; so a statesman can only show his real capacity, can only demonstrate the full measure of his wisdom and power during a crisis. It is only and power during a crisis. It during an actual crisis that the during an actual crisis that the higher qualities of statesmanship can be developed and tested. That Horace Boiss possesses this rarest of all human capacities, the power to rise equal and superior to a crisis and control it, is attested by this history of our State and concurrent testimony of political friend and foe. This is the man who stands before the American people, equipped with these supreme qualifies. ons, that we ask this convention to ominate.

STANDS ON THE CONSTITUTION. Upon the overshadowing issue of this ampaign Gov. Boles stands upon an nvulnerable platform, the Constitution of his country. Inasmuch as the Constitution, in defining what the State shall use as "legal tender in the pay-ment of debts," designates not gold or silver, but the gold and silver. Gov. Boles believes the bimetallic system thus provided for in the fundamental law of the land is the system the mental law of the land is the system the Democratic party must indorse and uphold. He believes that so long as the Constitution remains unchanged, that Congress has no power to demonetize either metal. Hence, in common with the great mass of American people, he believes the demonetization of silver was not an ordinary rediction bunder. believes the demonetization of silver was not an ordinary political blunder, but an actual crime, and he can con-ceive of no condition which can pos-sibly arise that would justify the Dem-ocratic party in justflying that crime or in helping to perpetuate its direful results.

or in helping to perpetuate its direful results.

Gov. Boles does not believe in a dishonest 50-cent dollar, as it would work an injury to the credit class. Neither does he believe in the 200-cent dollar, which is still more dishonest, as it unquestionably involves the bankruptcy of the debtor class. Gov. Boles believes in an honest American dollar, authorized not by the Parliament, but by a law of the American Congress and coined for use among the American people. He believes in a gold dollar of 22.2 grains of gold and in a silver dollar just sixteen times heavier.

Having rebelled against British influence over a century ago, winning the fight when a mere weakling, having now developed into the strongest people on earth, clearly entitling us to the leadership among nations, it would be not merely a pitiable cowardice on our part but actual treason to the people should we capitulate to the English greed.

The finger of a kind fate points to

should we capitulate to the English greed.

The finger of a kind fate points to the election of Horace Boles. History seems to be anxious to repeat itself. Give us the man from Waterloo, and allies will flock to his standard which will destroy Mark Hanna's Napolean No. 2 as effectually as the European allies des royed the French Napolean No. 1.

arose and cheered, but the galleries

THE WOMAN IN WHITE. To a young woman in the south ter-race belonged the honor of forcing a

To a young woman in the south terrace belonged the honor of forcing a demonstration second only to that which followed the nomination of Bland. She was dressed in simple white. She mounted a chair and began waving a small American flag frantically to and fro. Fully a minute she was unobserved. Then some one noticed her. Eyes began to turn in her direction. She continued to wave the flag with a rhythmic motion, crying as she did so, "Boles, Boles, Boles." The delegates got on their chairs, the galleries began to cheer, and in another minute the Coliseum was aflame.

The demonstration grew, and all eyes centered on the young woman in white. The Boles banner was carried from the plt up the terrace to where the striking figure stood, like a second Joan of Arc, urging on the nomination of Iowa's favorite son. The staff of the banner was placed in her hands, and she swung it to and fro while the galleries yelled. Once she sank back exhausted by her efforts, and the din subsided, but, gathering her waning strength for a final effort, she sprang up again and once more raising the banner, she moved forward and was almost carried down the slope by the maddened crowd about her. Swiftly she went forward to the platform, where the Iowa delegation came ward and was almost carried slope by the maddened crowd about her. Swiftly she went forward to the platform, where the Iowa delegation came forward to meet her and escorted her with shouts to the place of the delegation. For fourteen minutes the demonstration led by the girl in white kept up. Then order was restored. The young woman who had led 25,000 people proved to be Miss Minnie Murray of Nashua.

Iowa.
This incident reminded old convention-goers of the great Blaine demonstration at Minneapolis, which was led by Miss Carson Lake of New York.

MINNESOTA SECONDS BOIES. Mere oratory was a very tame amusement after what the crowd had been witnessing. Still A. D. Smith of Minnesota, who seconded Boies's nomination, was given a hearing.

KENTUCKY'S STALWART SON. John Rhea, who was introduced by Ollie James, Kentucky's young giant, to nominate "the South's greatest Democrat, Joe Blackburn," proved to be a typical southern orator of the flery sort, so his ringing sentences brought quiet to the Coliseum. His beginning referred to the fight which Blackburn had against Carlisle, with the simile of Napoleon's drummer boy—and Napoleon metaphors were beginning to come thick and fast on the programme—who did not know how to beat a retreat, was a happy allusion in view of the temper of the dominant faction. "Free-dom's hatter than the sample of the company of the temper of the dominant faction." was a happy allusion in view of the temper of the dominant faction. "Freedom's battles are not fought at bankers' banquets," judging from its reception, hit the mark.

Rhea came under the wire with a true Kentucky finish. Then the band seized the occasion, while the Kentuckians were shouting, to play "My Old Kentucky Home," which multiplied the enthusiasm.

CALIFORNIA.

CALIFORNIA AGAIN After the music an Alabama delegate led three cheers for Blackburn. Kentucky nomination was seconded by W. W. Foote, the chairman of the California delegation, who raised a laugh at the beginning by a hit at the Boies fireworks, to the effect that Blackburn was a candidate on principle whose cause was not being led by any Joan of Aro.

## FOOTE SECONDS BLACKBURN.

'Ole Bill" Manages to Get Himself Right in It.

Foote spoke as follows: Mr. Chairman and the delegates of the national convention: California, the greatest gold-producing State in the world, has sent to the convention eighteen delegates who are pledged to the unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without any interference whatever. California has further instructed its delegates to present the name of Hon. Stephen M. White, the distinguished Senator from that State and the presiding officer at this convention. (Applause.) But Senator White has declined to permit his name to be presented, and I am here with the consent of my delegation to second the nomination of a man whom I believe to be as good, if not a better, representative of the free-silver cause than any other man who has been named, in the person of Hon. J. C. Blackburn of Kentucky. (Applause and cheers.) eighteen delegates who are pledged to

WHO FOUGHT THE ADMINISTRA-We have adopted a platform of principles here today which speaks in no uncertain tone to the people of the United States. The silver platform of this convention can be understood by any man who can read the English language. The grand army of Democracy is today enlisted under the silver banner and my experience is that when you have an army you must have a you have an army you must have a leader in which they have confidence. Who could lead the silver forces to victory better than Joe Blackburn of Kentucky? (Applause.) Who fought the combined cohorts of the Treasury Department of the Federal administration all during the last session of Congress?

gress?
The news was wafted to distant Cali-The news was wafted to distant California. Joe Blackburn appeared like the white-plumed knight of Navarre, battling for that cause, and, although the State went Republican, Joe Blackburn achieved a victory of which he may well be proud. The only objection that is heard for his nomination to the Presidency is that his wise counsels might be missed from the Senate of the United States. I have no words to say against any other candidate who has been nominated in the convention. Blackburn is a candidate upon principle. He is not being paraded around here by any Joan of Arc (laughter,) and he has undertaken to appeal not to your prejudices, but to principles.

California, however she may vote, has the highest respect for the distin-

has the highest respect for the distinguished Senator from Kentucky, and guished Senator from Kentucky, and when we come to our sober second sense, Joe Blackburn ought to receive the nomination of this convention. You have seen him here upon this platform, a gallant and a distinguished man—a man who would honor the Presidency of the United States, and for myself and other delegates. From the State of California, I take pride and pleasure in seconding his nomination.

Several States failed to respond

several states tailed to respond to the call.

When Massachusetts was reached, her chairman rose and said: "By the unanimous vote of this convention, the Massachusetts delegates were unanimously instructed to place in nomination Gov. Russell, but by his direction and because of the platform, we decline to make a nomination, and some took this remark to be a reference to George Fred Williams. He added: "This is the sentiment of Massachusetts, not by proxy, but by its delegation."

PAUL JONES OF ARKANSAS.

The remaining States had no specific per sentiment of States had no specific the sentiment of the sentiment

PAUL JONES OF ARKANSAS.

The remaining States had no answer to the roll-call, and Paul Jones of Arkansas was introduced to make another plea for Bland. The strife of friends and foes which never falls to follow any reference to the Governor of Illinois was renewed when Jones referred to the State which had "given to the Union, the fearless Altgeld," but the cheers outnumbered the hisses. The speech was a demand for "Silver Dick."

NEBRASKA WAITS.

NEBRASKA WAITS. Nebraska being called, her chairman esponded that she passed for the

present, but at the proper time would take pleasure in casting her votes for "the man whom we honor and love, William Jennings Bryan."

INDEPENDENT NEW JERSEY. McDermott of New Jersey brought down jeers and hisses upon his head by his defiant declaration "New Jersey does not desire to nominate any man on this platform."

M'LEAN OF OHIO SPOKEN FOR. John R. McLean, the Ohio publisher, was spoken for by A. W. Patrick, an elderly gentleman with tawny beard and gold spectacles, whose confident prediction that "John R. McLean will carry Ohio" brought a loud response. However, the new was preading that arry Ohlo" brought a loud response of the programme did not include a battonight, so the people began to pout, but as nominating speeches rarely large votes, it is probable McLean loss thing.

PENNSYLVANIA PASSES. A new chairman began to wield the gavel at this point, Congressman Bankhead of Alabama. Pennsylvania being called, Mr. Harrity stated that he had no nomination to make at this time, but when the roll of States was called the delegates would express their preference.

TEXAS. Texas sent to the platform Joseph Balley. His speech was a tribute to

### Bland. BAILEY SECONDS BLAND.

His Words and Deeds Better Than

a Written Pledge." Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: For the first time since Convention: For the first time since the close of our unhappy civil war, a large majority of those who vote in the coming Presidential contest will be gov-erned in the casting of their ballots by erned in the casting of their ballots by their convictions upon a great econom-ical question. This convention has al-ready a platform which defined with admirable force and clearness the posi-tion of the Democratic party upon that question, and it is our duty now to per-fect our work by nominating a man whose words and deeds are better than a written pledge that he will faithfully keep the promise which our platform makes.

what Democrat among the many splen-makes.

Who most completely fills this supreme requirement? If I should ask this audience, or if I should ask any audience assembled on the American continent and under the American flag, what Democrat among the many splencontinent and under the American flag, what Democrat among the many splendid leaders of our party best represents the issue which today divides the American people and which must be decided at the polls on November 3, I would be answered with the name of Richard F. Bland, and, gentlemen of the convention, he not only best typines the paramount issue in the next election, but he has been a fearless and consistent advocate of all those immortal principles which our Democratic fathers cherished and defended. LOOK AT HIS RECORD.

Those who doubt the wisdom of their comination sometimes venture to express the fear that he is not great enough to be our President. To them I say, examine his record. For twenty years he has sat in the Federal House of Representatives, and during all those years he voted right as often and he voted wrong as seldom as any man who ever occupied a similar station for an equal length of time. No ordinary man can safely pass this critical test and the intelligent voters of this land are willing to believe any man who is wise enough to be the chief magistrate of this republic. But better even than his unerring common sense is his rugged and unyielding honesty.

In his person he unites the highest press the fear that he is not great

honesty.

In his person he unites the highest qualities of an ideal candidate. He is so patriotic that he has always put the love of country above the love of self. He is so honest that no tainted dollar ever touched his hands, and he is so firm that a legion of his country's enemies could not decoy him from his place of duty.

WILL INSPIRE THE MASSES.

Mr. Blend will proclaim to the mil-

Mr. Bland will proclaim to the mil-lions who are proud to own their allegi-Mr. Bland will problem to the limitions who are proud to own their allegiance to Democracy that the public good is again to be exalted above selfishness and private greed; it will reassure the doubters, recall the Democratic wanderers and inspire the masses with hopeful courage. Nominate him, and in every home—whether in palace or cabin—it will be told how a great and successful party has crowned with its highest honor a private citizen because he has been true to his own conscience and loyal to the best interests of his countrymen. But, fellow Democrats, whether your choice shall be Bland or Boles, Matthews, McLean or Kentucky's gifted son, the imperial commonwealth of Texas, with her more than one hundred thousand majority, will take her place at the head of your victorious column.

UTAH AND RAWLINS. Utah supplied Joseph H. Rawlins, her ormer delegate in Congress, who did

VIRGINIA'S REGRETS. Congressman Jones, at the call of Virginia, climbed to a chair to say that the delegation had decided to cast its vote for John W. Daniel, but at his earnest request, refrained from doing so, and had no candidate. WEST VIRGINIA SECONDS BLACK-

J. W. St. Clair of West Virginia sec onded Blackburn. WISCONSIN SECONDS BRYAN.

E. J. Dockery was introduced, and seconded the nomination of Bryan. He said Wisconsin would in November cast her votes for the nominee of the convention, and won its enthusiasm. He seconded the nomination of Bryan, "the idol of the convention."

STRIFE IN WISCONSIN. STRIFE IN WISCONSIN.

Strife cropped out in the Wisconsin camp, for Gen. Bragg, the man who gave Grover Cleveland a watchword by his famous epigram, "I love him for the enemies he has made," was standing on a chair, and many delegates were howling at him. His words could not be distinguished plainly, but they were something about Wisconsin voting for another candidate on another platform,

THE ROLL COMPLETED. THE ROLL COMPLETED.

THE ROLL COMPLETED.

The roll-call of State was finished at 12:30 o'clock. Then Senator Jones of Arkansas moved an adjournment to 10 o'clock tomorrow moring. The Bryan adherents were not anxious to have the balloting postponed. There were cries for a vote, but the chairman put the motion, and as spectators as well as delegates yelled "Yes" and "No," he declared the convention adjourned.

## BISSELL GOES HOME.

He Couldn't Stand the Actions of the

Silver Yawps:

(BY ASSOCIATED PRISS WIRE)

CHICAGO, July 9.—Ex-Postmaster

General Bissell of Buffalo went hom General Bissell of Buffalo went home late yesterday, leaving his alternate to vote for him. He said he could not stay after the violation of State rights in unseating the Michigan gold men to seat men who had no credentials. Franklin Bartlett and Delancy Nicoli of New York and several delegates from other States have determined upon a similar course in a quiet way, allowing their alternates to vote.

WOULDN'T TALK ABOUT IT.
BUFFALO (N. Y.) July 9.—Ex-Post-

BUFFALO (N. Y.) July 9.—Ex-Post-master-General Bissell returned home today. To an Associated Press reporter he said private business had necessitated his return. He refused to discuss the convention or its action.

## PLATFORM SHAVINGS.

THE FINAL MEETING BEFORE THE ADOPTION.

Hill Presents the Minority Report.
Also an Amendment that if Free
Silver Doesn't Work Well it
Shall Be Thrown Aside in a Year.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The Committee on Resolutions held a session at Convention Hall, at which an amendment was offered by Bailey of Texas, changing the financial plank so that it cannot be construed as a declaration against State banks. The Bailey amendment was offered as a substitute for a perwas offered as a substitute for a por-tion of the financial plank. Tillman promptly moved to lay it on the table. The first vote stood 12 to 12. Another vote was ordered. There were 10 yeas, 10 nays. A point of no quorum was made, the gold men having refused to

Tillman protested against the minority of the committee delaying business. Hill said the action of the min ority members was a matter for each to determine for himself. Hill offered this report:

MINORITY REPORT ON RESOLU-

TIONS.

The sixteen delegates composing the Minority Committee on Resolutions find nine declarations in the report of the majority to which they cannot give their assent, Some of those are wholly unnecessary. Some are ill-considered and ambiguously phrased, while others are extreme and revolutionary of the well-recognized principles of the party. The minority content themselves with this general expression of their dissent, without going into a specific statement of these objectionable contents of the report of the majority. But upon the financial question, which engages at this time the chief share of public attention, the views of the majority differ so fundamentally from what the minority regard as vital Democratic doctrine as to demand a distinct statement of what they hold as the only just and true expression of Democratic faith upon this paramount issue, as follows, which is offered as a substitute for the financial plank in the majority report: We declare our belief that the experiment on the part of the United States alone of the free coinage of silver and change of the existing standard of value, independent of the action of other great nations, would not only imperil our chances, but would retard or entirely prevent the establishment of international bimetallism, to which the efforts of the government should be steadily directed. It would place the country upon a silver basis, impair contracts, disturb business, diminish the purchasing power of the wages of laborand inflict irreparable evil upon our nation's commerce and industry. Until international coöperation among the leading nations for the free coinage of silver can be secured, we favor the rigid maintenance of the existing gold standard as essential to the preservation of our national credit, the redemption of our public pledges and the keeping inviolate of our country's honor. We insist that all our paper and silver currency shall be kept at parity with gold.

The Democratic party is the party of hard money and opposed to legal tender The sixteen delegates composing the

The Democratic party is the party of nard money and opposed to legal tender hard money and opposed to legal tender payments as part of our permanent financial system, and we therefore are favorable to the gradual retirement and cancellation of all United States treasury notes under such legislative provisions as will prevent undue contractions. We hold that the national credi

tions. We hold that the national credit shall be resolutely maintained at all times and under all circumstances.

The minority also feels that the report of the majority is defective in failing to make any recognition of the honest economic course and fidelity of the present Democratic administration, and they therefore offer the following declaration as an amendment to the majority report:

majority report:
"We commend the honest, economic
course and fidelity of the present Dem-peratic national administration."

Cratic national administration."
(Signed.)
DAVID B. HILL, New York.
WILLIAM VILAS, Wisconsin.
GEORGE GRAY, Delaware.
JOHN PRENTIS POE, Maryland.
IRVING W. DRAKE, New Hamp.
C. O. HOMAN, Maine.
P. J. FARRELL, Vermont.
LYNDE HARRISON, Connecticut.
DAVIS E. BAKER, Rhode Island.
THOMAS A. C. WEEDOCK, Mich.
JAMES E. O'BRIEN, Minnesota.
JOHN E. RUSSELL, Massachusetts.
ROBERT E. WRIGHT, Penn.
WILLIAM A STEELLE, S. Dakota.
ALLAN A. M'DERMOTT, N. Jersey.
C. D. RODGERS, Alaska.
Hill also offered the following amendments to the platform, and moved their adoption:
"Amendment. But it should be supported to the platform, and moved their

adoption:

"Amendment—But it should be carefully provided by law at the same time that any change in the monetary standard should not apply to existing contracts.

"Amendment—Our advocacy of independent free columns of these balls."

"Anendment—Our advocacy of independent free coinage of silver being based on the belief that such coinage will affect and maintain the parity between gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, we declare as a pledge of our sincerity that if such free coinage shall fail to effect such parity within one year from its enactment by law such coinage shall thereupon be suspended."

A plank was added reiterating the pronouncement of the previous platforms guaranteeing civil and religious liberty. Bryan offered the following plank, and it was adopted as a part of the platform:
"We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employés, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry this principle."
The committee this morning agreed upon several amendments to the platform.

ployes, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry this principle."
The committee this morning agreed upon several amendments to the platform, the most important of which was the following substitute for the plank on bank issues; "Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or to individuals. We therefore denounce the issue of notes as money by the national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made legal tender for public and private debts, or which is receivable for dues to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin."

At the suggestion of Senator Walsh and Delegate Dwyer, the new committeeman from California, seconded by Holman of Maine, the following was added to the preamble: "The constitution of the Upited States guarantees."

Holman of Maine, the following was added to the preamble: "The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the right of civil and religious liberty. The Democratic party has always been an exponent of religious freedom and it renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution."

CHICAGO, July 9.—Lawrence Gard-ner of Washington, D. C., was chosen member of the National Committee by the District of Columbia delegation to-day to succeed James L. Norris. The vote was: Gardner, 4; Norris, 1; E. L.

Harry Sharp was locked up at police headquarters last night on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Sharp, in company with some friends, was walking along Upper Main street at 1 o'clock this morning. He fired a shot at a Japanese, who was, it is said, following them. Officer Talamantes was soon on the scene, and placed Sharp under arrest.

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### LAYING THEIR PLANS.

WHAT THE DELEGATIONS WILL DO ABOUT CANDIDATES.

Mississippi Agreed to Go to Black burn on First Ballot—Pennsylvania Has Her Pattison—Hurried Meetings of Yellow Boys—New Yorkers Split Up.

CHICAGO, July 9.—At the meeting of the Mississippi delegation a general understanding was agreed upon that the vote should go to Blackburn on first ballot. Senator Waltham believes that the Mississippi vote will go to Bland after the first ballot.

PENNSYLVANIA'S PATTISON. CHICAGO, July 9.-The Pennsylvania delegation in caucus this morning de-cided to vote for ex-Gov. Pattison until he desired his name withdrawn. It is understood no formal nominating speech will be made. The delegation resolved to support the minority re-port of the Committee on Resolutions. NEW YORK'S EXCITING SESSION.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Hurried meetings of all the gold State delegations were of all the gold State delegations were called as soon as the convention adjourned this afternoon, and the New York contingent went to a near-by clubhouse and began work immediately. They were not in an amiable mood at all, and the talk of bolting the convention entirely was very loud. Congressman Charles Tracey said he would not go back, as did also Gen. Frederick Bartlett. Ex-Gov. Flower called the meeting to order and Senator Hill took the floor. He said very little, but it was pointed.

was pointed.

He believed the platform violated the established principles of the Democracy in many more places than the mere adoption of a platform. To support a candidate on such a platforn port a candidate on such a parameter would mean virtual agreement with it. He did not believe it was policy to at present, so far act as to give it an indorsement. His remarks were re-

at present, so far act as to give it an indorsement. His remarks were received with applause.

He was followed by Col. Fellows, who was very bitter in his remarks. "There is not one iota of Democracy in such a platform," he declared. "It is a tissue of Populistic and anarchistic notions, compiled by men who have no claim to recognition as statesmen, or even as politicians, but who are frenzied fanatics. I cannot see how I can support such a platform or any person placed upon it."

William C. Whitney said he had visited several delegations of gold States, and had found their temper such that they would follow New York's lead. He was personally not averse to leaving the convention, but he would not like to have it said that New York led such a revoit. He was in favor of remaining in the convention, but not altreausy servit in the election of can

maining in the convention, but not taking any part in the election of can-didates, and urged with Senator Hill the appointment of a committee to arwith the other gold States a

plan of action.

The temper of the meeting was shown when Congressman Sulzer arose to speak. He advocated that the delegation, as good Democrats, should stay in the convention and take part in its proceedings. He believed that majority rule had always been looked up to in the party, and it should not now be disregarded.

be disregarded.
At this juncture somebody said: "Do you mean that we should vote for this sliver platform?"
"Yes," said Suizer, "and work for it."
"Shame, shame," were the cries, and

"Yes," said Sulzer, "and work for it."

"Shame, shame," were the cries, and the speaker was cried down. Judge Clute of Albany, an alternate for Erastus Corning, showed decided silver proclivities and he also was shown no sympathy.

Gov. Flower made the warmest speech of the evening, and Hill and Whitney had all they could do to prevent a bolt resolution being put through at once. He said the platform was "a crazy-quilt of anarchy," and the outcome of "incompetent and brainless fools." He denounced men of Altgeld and Tillman's stamp as "mischlefbreeders and schemers to ruin the Democracy," and then closed by saying: "I will never cast my vote for such a ticket or its representative. I am a Democrat, and this platform is not Democratic."

Senator Hill interposed and offered

Democrat, and this platform is not Democratic."
Senator Hill interposed and offered this resolution:
"That a committee of six be appointed to visit other State delegations instructed for gold, and urge upon them the necessity for refraining from action, and that this committee act both in the convention and hereafter for the New York delegation."

It was adopted, and the chair appointed Senator Hill, William C. Whitney, James W. Hinckley, R. P. Flower, F. N. Coudert and William F. Sheehan. The meeting was then adjourned, it being the sense of the members that New York's vote was not to be cast for a Presidential or other candidate.

WHITNEY MAKES THE ROUNDS.
CHICAGO, July 9.—Before adjourn-

WHITNEY MAKES THE ROUNDS. CHICAGO, July 9.—Before adjournment today, William C. Whitney visited the gold State delegations and urged them to refrain for voting for candidates. At the Massachusetts delegation he said: "I don't see how the gold States, instructed as they are by their people, can consistently vote for a nominee on a silver platform."

WISCONSIN STANDS IN. WISCONSIN STANDS IN.
CHICAGO, July 9.—After the adjournment of the convention, the Wisconsin delegation held a meeting and determined that the vote of the State should not be cast for a Presidential candidate on the platform adopted today. Gen. Brags will announce this decision from the speaker's stand. The Wisconsin delegation is instructed to vote when and as a majority shall determine on this question. The poll was 20 years to 4 pays.

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LIFE LINES OF THE FOOT. What They Reveal to the Student of

Character.

There is a man in Philadelphia who claims that it is much easier to read one's character and past and future from the maps of the soles of one's feet than it is from the palms of the hands, says the Philadelphia Press. He calls it "pedalogy," and if the scoffer who passes his door and looks in at the maps on his walls calls it "Trilbyism," that does not matter. There are scoffers at everything, be it true or false.

"Trilbyism," that does not matter. There are scoffers at everything, be it true or false.

The pedalogist, while refusing to tell the names of the owners of the feet in most cases, showed a number of diagrams the other day and explained how he read the fortunes of the soles.

"Maxime Elliott," he said, "is a public character and I do not mind mentioning her name. Here is her story. Look at it. It's worth studying, for she is not only one of the most beautiful women on the American stage, but it is remarkable in other ways. Her foot is so beautifully arched that little of her sole touched the paper when she placed her foot upon it. The intellectual and artistic lines are very clearly defined on her foot, and one need but see and hear Miss Elliott speak for a few moments to realize that her artistic and mental capabilities are of a high order. The lines of intuition and imagination are both remarkably long. The cross between the line of love and the head line indicates that in a love affair, Miss Elliott would be governed largely by reason. She has strong affections, according fo the long-heart line."

A contrast to Miss Elliott's foot was that of a factory girl from Kensington. This was a foot common to people of little education. There was scarcely any instep to the foot. The lines of imagination, mental capacities and intuition were very short, and the artistic line was entirely lacking.

scarcely any instep to the foot. The lines of imagination, mental capacities and intuition were very short, and the artistic line was entirely lacking. The heart and love lines were well defined and long. The lines also indicated firmness and great ambition, with a decided fondness for pleasure. So the pedalogist explained.

Still another foot was that of a society girl. Here again was the high arch. It showed among other things that she did not have to stand on her feet as did the poor factory girl. The lines told of her having less heart and less ambition than the factory girl. too. There was selfishness and vanity in the impression. It seemed well that silk stockings and dainty shoes usually kept it from the sight of those who would read its owner's character in the soles of that foot.

There was the foot of the preacher and the policeman and the lawyer, and each seemed to tell a story in keeping with the owner's vocation and habits. Last of all came the print of the man about town. There was narch there. It had come down "flatfooted." It looked as if it was used mostly in walking up and down a fashionable street and standing about the club. It had good nature and self-satisfaction, some generosity and some brains in it, but little ambition.

Struck Him with a Bottle. Struck Him with a Bottle.

Mat Murphy and Harry Barrett got into a dispute at Seventh street and Grand avenue late last night, while drunk, and Barrett struck Murphy over the head with a bottle, which inflicted a small cut. Both were taken to police headquarters, Murphy to have his wound dressed and Barrett on a charge of battery.

### CIRCULATION.

## Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los

Angeles Times. STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS. ersonally appeared before me, H. G. Otts, ident and general manager of the Times, and says that the daily sworn, desand daily pressroom reports of the office, that the bona fide editions of The Times and half of the week ended June 21, 1896, as follows:

Superiod and work to belove the say of June, 1896.

(Seal)

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 125,365 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week day of 20,894 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time. THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

## LINERS.

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LOS ANGELES, JULY 9, 1896-NOTICE, TO whom it may concern; I will not be responsible for any acts of my son. William F. Clifford, as he is not in my employ. RUBERT CLIFFORD.

RUBERT CLIFFORD.

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HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

EANTED — AMERIURNIS OFFICEMAN.

WANTED — AMENUENSIS, OFFICEMAN, amalgamator, instructor, apprentice, distiller, sculptor, porter, ranchman, teamster, man and wife; deliveryman, salesman, stitcher, upholsterer, landscape gardener, 5 carpenters, mechanical assorted unskilled situations, housekeeper, salesladies, domestics, chambermaid. EDWARD NITTINGER, 220½ S. Broadway.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO COOK BIScuits and waffles; boy waiter, \$; dishwasher, 6; young colored man, wait and help in dining-room, 15; woman cook, small restaurant; 325 and room; housegirl, Bonsalle ave., 325; housegirl, \$17; housegirl, \$18. CAL. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 216 W. First st. Tel., Main 964. WANTED - AMENUENSIS, OFFICEMAN

Tel, Main 984. 10

WANTED—3 GENTLEMEN OF GOOD ADdress out-of-door remunerative occupation; a grand chance, with guarantee future promotion for energetic young men. Call between 8 and 9 a.m. Friday and Saturday, German-American Bank Building, rooms and 8, L. K. CHAMBERLAIN. 10

WANTED—GOOD SOLICITOR WITH REF-erences to represent eastern firm; position given free to right party; business already started. Call on E. B. VAN DYKE, Hotel Ramona, city.

ATERIORS, UILY.

WANTED—GOOD, RELIABLE HELP FURnished at once, free of cost, to employers.

CALIFORNIA EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
216 W. First st., telephone Main 946.

MANTED—HONEST YUNG MANTED—HONEST YUNG Example business: cash retake dependent of the control o take charge of simple business; cash required \$40. Address L, box 42, TIMES OF-FICE.

FIGE.

10

WANTED—A STEADY MAN, GOOD WAGES
and permanent position. Address, giving nativity, L, box 59, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-MAN TO DIG WELL 50 FEET deep, some rock. See C. F. SYKES, 220 New High st. ANTED — EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR at once. Call Friday morning, 209 STIMSON

WANTED - PAINTER FOR A FEW DAYS.
CAMBRIA ST., near Union ave. WANTED — STONE-CUTTERS AT 1307 HOOVER ST. 10

## WANTED-

WANTED — CANVASSERS TO SELL SIM-mons Skirt Supporter for shirt waists and belt; fits any size belt, silk or leather; works itself; complete outfit, two styles; special inducement, 10 cents. S. J. & W. O. SIM-MONS. Boston, Mass.

WANTED - TEACHERS TO PREPARE FOR

county examinations; any one desirous of pursuing one or more studies may be ac-commodated at the BOYNTON NORMAL SUMMER SCHOOL, 525 Stimson Block. WANTED—WOMAN FOR GENERAL HOUSE work at 2643 FORTLAND ST., bet. Adams at and 28th, must be well recommended. 10

work at 2943 FORTLAND ST., bet. Adams at and 28th, must be well recommended. 10

WANTED—COMPETENT CHILD'S NURSE, wages 33 week and good home. Apply to MRS, BILLIOTT, 981 Orange st. 12

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK, light place. 729 WITMER ST., bet. Swenth and Eighth, Joe Arnold. 11

WANTED—HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help at MRS. SCOTT & MISS McCARTHY'S, 107 S. Broadway. Tel S19. 26

WANTED—GIRL OR WOMAN TO ASSIST IN family of 2 for room, board and small wages. 1304 W. 12TH ST.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; must understand cooking, 1129 S. HILL ST.

WANTED—2 FIRST-CLASS WAIST AND skirt hands. 453% S. SPRING, room 7. 10
WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework 524 S. HILL. 11

### WANTED-

WANTED SITUATION BY EXPERIENC druggist, speaks English, German and so Spanish; registered in different States; go credentials and references. Address DRI GIST, Walton House, 609 E, Second st., Angeles, Cal.

MANTED—TO HEAR OF GOOD OPENING by young physician and surgeon of ten years' practical experience; lots of ability but no capital. Address L, box 65, TIMES

WANTED-POSITION BY CAPABLE YOUNG man with knowledge of stenography and typewriting, willing to do general office work. Address L, box 23, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GOOD JAPAN-ese to cook and wait on table in private fam-ily. Address L, box 11, TIMES OFFICE. 10 ese to cook and wait on table in private family. Address L, box 11. TIMES OFFICE. 10
WANTED — A YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN
used to do housework, wishes to work by
the day, \$1.75. 550 S. BROADWAY. 11 WANTED — POSITION BY FIRST-CLASS Japanese cook, with good references. No-GAKI, 404 S. Spring st. 11

WANTED-AMALGAMATOR WANTES EM-ployment. Address L, box 27, TIMES OF-

### WANTED-

WANTED—Situations, Female.

WANTED—BY REFINED YOUNG LADY, position as companion. No objection to country, and good home more an object than compensation. References given. Address L, box 41, TIMES OFFICE. 12

WANTED — A SITUATION AS HOUSE-keeper or care of invalid lady; the very highest references furnished; the applicant is experienced and will call if desired. Address MRS. WHITE, 4415 Hill st., city. 10

WANTED—A WIDOW DAUGHTER OF A

WANTED—A WIDOW DAUGHTER OF A Knight Templar, well qualified, would like position as housekeeper in city or country; or any office position. Address Q, STATION D.

WANTED - EXPERIENCED AND COMpetent eastern nursegirl wants position, years in last place; references from same Address L, box 12, TIMES OFFICE, 12 WANTED — GOOD HOME BY WOMAN who will make herself generally useful; will take anything. Call at GOLDEN HOME, San Pedro and E. Fourth. 10 WANTED - SITUATION BY COMPETENT girl for general housework. Call or address for three day, 1330 FIGUEROA ST., first cottage south of Pico.

WANTED-SITUATION BY RESPECTABLE and competent young lady as companion or to attend to lady traveling. Address L, box 20, TIMES OFFICE.

20, TIMES OFFICE. 10
WANTED — SITUATION AT GENERAL housework. Please call at 1133 W. TWENTY-BIGHTH ST. Best of references by

present employer.

10

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION
as assistant book-keeper, or to do officework; wages no object. Address L, box 17,
TIMES OFFICE. IMES OFFICE. 10

NNTED—SITUATION AS COOK, NURSE r housekeeper; best of references. Apply address M. KELLER, postoffice, Univer-

WANTED-COOKING OR HOUSEWORK BY WANTED—CUDKING OR HOUSEWORK BY competent German girl; wages \$25, city or country. \$24 S. BROADWAY, room 15. 10 WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN small family. Beach preferred. Address L, box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY WOMAN, LIGHT housework and plain cooking. Call 113 HEW-ITT ST., near First.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCE of the control of the con

WANTED-TO PURCHASE FROM 20 TO 40 WANTED—TO PURCHASE FROM 20 TO 40 acres of frostless foothill fruitland, with water, not less than I inch to 10 acres, or good opportunity to develop that quantity to the property needing cash and having a real bargain to offer, can make a quick sale; do not answer unless you have first-class land; good soil, and at a price consistent with the small profit now to be made from fruit; no offer will be considered unless accompanied with full description of property; buyer will deal only with owner direct; name lowest price at first, as party will not dicker; cash talks. Address L, box 48, TIMES OFFICE. 11 MANTED — I HAVE A PARTY WHO wishes to buy a 5 or 6-room cottage for from \$1500 \$2000, installments, bet. Ninth and 16th. Pearl and Union ave.; have you one? W. M. GARLAND, 207 S. Broadway.

way.

WANTED—NEW COTTAGE OR HOUSE NOT less than 6 rooms, also lot over 30-foot front, both located west of Santee st, and north of 12th st; give lowest cash price and location. Address L, box 5, TIMES OFFICE. 13

WANTED-TO PURCHASE: I'VE A CASH customer for lot between Georgia Bell. Altarado, Ninth and 16th; spot cash; bring your bargains in before 3 p.m. tomorrow. CHAPMAN, 103 S. Broadway.

WANTED — GOOD SECOND-HAND BUGGY and refrigerator; must be cheap; give de-scription. Address L, box 61, TIMES OF-FICE.

FICE.

WANTED—TO BUY SECOND HAND household goods; highest prices paid. 319 EAST SECOND ST. 12

WANTED—FOR CASH, HOUSEHOLD FUR-niture and office goods, COLGAN'S, 316 S.

To Rent.

WANTED-TO RENT, WE HAVE A NUMber of persons who desire to rent small cottages; list your house with us at once and we will find you a tenant at once, a 3-room cottage, \$5 per month.
4-room cottage, \$6 per month.

4-room cottage, \$6 per month,
5-room cottage, \$7 per month,
5-room cottage, \$10 per month,
5-room cottage, \$10 per month,
5-room cottage, \$110 per month,
5-room cottage, \$120 per month,
6-room cottage, \$12 per month,
6-room cottage, \$20 per month,

6-room cottage, 30 per month.

WEAVER & WHIPPLE, Rental Agency

125½ W. Second st

WEAVER & WHIPPLE, Rental Agency,
12 125½ W. Second st.

WANTED— BET. HILL, MAIN, FIRST AND
Third sts., about 5000 or 6000 square feet of
floor space on second story, unless building
has elevator; to be divided into reading, reception, class, office, kitchen and lunch
rooms; also assembly room, sultable for association work; will ease, if acceptable. An
swer, stating location and price, Y.W.C.A.,
107 N. Spring st.

WANTED—TO LEASE, ROOMING HOUSE,
close in; unfurnished, immediately. Apply
to RICHARDS & CAMPBELL, 122 S. Broadway.

WANTED-TO RENT A HORSE AND COVered spring wagon for one month. Call at 114 S. PEARL ST. WANTED-TO HIRE HORSE AND WAGON or wagon alone. G. A. UNDERHILL, 1739 10

## WANTED—TO BUY PAIR OF GOOD WORK horses. Inquire 420 STIMSON BLOCK. 10

WANTED- Rooms. WANTED-1 LARGE OR 2 SMALLER UN-furnished rooms, close in; must be cheap; state price and location, Address L, box 66, TIMES OFFICE. 66, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM, CLOSE IN, for a man, whose landlord is not inquisitive. Address L, box 64, TIMES OFFICE

WANTED-Miscellancous WANTED — EVERYBODY WHO HAS ANY throat or lung trouble, or nasal catarrh to test the PICO HEIGHTS SANITARIUM and HEALTH COLLEGE INHALATER, free, 112,

WANTED-RATTAN AND WILLOW FURniture repaired; also baby carriages and baskets; send card for call to J. R. IRWIN & CO., No. 365 East Second st. Los Angeles. WANTED — RHOADES & REED, AUC-tioneers, will buy or sell your household goods, merchandise, etc. 409 S. BROAD-WAY.

## CHIROPODISTS-

VACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF-HAIR invigorated; corns and bunions removed without pain. 1071/2 S. BROADWAY.

AGENTS MAKE \$6 TO \$18 A DAY INTRO-ducing the "Comet," the only \$1 snap-shot camera made; the greatest seller of the contury; general and local agents wanted all over the world; exclusive territory; write today for terms and samples. AIKEN-GLEASON CO., La Crosse, Wis. WANTED - \$50 INVESTED EARNS \$8 weekly; prospectus proofs free. F. DALY 1293 Broadway, New York.

### COR SALE-

FOR SALE—BARGAINS— \$500—Urmston tract, close to 2 electric car lines; street graded, etc. \$500—Pico, best side, bet. Sentous and Ver-

on. \$1050-For 2 large 65-foot lots adjoining

\$1050—For 2 large 65-foot lots adjoining University.
\$1050—Maple ave., near 10th, 50x150 to alley, sewered, etc.
\$350—Short st., bet. Santa Fé and Arcade depots, 40x140 to alley.
\$400—Second st., near Soto, Boyle Heights, street graded and sidewalked.
\$500—N. Pearl, near Temple, street graded and sewered.
\$425 Beautiful lot, Sherman tract, high ground, bet. Pico and Washington.
\$555—35-foot lot, Ceres ave., near Sixth.
\$500—Lot on E. 28th, close to Maple; fine trees, etc.

G. C. EDWARDS, 230 W. First,

G. C. EDWARDS, 250 W. First,
FOR SALE—16 TO 1—
It is safe to bet 16 to 1 that this is the
best bargain in town; 6-room house, 3 lots,
all fenced, windmill, 5000-gallon tank, Pacific st., bet. Washington and Pico-st. cars;
fruit trees, berries, eucalyptus grove; readuced from \$3000 to \$2000; only \$1000 cash;
for sale by RICHARD ALTSCHUL, 408 S.
Broadway, Chamber of Commerce building.

FOR SALE—\$375; FINE LOT 40x129, CLOSE to cor. Eighth and San Pedro; no key; clean side; CALKINS & CLAPP, 105 S. Broadway. 8-10-12

FOR SALE—3 LOTS ON FICKET ST. 50x170 to alley, Boyle Heights; terms, \$10 down, balance \$5 per month, interest at 6 per cent. per annum; graded and sewered. Address OWNER, Box 562, city.

FOR SALE-LOT, WESTLAKE DISTRICT fronting on two streets, at a bargain; will take a good bleyele as part payment. LOUIS BECHTEL, 113 N. Spring st. 13 FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL LOT, 75x137 TO alley, in southwest part of city, only \$16.50 E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First st. 11 FOR SALE-WE SELL THE EARTH!

### FOR SALE-

FOR SALE—A HOME OF 20 OR 40 ACRES of land in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties; bought now before the rise, will pay large returns on investment; fruit land, bean land, or land for diversided farming; now sells at from \$5 to \$40 per acre; climate delightful; soil fertile; water abundant. For full particulars call on or address (the owners of \$5,000 acres) PACIFIC LAND CO.. San Luis Obispo county, Cal., or Darling & Pratt, Wilcox Bullding, roons 210 and 212 Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, A RANCH of 20 acres at Tustin, part in alfalfa and part in fruit, mostly apricots; trees 12 years old; good house; large barn; well, with pump; no windmill; will take in exchange house and lot or vacant lots in Los Angeles or Santa Ana, price \$500. See A. L. WHITNEY, at 1115 S. Hope st.

FOR SALE—149 AN ACRE FOR 28 ACRES adjoining the town of Gardena, good 6-room house, barn and out-buildings; 4 acres in blackberries; close to school, church, store and railroad station, good water supply; adjoining vacant land held at \$500 an acre. WILDE & STRONG, 228 W. Fourth st., Chamber of Commerce building.

FOR SALE—JURUPA RANCHO, ADJOINing Riverside; choice orange and lemon land, with one inch of water to each five acres; oldest water-right in Southern California; \$50 per acre; land to rent. I. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 406 Stimson Block. Country Property.

beet land, \$25 per acre; land to rent. I. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 468 SUmson Block.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT TO MAKE money relating alfalfa, cows, hogs, corn, chickens and all kinds of fruits and vegetables known to man, where water is cheap for irrigating and you have something to sell every day in the year, call on B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.

FOR SALE—ALAMITOS! ALAMITOS! AS BE DISHIP SIGN ON THE SIGN OF SIGN OF SIGN AND ALAMITOS! ALAMITOS

FOR SALE — \$25 AN ACRE WITH WATER, fine alfalfa and deciduous fruit land, WILDE & STRONG, 228 W. Fourth st. FOR SALE— CHEAP LANDS, RIVERSIDE county. HEMET LAND CO., 244 S. Br'dway.

## COR SALE-

FOR SALE—FOR GENUINE BARGAIN AND easy terms; see us before purchasing a home; 5 and 6-room cottages on hand; modern; all conveniences. JOHNSON & KEENEY CO., Builders, 104 S. Broadway. 11 FOR SALE—\$2100; NICE 6-ROOM COTTAGE, finely decorated; situated on Temple st.; terms \$200 cash, balance monthly; this property is worth \$3000; a bargain; only \$2100.

J. M. TAYLOR & Co., 102 Broadway. 12 FOR SALE—\$2800; INSTALLMENTS; NEW 2 stories; close in. Address L, box 58 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE-Hotels and Lodging-houses.

FOR SALE — 40-ROOM LODGING-HOUSE 30 rooms furnished, low rent, paying well every room taken, \$2500; no agents. Ad-dress L, box 57, TIMES OFFICE. 12

FOR SALE-Miscellaneon

FOR SALE—I HEAVY SET DORMER PLAT-form scales, cost \$125; will sell for \$50. Inearly new delivery wagon; cost \$120; will sell for \$75. I set double harness, used but short time; cost \$50; will sell for \$25. I first-class family driving horse, well bred, will weigh 1150; all the above can be seen at 308-310 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—NAVEL ORANGE TREES, 1, 2 and 3 years old, in frostless Redlands and Highland; also lemon and grape-fruit trees. Scaleless. EARL W. GARRISON, Redlands, Cal. F. C. RISING, agent, 103 N. Hill st., Los Angeles.

Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—GAS ENGINE, ALMOST NEW;

3 and 5-horse-power Golden Gate gasoline
engine; also deep well centrifugal pump.
Address 154-156 N. LOS ANGELES TO. FOR SALE-A FRAME BARN, 16136, 3 stories in height, 1 cistern tank 6 feet high and 9 feet in diameter. Inquire at 250 S. BUNKERHILL AVE.

FOR SALE — A FIRST-CLASS CONCORD business buggy horse and harness; either one separate. Apply to 435 S. BROADWAY, downstairs. downstairs.

FOR SALE—5-ROOM COTTAGE. SOUTH-west, \$1700, worth \$2500; only \$400 cash required. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second. FOR SALE — WAGON AND HAYRACK, \$15; buggy, \$20; will trade for light spring wagon. \$07 E. THIRD ST. 10 wagon, 507 E. THIRD ST. 10
FOR SALE—A GOOD 6 HORSE-POWER
engine and a 10 horse power boller. Inquire
at 509 COMMERCIAL ST.
FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND; 100 FEET OF
shelving, 50 feet counter, 20 feet 8-ft tables,
214 W. FOURTH ST.

FOR SALE - 4 6-HORSE POWER BOILER, very cheap. Apply at once at THE TIMES BUSINESS OFFICE. FOR SALE — NO. 1 EXPRESS WAGON, horse and harness for want of use. Apply 353 E. FIRST ST. 10

FOR SALE-FULL LEATHER TOP BUGGY, end springs, in good condition, chesp. 921 W. 18TH ST. W. 18TH ST.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, THE BEST HAY, wood and feed yard in the city, 1109 N. MAIN
12 FOR SALE — GOOD-SIZE BALDWIN RE-frigerator, at a bargain. 346 S. BROADWAY

FOR SALE — GENT'S WHEEL, GOOD AS new, \$35. YEWDALL, 443 Towns ave. 11 FOR SALE-A VERY NICE COUPE AND phaeton, Call at U. S. STABLES. 10

FOR EXCHANGE-

FOR EXCHANGE—JUST A FEW OF YOUR dollars, allver or pold, will get in exchange a lovely lot at Santa Monica next Saturday, July 11; no charge for reserved seats; come early and stay till we are through, and you may get a lot for 30 cents; this is straight. See us for map, ticket and pointers. H. M. RUSSELI, 449 Wilcox Block or Ben E Ward, Auctioneer, 123 W. Third st.

FOR EXCHANGE—A RARE COMBINATION; an elegant home, a paying investment, with a speculative future, theroughly modern 5-room, -story house; 10 acres in bearing fruit, adjoining city southwest; 2 street frontages; want city home and other property; good reasons for exchanging this fine income property. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

WANTED—A GOOD RESIDENCE IN LOS Angeles on Pasadena and a good ranch close in for one of the beat-paying business blocks in Minneapolis. A. H. KENYON, C55 Medical Block, Minneapolis, Minn. 12

FOR EXCHANGE—25 ACRES OF GOOD land for city lots, value 13509; 1310 25 lots in city for good eastern property. E. A. MILLER, 257 W. First st. 11

FOR SALE—A NEW DEPARTURE: CUT-rate prices on carriage painting by the old-est carriage-painter in the city. G. W. MARSH, 804 S. Main. FOR EXCHANGE-\$4500; HOUSE AND LOT;

BLOCK. 10
WANTED — AT ONCE, \$2100 ON 9-ROOM house and large lot, worth \$4500; pay good rate; room 14, CAL. BANK BLOCK. 10 FOR EXCHANGE - 160 ACRES FINE FARM land this county, for lodging-house furniture. 508 S. SPRING ST. FOR EXCHANGE - FIRST-CLASS FRUIT lands. G, box 61. TIMES OFFICE

WANTED — A SMALL, TEMPORARY dwelling put up at once for splendid plano and cash. Evenings 924 COTTAGE PLACE, or write.

BUY, SELL, EXCHANGE TYPE-WRITERS. good machines; rent \$3 month. CRIBB & CO., 1371/2 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE — FURNITURE OF 6 rooms for lot in town or on beach. ROOM 14, California Bank building.

FOR EXCHANGE — NEW '96 BICYCLE for top buggy. Address L, box 63, TIMES OFFICE. FOR EXCHANGE—HAY, WOOD & FEED yard 1109 N. MAIN ST. 12

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES-

FOR SALE—
Money-making wholesale and retail liquor business, good family trade established; located in principal city near Los Angeles. If you have the cash, here is a rare opportunity to get into a good paying business. If you mean business address 1, box 43. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PARTMER IN 40-ROOM LODGing-house, finely furnished; I have 2 and cannot attend to both; or would rent furnished to responsible party. Apply 233½ E. FIRST ST., afternoon or evening.

FIRST ST., afternoon or evening. 12

FOR SALE — COMPLETE FIXTURES AND lease of store 413 S. Spring st.; we are going into wholesale exclusively, and will make a good party a splendid offer. For particulars apply at STORE. 10

FOR SALE — A BILLIARD HALL WITH 4 fine tables, low rent, good business and a genuine bargain; don't fail to see this at once. For particulars see or address 1, box 60, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE — GENERAL MERCHANDISE, about \$2000; a good clean stock in a good town at a discount; terms to the right parties; a thorough investigation invited. Address 0, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE-THE BEST-PAYING MANU-

facturing business in the city, clearing a handsome profit monthly; part trade, price \$1500. E. T. CASEY & CO., 223 W. First st. FOR SALE — LUNCH-COUNTER AT THE beach; splendid show for making money, beach; splendid show for making money, \$250.

10 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A LOT OF GOOD GROCERS' fixtures, counters, shelving, scales, etc., at a bargain.H. JEVNE'S, 136 and 138 Spring

FOR SALE-CHOICE HOME RESTAURANT FOR SALE—FRUIT AND CIGAR STORE, 2 fine living rooms, rent only \$10; price \$125. 10 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — ICE CREAM AND CONFEC-tionery parlor at the beach; a bargain, \$225. 10 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway. FOR SALE—EXCLUSIVE CASH GROCER: trade; \$60 to \$75 per day; sells at invoice 10 I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway. WANTED-HONEST INDUSTRIOUS MAN TO LET - CORNER STORE, SIXTH AND Spring st.; now occupied by Hulse, Brad-ford & Co. D. FREEMAN.

## I SELL OUT ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS. I. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway. 10

To LET-Houses. TO LET-\$12: 5-ROOM COTTAGE, 2611 PENN-

O LET-\$12: 5-ROOM Staunton ave.

\$10-5-room, 1244 Staunton ave.
\$16-Store and rooms, 800 Buena Vista st.
\$10-5-room, 800 Buena Vista st.
\$10-5-room, 800 Buena Vista st.
ALLISON BARLOW,
123 S. Broadway.

TO LET-7-ROOM COTTAGE, BATH, WITH 1 acre of ground, fenced, and barn, suitable for chickens, or wood and feed yard or florist; will lease to responsible party; location 418 E, 23d st. F. H. REIPER, 108 S. Broadway.

TO LET-WITH PRIVILEGE OF BUYING

MEAD, 116 S. FIGALWAY.

TO LET-IN VERNON, NEAR CAR LINE, house of 6 rooms, with water, with or without 4 acres of land, improved. See owner, A. L. WHITNEY, at 1115 S. Hope st.

TO LET — SPLENDID 7-ROOM HOUSE, ideal neighborhood, lawn, flowers, all conveniences; only \$25 to right party, 1971 Park Grove ave. JOHNSON, 104 S. Broadway. 11 TO LET - COMPLETELY FURNISHED house at Santa Monica, on Second st., 50 house at Santa Monica, on Second st., feet from electric cars. Apply 314 Secon st., Santa Monica, Cal.

TO LET—\$16; WATER PAID, ON E. 21ST ST.
5-room cottage, everything modern, WEAV-ER & WHIPPLE, Rental Agency, 125½ W.
Second St.

TO LET-485½ TEMPLE ST., NICE 4-ROOM modern flat; one block from Courthouse; cheap rent. D. C. BURREY, room 88, Temple block. TO LET — TO LEASE FOR OIL; GOOD location. K. W. WING, cor. Council and Welcome sts. OST, STRAYED TO LET-FOR SHOEMAKER SHOP, GOOD room, Second near Broadway; only \$35
Apply Room 308 WILCOX BUILDING, 12
TO LETT - PROCH HOTEL BUILDING
Sixth st., San Pedro, good location. Inquire A. P. JENSEN, San Pedro, STRAYED — FROM GEORGE MASON'S, 1297 S. GRAND AVE., 19-year old gray horse, nearly white, branded on left fore leg, weighs about 1000 pounds; puff on left nostril; foretop clipped. Return and get \$5 reward.

TO LET - NEW 5-ROOM MODERN COT tage, cellar, attic, stable; just west of West lake Park. 750 RAMPART ST. TO LET-10 ROOMS ELEGANTLY DECO rated, modern house, cheap to good tenants Inquire 923 S. PEARL. 10

Inquire 923 S. PEARL. 107

TO LET — 30-ROOM LODGING-HOUSE, Spring st., near First. J. F. BUMILLER & CO., 213 W. First st. 10

TO LET—UPPER FLAT, 7 AIRY ROOMS, close in, every convenience. Apply 115 S. OLIVE ST. 10

TO LET-5-ROOM NEW COTTAGE, WITH bath, on Maple ave. Apply 338 S. OLIVE ST.

TO LET—5-ROOM COTTAGE, 1973 LOVE-lace ave. Inquire room 8, 125 TEMPLE T. 12 lace ave. Inquire room 8, 125 TEMPLE T. 12

TO LET — 4-ROOM COTTAGE, CLOSE IN.
Inquire W. H. Tuthill, 216 S. Broadway. TO LET — PRETTY KENSINGTON FLAT
441 TEMPLE ST.; every convenience. 10

TO LET — 6-ROOM COTAGE, STABLE,
large yard, etc. 518 E. 12TH ST. 10

TO LET—NICE COTTAGE, 4 ROOMS, NEWly-papered. Apply 229 E. SIXTH. TO LET-4-ROOM COTTAGE. 789 S. MAIN.

## TO LET-10-ROOM HOUSE, 349 S. OLIVE. 12 TO LET- 6-ROOM HOUSE, 1009 S. MAIN. STOCKS AND MORTGAGES-

FOR SALE-7 PER CENT. STREET IMprovement bonds; new issue on good property; you can invest from 350 up. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH. room 308 Wilcox building. Second and Spring. 11

FOR SALE-300 SHARES OF LOS ANGEIES NAtional Bank stock; 5 shares of Security Loan Trust Company's stock. Apply ENTLER & OBEAR, 12 S. Broadway. 10

TO LET-2, 4, OR 6 LARGE, NEW ROOMS bath, close in, cheap rent. Apply COM. PTG HOUSE, 137 S. Broadway.

TO LET-3 OR 4 FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, cheap, for housekeeping. 30 E. WASHINGTON ST. 13

TO LET-FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms at the ST. LAWRENCE, corner of Seventh and Main ets.

TO LET-NICE LIGHT ROOMS AND OF fices in the NOLAN & SMITH BLOCK, Second and Broadway.

ond and Broadway.

70 LET - 2 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for light housekeeping; private family. 427 S. HILL.

TO LET-ROOMS, FURNISHED AND UN-

furnished; new, clean, best in city. 595 S. SPRING ST. 10

TO LET — FINELY FURNISHED FRONT sulte, cheap; no children. CAMDEN, 6184, S. Sections.

Sulfe, cheap; 10 Carlottes 10

TO LET-3 NICE ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPing, 36, water paid. 710 N. HILL, near Bellevue ave.

TO LET-2 FRONT FURNISHED ROOMS,
rent \$14, housekeeping privileges. 649 S.

HILL,
TO LET - NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS,
\$1.25 per week. CAMDEN, 618½ S. Spring.
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\$5 reward. 12

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FOUND — SMALL BLACK PONY, LAME
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Owner can have same by proving property
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## The Tos Americs Times

VOLUME XXXL

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GROVER CLEVELAND AND THE NEW DEMOCRACY.

By a vote of 568 to 354 the Chicago convention refused to indorse the administration of President Cleveland. Perhaps no administration has ever been so overwhelmingly repudiated by its party as has that of Mr. Cleveland. This fact illustrates the precariousness of political life, and the fickleness of popular favor. Grover Cleveland was for some years the idol of his party. He has been honored as few men have been honored by their political supporters. He has been placed upon a pedestal and worshiped as a being but little less than a demigod. Now, almost with the suddenness and fury of a Kansas cyclone, his party turns upon him in anger and denunciation, hissing the mention of his name in its national convention, and by a nearly two-thirds vote refusing to in-

deed "the most unkindest cut of all." President Cleveland has not merited this overwhelming vote of censure. It is a gross and cruel injustice. It is, moreover, cowardly; for it is an attempt to make him the scapegoat of his party, and to unload upon him the obloquy and the disgrace which should be borne by the Democratic party in common, not by any one man,

dorse his administration. This is in-

The Democratic party cannot escape the adverse judgment of the American people by so cowardly a makeshift as the sacrifice of its whilom idol. It underestimates the public understanding if it supposes that so shallow a subterfuge will pass current at 16 to 1, or at any other ratio.

It is true that President Cleveland's administration brought disaster upon the country. But Mr. Cleveland is not personally responsible for the ruin that has been wrought. He is the mere representative of the principles and the ories that controlled his party, and shaped its policies four years ago. Mr. Cleveland is the instrument, not the cause, of the misfortunes that have attended his accession to power. He has, in the main, carried out in good faith the pledges of the Democratic platform, so far as he was able to

In the matter of tariff revision, his party stopped far short of its ante-election declarations. But Mr. Cleveland is neither to be condemned nor commended for this failure to realize in full the free-trade programme of disaster. He would have gone to the full length demanded by the platform upon which he was elected, and he was much disgusted and chagrined because the leaders of his party in Congress did not have the courage to put the knife deeper into Republican protection. which the Democratic platform of 1892 declared to be "a fraud," a "robbery of the many for the benefit of a few." the culminating atrocity of class legislation," etc. Mr. Gorman and his political confreres in the Senate saved the Democratic party from itself and the country from the extreme disasters of free trade by forcing a modification of the more radical features of the Wilson bill. But Mr. Ceveland and Mr. Wilson and the radical free traders of the Democracy were far more consistent apostles of the Democratic faith, as voiced by the Chicago platform of 1892, than the mild protectionists of the Gorman faction. Mr. Cleveland is a truer and more loyal exemplar of Democratic principles than are those mer of the new Democracy, who are traduc ing and insulting him at the Chicago

He heartily indorsed the platform of 1892, stood upon it courageously and sought earnestly to carry out its declarations. If his course led to disaster, the platform and the party that made it were responsible. Cleveland alone. He is entitled to the commendations of his party for his consistency and courage, not to its censure. He should be given the glad and, not the marble heart.

One of the most serious charges gainst President Cleveland by the anarchistic gang now assembled at Chi cago is the fact that he has authorized the issue of bonds to protect the credit FIFTEENTH YEAR

threatened. The injustice of blaming Mr. Cleveland for pursuing this course is obvious to any person of discernment, whose judgment is not warped by prejudice. The issue of bonds was a necessary expedient to meet a grave crisis. The administration had no alternative but to issue bonds or to allow the nation's credit to lapse which would have brought ruin and bankruptcy to the people of the entire country. The toppling of public credit would have smashed private credit from one

would have been as a summer zephyr to a tornado. Not President Cleveland but his party is responsible for the conditions which made the bond issues an im perative necessity. He is jointly but not solely blamable for these conditions. The bond issues were an effect not a cause. They were an effect o the free-trade victory of 1892, which landed Mr. Cleveland in the White House. That victory throttled industry, impaired confidence, injured credit, reduced the revenues and cre ated the untoward conditions which

nade the issue of bonds an imperative

end of this land to the other, and would

have wrought ruin and disaster, com-

pared to which the distress of 1893-94

though deplorable necessity. For these reasons it is grossly unust and cowardly for Mr. Cleveland's colitical congeners to attempt to make him the scapegoat for the blunders and crimes of the entire party. The attempt will be futile, for the American people have too much sagacity and sound common sense to be so egre giously deceived. They will place the responsibility just where it belongs, upon the Democratic party as a whole and not upon Grover Cleveland. And the people will manifest their understanding of the situation, and wil emphasize their disgust at the cowardly attempt to sacrifice Mr. Cleveland or the altar of Democratic incompetency, by electing William McKinley the next President of the United States.

When Richard Cobden first made his great battle for free trade he earn estly and honestly believed that before a half-century had elapsed free trade would be the governing commercial principle of the world. That was just fifty years ago, and the world is no nearer general free trade than it was on the day that the Queen affixed her signature to Mr. Cobden's corn-law bill. On the contrary, the British colonies n Australia (with the exception of New South Wales) are singularly in favor of protection against the cheap labor of the alleged "mother country:" and even in England a strong reactionary sentiment against free trade is developing, day by day.

The filing of a schedule in bankruptcy, during the past week, by Angeles dealer in bicycles named Axtell, brings back a memory of a well-known politician of that name from Amador county, who was the first Democratic Congressman elected from this State after the close of the civil war. Before his term was out he became satisfied he could not be re-elected from this State, and so he flopped over to the Republicans. At the close of his term President Grant appointed him Governor of New Mexico, and the Territorial papers used to speak of him as "His Axtellency."

The deliberations of the Chicago convention would read, to one familiar with the political history of our country, like one of Charley Hoyt's farce comedies, were it not for the Mephistophelian face of Altgeld and the presence on the floor of the convention of the wretched moral cowards who, in the hope of preferment, have lifted that political harpy into power. It is his presence in a convention of the party that had Andrew Jackson as its leader for ten years after he was dead, that makes the Chicago convention little less than a tragedy.

The name of the anarchist, Altgeld, is a combination of two German words signifying "old gold." But this redheaded defier of decency has no gold in his composition, unless he has been given some at the Keeley cure institute. He is not even good clean silver. but argentiferous galena of the lowest grade, like the black stuff found in the "Broken Hills" of Australia. The metallurgy of Altgeld's nature is what our Pacific miners call "roasting ore." To this method of treating Altgeld the attention of old Mr. Mephistopheles is respectfully directed by a long-suffer-

The Democracy are trying to apologize for Mr. Cleveland by saying that of the government when it has been he is not taking any further steps to-

ward free trade than he was when first elected. That is all well enough, but it "Stop thief?" with might and main, don't fill the bill. What the people want is a few steps backward to the good old times we had when the McKinley tariff was in force during Harrison's administration; and when Cleveland was renting out the use of his name to a New York law firm for \$20,000 a year. By the same token we are going to have those good old times again.

It is said that a French gentleman of San Francisco recently called on Corbett, the pugilist, while he was in training and expressed his admiration of Pompadour Jim and his great muscular development. On being asked by Jeems why it was that France had never produced a great pugilist, the intelligent Crapaud at once replied, 'Vhy, you see, Monsieur Corbett, zat when ze French zhentleman spick, he find it impossible to kip hees hands still." Jim was satisfied with the explanation.

We have gone a whole week without any first-class sensation, like the shooting of an octogenarian millionaire in open court by the sister of his so-called victim; or the murder of his wife and her parents by a son-in-law with weak mind and loose morals. Yet who shall say that the daily press has not had news enough to dish up to its readers without publishing an Ash ley suit of the Ethiopian mail persua sion or a wholesale murder like tha perpetrated by Dunham?

A few weeks ago the Falstaff of the White House wrote a letter (he has a mania for that sort of work) in which he stated that he would henceforth be content to be a private in the ranks of the Democracy. To judge from the way that an indorsement of his administration was voted down at Chicago his only way to receive recognition as a private is to hire a substitute, as he did during the civil war, when he was drafted into the army from Erie county, New York.

According to the Examiner, some of the delegates to the National Populist Convention which meets in St. Louis on the 22d, favor Eugene V. Debs for President. It is doubtful, however whether Mr. Debs can secure sufficien strength to give him the first place on the ticket. How would Altgeld and Debs do, as the rallying cry for the Populists? Such a ticket would undoubtedly bring out the full strength of the Anarchists.

President Cleveland, though repudi ted and spat upon by the Chicago convention, will probably not be wholly nconsolable. He is something of philosopher, and will doubtless reflect that there is really more honor in a vote f censure than in a vote of indorse ment from such a gang of wild-eved anarchistic, socialistic and Populistic ranks as the flat-coinage majority of he National Democratic Convention.

The whirligig of time brings som strange changes. Four years ago Senator Hill was leading the onslaught against Cleveland, but met with overwhelming defeat. Now he is one of the leaders in the fight for the administration, but is again on the losing side "by a large majority." Mr. Hill would better change his once proud boast, "I am a Democrat," to "I am a Jonah.

A singular spectacle is that of 175. 000 Spanish troops holding down the city of Havana while 40,000 half-naked Cubans have almost undisputed posession of all the rest of Cuba. It shows that Spain's chances of conquering that island are daily growing less. A President that had not been drafted-Garfield or Hayes, for instance, to say nothing of Grant-would have recognized the independence of Cuba long

Old Wade Hampton said, at the ceremony of unveiling Jeff Davis's statu at Richmond that if the Confederate flag were still floating he would still be in the field and fighting for it. But how about that \$5000 salary that Wade is drawing from the United States government as railway commissioner-would he continue to draw that while fighting against "the old flag?"

Santa Barbara has a vegetarian res aurant that would have pleased old Syvester Graham himself if he were here to see it. No doubt the farinaceous dishes served up there are very toothsome during this heated term, but when the November frosts approach, there is nothing like a porterhouse steak with baked potatoes, washed down with a good cup of coffee

A late New Zealand paper says that while exploring the volcanic sands on Cloudy Bay, near the base of Mt. Cook Mr. Walker Mantell found a gigantic egg, the diameter of which was as great as that of his hat. The Maori journal above quoted should have added the words, "through which he is in the habit of talking.

David Bennett Hill said yesterday, in the Chicago convention, that "Nev York is the Gibraltar of the Democ racy." The Elmira Senator is not far from being correct, for Gibraltar is a great rock in the Atlantic Ocean; and New York will rock the Democratic party to sleep next November, as sure as the good Lord made water to run down hill.

Senator Hill received an ovation when he spoke yesterday in the Demo cratic convention, and his speech was an eloquent one. But it fell on deaf ears. The jury was packed, and the verdict had been predetermined.

No one can cry "Stop thief!" so ocratic party has stolen the prosperity

hoping thus to divert suspicion from itself. But the people are "onto the racket," and will allow no guilty man to escape.

So far, Mr. Huntington has taken no steps toward the erection of that monument to the City Council and Mayor on his long wharf at Santa Monica. Mr. Huntington is certainly very ungrateful man.

Tillman went up like a rocket and came down like a stick at the Chicago convention yesterday. The "dull thud" which he made on coming down was drowned in torrents of hisses.

The 16-to-1 statesmen have a large majority of the delegates on the floor of the Democratic convention, but the sympathies of the audiences seem to be with the sound-money cause.

There be dark horses and dark orses galore. But G. Cleveland is not one of them.

As a spellbinder, Bryan of Nebraska has the lead.

Looks as though it might be Bryan

### AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

ORPHEUM. The announced change of programme of the vitascope at the Orpheum last evening was well reeived, though some of the plates which had just arrived from New York were broken in transit, and could not be presented. The view of the whirlpool rapids of Niagara Falls was a most realistic picture, showing the rushing roaring, whirling foam-beaten waves and splashing sprays true to nature. Another view presented was that of Atlantic Ocean breakers rolling up to shore in the vivid way peculiar to the beaches of that turbulent pond The picture of the female equilibrist do-ing a difficult act was appreciated, but the sympathies of the audience went out to the two performers in the kiss-ing scene, and the graceful woman who

## ANOTHER ARMORY SITE.

The Ponet Property Will Probably The armory board of the National guard held another meeting last even-

ing to discuss the matter of procuring a site for the new armory.

Maj. Owens reported that there was some hitch in the O'Dea site, and authority was given to lease the Ponet Another meeting of the board will be held tonight.

### NEY'S EXECUTION.

Absurd Attempts to Prove that Mar-shal Ney Escaped to America. "A Family Record of Ney's Execu

tion," written by Mme. Campan, is con-tributed to the July Century by a rela-tive of this lady, George Clinton Genet of Greenbush, N. Y. Mr. Genet, in a preparatory note, says: "An absurd at-tempt has been made recently to prove in a published volume that Ney was ot shot in 1815, but escaped to America and became a schoolmaster in North Carolina, where he lately died. An al-leged fac simile of his writing is given n the book, as well as one of the writngs of the old French cavalryman who it is alleged, when drunk on a certain occasion, declared himself to be the Duke of Elchingen. The writing which t is claimed is the genuine writing of the marshal seems doubtful when com pared with that known to be his, and the assumed similarity between that and the writing of the old French sol-dier of North Carolina is inconceivable. It is absurd to suppose that Ney should have proclaimed himself to be the Duke have proclaimed himself to be the Duke of Elchingen, since at the time of his execution he was Prince of Moskowa, and no longer Duke of Elchingen.

It is impossible that, as is asserted in the book referred to, Ney should have consented to the subterfuge of being shot at by muskets charged with powder alone, and after falling and pretending to be dead, should have suffered himself to be carried into exile in a strange land. At the battle of Waterloo Ney vainly sought death wherever the battle was fiercest. With an army of sixty thousand mem still left, he loo Ney vainly sought death wherever the battle was fiercest. With an army of sixty thousand man still left, he capitulated under the walls of Paris, upon condition of general amnesty of offenses both civil and military. These terms were basely violated, and to satisfy the clamor of the returned aristocrats of the old regime. Ney was executed. Wellington could have prevented this crime after the condemnation by the chamber of peers, but did not, for reasons best known to himself. Ney was offered an opportunity to escape, but refused. He asked the soldiers to fire at his heart, and they did. Moreover, at the time when it is claimed that Ney was concealing himself in North Carolina, Joseph Bonaparte was living at Bordentown, and his house and his fortune would have been at Ney's disposal. Moreover, after the fall of the Bourbons there would have been no reason why Ney should not have returned to France. In 1832 Eugene Ney, his third son, visited the United States, and went to the house of his kinsman Genet, who resided on the Hudson, near Albany, but never heard of this alleged Duke of Elchingen. It is kinsman Genet, who resided on the Hud-son, near Albany, but never heard of this alleged Duke of Elchingen. It is useless to follow these absurdities further. Ney is burled in Pére la Chaise at Paris, with two of his sons and his brother-in-law Gamot. A plain slab marks the place. On the spot where he was executed stands a monument erected by the French government.

PHILLADA ON HER WHEEL

When I was but a lad, Long ago, This simple lore I had, Don't you know? That every maiden fair That every maiden fair, Was an angel unaware; And I wondered when and where The wings would grow.

But wiser now am I,
A good deal;
Though I've sometimes seem them fly,
Yet I feel They are something just between Man and angel in their mien, Since my Philiada I've seen On her wheel.

She does not show a sign
Of a wing;
But her figure is divine,
And the fling
Of her abbreviated gown,
As she flickers through the town,
Might buy the throne and crown
Of a king. No balo of a saint
Does she wear:
Such as Lippo loved to paint,
But her hair,
As when all heaven streams
Through the landscape of my dreams,
In such glory floats and gleams
On the air.

But not all for heaven she—
Not too good!
Yet she's good enough for me
In any mood;
And if her dashing wheel
Took her even to the de'll,
Thither, toe, I'd gently steal—
Yes, I would.
(Charles D Roberts in New York Truth

# THE CAUSE.

Pith of the American Press on Mc'Kinley's Candidacy.

The Republican Party as a Popular Educator.

Room for Criticism-He Speal Without Evasion—A Battle in the Open Field — How the Wilson Tariff Has Helped Europe, etc.

(Portland Oregonian:) Nothing beter illustrates the informing spirit of the Republican and Democratic parties tion was made clear by discussion in the Republican ranks, sound-money sentiment advanced! while, as the dis-cussion alvances in the Democratic ranks, the free-silver movement gains momentum. The evidence is thus af-forded that the Republican party today, as in 1860, contains the character and intelligence of the Northern States.

## A Clear Statement.

(Baltimore American:) Mr. McKin ley's speech in reply is a clear state-ment of the attitude of the Republican party toward all of the leading public ssues. Protection, reciprocity, finance and the maintenance of a firm American policy are discussed frankly, with-out the slightest evasion, and without an effort to give any one matter undue prominence over the others, except as far as its importance or its intricacy may require

### Without Evasion.

(Boston Advertiser:) The issues of the campaign were set forth in their true order and due proportion, and from first word to last word there was not a sentence or a syllable which either malice or madness, folly or falsehood could construe into the appearance of evasion or timidity.

(Pittsburgh Dispatch:) Gov. Mc-Kinley's speech on the occasion of the formal notification of his nomination makes his stand clear before the coun-try. He indorses and stands on the platform as a whole. He takes its prin-ciples as his fighting ground, and clearly pledges himself to their support in the campaign and in office.

### Democratic Praise.

Democratic Praise.

(Philadelphia Record:) It commits him to "the existing gold standard," as his party is committed, and the honor and good faith of the nation demands. This declaration was what the country wished to hear. Mr. McKinley has taken the first formal occasion to put himself at the front, where he ought to stand. We give him credit. He deserves it.

No Room for Honest Criticism. (Hartford Post:) While there will be a more formal acceptance and a fuller statement of Mr. McKinley's opinions about the platform on which he stands, there can no longer be any honest Democratic criticism of his money convictions. In fact, there never has been any doubt as to where Mr. McKinley stood on this great issue.

A Battle in an Open Field. (New York Tribune:) Four years go the fight was against an ambus ago the light was agreat many mis-guided voters had been lured by de-ceitful promises and dishonest party cries. Today their eyes are open. They see now how they were deceived, and know how dearly they have pald for t. This fight will be in the open. The Democratic party will stand for free sil-Democratic party will stand for free sliver and free trade; for a dishonest currency which will cheat the workingman of his hire, and a ruinous fiscal policy which cheats him of a market for his labor. It is altogether best it should be so; that the battle be joined with a fair understanding in an open field, and that the American people have an opportunity to meet the issue squarely.

# (Chicago News:) There must be some mistake in the report that Mr. McKinley is descended from an ancient Scottish family. Surely Mr. McKinley could not have done other than ascend.

## Mr. Platt's Agility.

(Mexican Herald:) One can't help wondering how Gov. Morton likes Platt's gymnastic handspring into the McKinley musical charlot. It was "so sudden like" as the widow remarked when bereaved by a railway accident.

## They Can't Be Fooled.

(Iowa State Register:) The Republi-cans of the Eighth Iowa District are going in for McKinley and prosperity as to a man. They cannot be deceived by Democrats, who, having made a failure of the free trade experiment are now seeking to add a free silver failure to their free trade failure; silver panic to their industrial panic

He Has Their Confidence. (Las Vegas, N. M., Optic.) The per sonal following of William McKinle and the profound confidence in his ability to bring back prosperity will carry the Republican party through the

It Helped Europe.

(Boston Commercial Bulletin:) The Wilson tariff gave Europe one season of wonderful activity and enormous profits, but by smashing down American industries it has cut off the purchasing power of the American people, and checked the purchases of foreign as well as domestic goods. The insensate folly of the American people in flinging away their prosperity in 1892 seems like some strange outbreak of lunacy now. The lesson has been indeed bitter.

## Tabulating a Pedigree. (Iowa State Register:) A Mr. Rooney has figured it out that the blood of eighty Irish kings flows in the blood of McKinley. We will leave this matter to the Scotch and Irish. In the meantime he is also something of an

Agriculturally Speaking (Iowa State Register:) William Mc-Kinley is the candidate for President upon a declaration for the speedlest possible return of the good old days of 1890, and thereabouts, when the aver-age consumption of wheat in this coun-try was six bushels per capita, while in these degenrate Democratic days it is only three bushels per capita per year.

## A Change for the Better. (San Diego Tribune:) When President Cleveland retires from the White House the government will be in debt \$1,000,000,000 more than when he moved in And this in a time of peace! A poor showing indeed for the Democratiparty. With the advent of McKinley there will be a decided change for the better.

"A Burnt Child," etc. (San Bernardino Times-Index:) Kinley's nomination furnishes London Chronicle the text for a tremendous advantage free trade would be to the United States in enabling it to compete in the markets of the world. That sort of argument will not have as much weight in this country this year as it had once. The people have tried a little approach toward free trade, and they do not like it.

William Sets the Fashion. (St. Louis Chronicle:) McKinley neck-tles are a novelty in haberdashery in the East. Tom Platt is not responsi-ble for the fashion, but he is wearing one of the ties.

Disappoints the Mugwun (Chicago Inter Ocean:) Maj. McKin ley has been outspoken upon the money question, but the mugwumps are much because he did not mention it before protection and declare it the great issue before the people. They will continue to be disappointed. The enemy seem afraid to be hauled up before the laboring millions on the protection issue boring millions on the protection issue and will fight hard to have the question

(Iowa State Register:) There may be some who cannot "swallow" the Republican platform whole, but there are none who cannot "swallow" Maj. McKinley and the return to prosperity which he represents and will accom-

### Not a Pivotal State.

Not a Pivotal State.

(Chicago Inter Ocean:) In 1892 that party was accepted on its promises. In 1894 it was judged by its work. It had repealed the Republican protection laws and brought financial ruin, industrial depression, and beggary to wage-earners. The voters of Illinois repudiated the Democratic party in 1894 and voted in favor of the restoration of "McKinleyism." They will continue to so vote until the protection policy is restored, and they will not allow Gov. Altgeld and Buck Hinrichsen to shift the issue. Illinois is not a pivotal State this year. this year.

## The Only Way to Do It. (San José Mercury:) What California wants is a revival of business, so that capital and labor can both be profitably employed, and to bring that about it must vote for McKinley and protec-

Utah's All Right. (Milwaukee Sentinel:) The encouraging news comes from Salt Lake City that Republicans generally are disposed to stand by their party ticket. It is evident the bolters are by no means as generally supported at home as they expected to be.

### The English View of It.

The English View of It.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) The day after the Republican National Convention the London News made the strange announcement that Mr. George had been selected for Vice-President, and that he is a 'hobart of New Jersey." No doubt the London paper was a much puzzied to know what a hobart is as Thackeray was to comprehend the nature of the many biddles to whom he was introduced in Philadelphia.

## (Topeka Daily Capital:) Sovereign he with the iron jaw and lily-white hands that have not known labor for

twenty years, says Mark Haena is an industrial cannibal. This is the first that has been heard from Sovereign since he ordered a boycott on the na New Mexico Stands Firm

(Rincon Weekly:) The Republican party in New Mexico is in splendid shape to win a most glorious victory this fall providing no mistakes are made and the proper men are nomi-nated. Cast aside all personal feelings and work for men best conditioned to bring success to the party. The election this year is a momentous one, and no opening for defeat should be left. The enemy is on the alert. Organize and meet him on his own ground."

## What the Major Meant.

(Detroit Journal:) The rich man can protect himself. He can write it in his contract how he is to be paid, and ex-act the condition of his bond. But the act the condition of his bond. But the poor man has no such protection. The laborer must fake what goes. The farmer will find his bushels dwindle to half bushels when he takes the proceeds to buy what he needs. There are men crying for cheap money because they hope to cheat some one by paying half dollars for the whole dollars which they owe. But it will not be the rich—the capitalists—who will suffer in the end. It will be the men who by brawn and brain carry forward the production of the world. The only dollar that is good for a poor man, a working man, a good for a poor man, a working man, a man who earns his bread by his labor, is the honest dollar—the dollar that is exactly what it professes to be. That is what McKinley means by "the best money in the world."

### AMERICA'S MAGNA CHARTA. John Adams Tells How They Drafted

the Great Declaration. John Adams, in a letter to Timothy

Pickering, gives the following account of the preparation of the Declaration of Independence:

"The sub-committee met. Jefferson proposed to me to make the draft. I said, 'I will not.' 'You should do it.' said he. 'Oh, no,' said I. 'What can be your reasons?' said he. 'Reason first.' said I. 'What can be your reasons?' said he. 'Reason first.' said I, 'you are a Virginian, and a Virginian ought to appear at the head of this business. Reason second, I am obnoxious (bad slip in the use of that word, Mr. Adams.) suspected, unpopular. You are very much otherpopular. You are very much otherwise. Reason third, you can write ten times better than I can. 'Well,' said Jefferson, 'if you are decided, I will do as well as I can.' 'Very well,' said I, 'when you have drawn it up, we will have a meeting.' A meeting we accordingly had, and conned the paper
over. I was delighted with its high
tone, and the flights of oratory with
which it abounded, especially that contone, and the flights of oratory with which it abounded, especially that concerning negro slavery, which though I knew his Southern brethren would never allow to pass, I certainly never would oppose. There were other expressions which I would not have inserted if I had drawn it up, particularly that which called the king tyrant. I thought this too personal, for I never believed George to be a tyrant in disposition and nature. I thought the expression too passionate and too much like scolding for so grave and solemn a document, but as Franklin and Sherman were to inspect it afterward I thought it would not become me to strike it out. We reported it to the Committee of Five. It was read, and I do not remember that Franklin or Sherman criticised anything. We were all in haste. Congress was impatient, and the instrument was reported, as I believe, in Jefferson's handwriting, as he first drew it. Congress cut off about a quarter of it, as I expected they would, but they obliterated some of the best of it and left all that was exceptionable, if anything in it was. I have long wondered (this in 1822) that the original draft has never been published. I suppose the reason is the vehement philippic against negro slavery."

This account brings us as near to the facts in the preparation of the Declara-

is the venement painippic against negro shavery."

This account brings us as near to the facts in the preparation of the Declaration as we shall ever arrive. It may be of interest to add that when the declaration was reported to the house, John Hancock, the President, was absent on account of sickness—as was said—and during that eventful day—July 2—and the exciting days that followed up to and including the Fourth the chair was occupied by Benjamin Harrison, great grandfather of Gen. Benjamin Harrison of Indiana.

# GROVER'S NAME.

New Form of Green Goods Game.

Arrest of the Alleged Son of John S. Bell.

Bade the Secret Service Defiance for Three Years.

leveland's honesty as an Executive Was Brought into Question in

### (BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE. NEW YORK, July 9 .- (Special Dis-

patch.) The Herald says a new form of green-goods game has been played upon nnocents in the West by Sherwood, a young man who declares he is the son of John S. Bell, formerly chief of the United States Secret Service. Young Bell, as he calls himself, is in custody in Neosho, Mo., and the secret service agents are now congratulating themselves that they have finally captured the man who, for three years, has bid them all defiance.

The swindle which young Bell is said to have perpetrated involves no less a person than Grover Cleveland, President of the United States. Cleveland's name was used by Bell in his operations. Cleveland's honesty as an executive was brought into question, and the young rascal had the effrontery to declare that Cleveland was fully apprised of what he was doing, and it

was being done with his consent.

Bell's scheme was partly political. By some means, probably by careful inquiry among politicians, he ascertained the names of men in various small towns, who were warm Cleveand adherents. He is a man of ingratiating manners and excellent address. He represented to the intended victims that he was a member of the Secret Service, and he had been delegated upon the special mission of organization of the secret service, whose purpose was the election of Cleveland to the third term as President. He was in the habit of informing dyed-in-the-Cleveland appreciated the fact that proposition that he should be reelected, and he took the advantage the secret service for the purpose of organizing his friends and to place in their hands material with which to fight his battle

Bell told his confidents that when reenbacks were made the plates were not destroyed, as was the general impression, but they were put aside in ecret vaults by friends of Cleveland so the latter might have full control of the hoarded money when the proper time came. It was necessary, in order to use the money to the best advantage, to determine on men in the various who would do to trust to the political compact. It was for that purpose the Secret Service was to be then told his victim the latter's name was on Cleveland's list as a man who a man to trust in that particular sec-

tion.
Then Bell would declare it was the intention of the organizers of the so-clety to supply each member with \$4000 of greenbacks so that they might use the money in a way which would be most advantageous to Cleveland, This money would be sent them as soon as he forwarded their names and their initiation fees of \$250 each. Bell found many victims, mainly in the West, and secured by his operations over \$50,000. He is now in prison and will stay many years, as he will be prosecuted in every State in which he has operated.

## THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

A Daily Resume of Events for Your Scrap Book. On July 10 of the years named occurred the collowing important events in the world's his-

tory: HOLIDAYS. Saints The Seven Brothers, Rufina, Se

DEATHS

BIRTHS. 1509—John Calvin. 1666—John Ernst Grabe. 1723—Sir William Blackstone. 1792—George M. Dallas. 1792—Frederick Marryatt, novelist.

138—Hadrian, Emperor of 1 983—Pope Benedict VII. 1024—Pope Benedict VIII. 1559—Henry II of France. 1680—Louis Moreri. 1686—Bishop Tell.

1886—Bishop Tell.
1796—David Rittenhouse.
1873—Fred Winterhalter, painter.
1884—Paul Morphy, noted chess-player.
1885—Col. H. P. Harris.
1886—Henry K. Brown, sculptor.
1892—Jenny Freeman (Kate Castleton.).
1894—Philip C. Tucker, high Mason, of Washington.
1895—Allan Pettibone, Father of the Millerites, at Hartford.

OTHER EVENTS.

OTHER EVENTS.

1414—Henry V claimed restoration of English possessions in France.

1460—Battle of Northampton, England, War of Roses.

1559—Accession of Francis II of France.
1584—William, Prince of Orange, assassinated.

1777—Capture of British General Prescott,
Bristol, R. I.

1806—Mutiny of the Sepoys at Vellore, India.

Six hundred killed and 200 executed.

1832—President Jackson vetoed bill to recharter U. S. Bank.

1850—Millard Fillmore, Vice-President, took office left vacant by President Taylor's death.

1861—Ten Senators expelled from United

death.

1861—Ten Senators expelled from United
Statet Senate for treason.

1863—Mexican Empire proclaimed Maximilian Emperor.

1864—Steamship Electric Spark and four other
vessels captured and destroyed by Confederate cruiser Florida.

1873—Signor Minketti ended the political
crisis in Italy by forming new ministry.

crisis in Italy by forming new min-istry.

1885-Fitteen thousand men idle in Michigan lumber regions.

1885-Arrival in Chicago of first carload of fruit shipped from Oregon.

1885-Law revived in France to educate every seventh child born at state's expense.

1887-Strike on Brooklyn Elevated road..

1888-All brakemen on C., B. and Q. R. R.

1890—President approved act of admission of 1890—Gov. Pattison ordered the entire divi-sion of National Guard of Pennsylva-nia to Homestead. 1898—Cold Storage fire at World's Fair, Chi-

nia to Homestead.

1893—Cold Storage fire at World's Fair, Chlcago: twenty lives lost.

1894—One thousand people killed by earthquake at Constantinople.

1894—Knights of Labor ordsred on general
strike.

1895—Corneli crew defeated at Henley by
Trinity Hall eight.



The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, July 9.—At 5 a.m., the barometer registered 28.99; at 5 p.m., 29.88. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 64 deg. and 74 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 95 per cent.; 5 p.m., 66 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northwest, velocity, 2 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity, 6 miles. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Maximum temperature, 83 deg.; minimum temperature, 63 deg.

Barometer reduced to sea level.



ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Some people never will be satisfied In Williams, Ariz., there is a female hula-hula dancer, who is not lavish in the use of clothing. And now they want a Dr. Parkhurst.

A Prescott, Ariz., paper, referring to two criminals in jail under sentence of death, speaks of them as "in sus pense." Are we to understand that the process of hanging? If so, no wonthe grand jury complains.

An ideal juryman has been found in Riverside. He was being examined for admission to a jury to sit on a murder case. An attorney asked him if he knew the "deceased," when he pointed to the prisoner and asked: "Is that him?" The fact was explained to him that the "deceased" was not present, but was quite dead.

Eleven new citizens were admitted in the Superior Court of this county yesterday. In almost every instance men went immediately to the registration department and qualified as voters. Are our native born citizens taking as deep an interest in the an month from today the Great Register will be closed, and those whose names do not appear upon it will not be per mitted to vote. This is an important matter. Do not be disfranchised by

"Sir" John F. Francis, who earned his knighthood for the success he made of the late flesta, writes to say that the correspondent who found fault with Strawberry Valley and the means of reaching that sylvan retreat is a rank exaggerator as to the cost of making the trip and is lacking in appreciation of the primitive accommodations af-forded visitors. Mr. Francis maintains the truth of the assertions made in a letter from Strawberry Valley, printed in The Times recently, giving high praise to a popular resort.

Capt. Higgins, who has recently re-turned to San Diego from Cook's Inlet, Alaska, says that this season will probably determine the value of the gold boom in that section. Along Resurrection Creek it is estimated that there are placer claims enough to keep thousands of men busy and yield \$10 to \$20 daily per man, for many months The disadvantage of mining in Alaska is the short season of from June to October. Capt. Higgins prefers Southern California as a mining sec tion, where property can be worked all the year round.

In Pomona they insist on having schoolteachers that are all wool and a yard wide. That is to say, the man who would aspire to teach the young Pomona idea how to shoot, must, in addition to other requisites, be a total abstainer, not from liquor, but cigars and such like. The head of the school department in Pomona was recently examined with reference to a number of charges made against him, and found guilty of but one—that of using tobacco. This was deemed a point against him, though, happily, not of such importance as to warrant his dis-

The oil producers may yet regret their action looking to a dissolution of the Oil Exchange. The present management did heroic work in organizing mob of producers and establishing profitable prices from a former basis of 25 or 30 cents per barrel. The rise in price has not resulted so much from a falling off in the product as from the methods adopted to export the surplus and broaden the field of consumption. No one can foretell the results of disunion of interests; no person ordinary intelligence will dispute that an effort to bear the market will be easier of accomplishment than when the members stood firm and gave each other moral and financial aid to withstand the outer combinations.
The old troubles resulted from want of cooperation; there were almost as many prices for oil as there were producers. The price was gauged by the degree of the producer's financial dis-tress. The oil field is better able to take care of itself now than it was a few months ago, owing to the past bitter experiences of producers, but wisdom should dictate the necessity for maintaining some sort of organization for individual protection.

STOLE BREAD TICKETS.

Serious Charge Against an Alleged Morphine Fiend.

Morphine Flend.

A pale, emaclated man, whose every movement indicated too plainly that he was a morphine flend, was locked in the City Jail last night on a charge of burglary.

His name is Peter Domingues, and he is alleged to have stolen a number of bread tickets from the Parisian Bakery at Castelar and High street, of which Eugene Pierret is the proprietor, about two weeks ago.

Officer Talamantes saw him on Upper Main street last night attempting to sell the stolen tickets. He was sent to police headquarters and from his pockets was taken a vial of liquid morphine and a "hypo gun" and a number of bread tickets.

Disturbed the Peace.

Rosenda Suniga went down in the "Tenderloin" region last night and created a disturbance by hollering in the windows of the cribs. Officer Lennon sent him to police headquarters for disturbing the peace.

SHOOTING OF TODD.

THE CORONER'S JURY NOT CER-TAIN HOW IT HAPPENED.

The Verdict Throws a Veil of Mys-tery Over the Tragedy—The De-tectives Will, Make Some Investi-gations—Only One Witness on

The verdict of the Coroner's jury yesterday throws a cloud of mystery over the sudden and as yet unexplained death of Robert M. Todd. As told in The Times yesterday Mr. Todd was shot by a revolver while he and Thomas Leatherdale were viewing some land Leatherdale were viewing some land belonging to the former, west of the

All the known details of the tragedy were published yesterday morning, and the Coroner's inquest developed so little that was new that the verdict rendered was in this terse and vague

and the coroler's inquest everloyed sentence;

"We find that the deceased came to his death by a gunshot wound."

That circumstance was self-evident; but the fact that the jury could not indicate in what way Mr. Todd received the gunshot wound shows a leaning to a belief in either a suicide or murder theory.

Thomas Leatherdale, the sole companion of Mr. Todd and the only eyewitness of the tragedy, testified before the Coroner's jury that Todd borrowed a knife of him to use in extracting a cartridge which had been wedged into his revolver and that while the deceased was engaged in trying to remove the cartridge the revolver was discharged.

It was shown that the bullet entered the body on the right side, about five inches below the nipple, and ranged downward, the exact course not having been determined by autopsy. If Mr. Todd killed himself by accident he must have held the revolver with the muzzle toward him while trying to tract a cartridge with the knife he had borrowed of Leatherdale.

Woolsey Kronkhite, the only other witness examined, said that he was driving on the road near the scene; that when he first saw the men they were standing about sixty feet apart, apparently engaged in measuring land. He was then about 1200 feet from the scene. Five minutes later he was halled by Leatherdale, who told him of the shooting. Witness had not heard the shot, and his testimony was not conclusive.

The police detectives will undertake to father was the shoeting the later and restrict the sterm what is thus left a mystery.

the shot, and his testimony was not conclusive.

The police detectives will undertake to fathom what is thus left a mystery. George G. Green, the foreman of the jury, was in partnership with Mr. Todd in the real estate business for severalmonths. He said yesterday that Mr. Todd was interested in mining and owned a valuable gold mine in the Panamint range, in Inyo county. This mine was bonded only a few days ago for \$60,000. He owned also a subdivision at Ninth street and Ventura avenue. Mr. Green spoke in terms of high praise of his former partner.

### IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Poehler of St Mr. and Mrs. Charles Foemer of St.
Paul, who have been receiving much attention during their stay here, were
given a delightful lotto party last evening by Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Fleming, at
their pretty home on West Thirtieth
street. The guests were:

Mesdames—

Robert Widney

Ezra Stimson.
John T. Jones.
M. L. McCormach. Robert Widney. Al Barber.

Misses— McCormach. Messrs.— Ezra Stimson. Poehler. Al Barker. Charles Dick.

A LUNCHEON.

A charming luncheon was given yes-terday by Mrs. W. B. Mathews, to meet Mrs. Forgy. The decorations were of pink roses, prettily arranged. Besides the guests of honor there were present Mmes. Albert Crutcher, S. S. Sallsbury, Willoughby Rodman and Miss Olave Belle Clark.

AN INFORMAL EVENING. AN INFORMAL EVENING.
The Misses Arnold entertained pleasantly at their home on South Hope street last evening in honor of their brother, David Arnold, who is at home from Stanford for the vacation. Music and games filled the evening, and ices and cakes were served. The rooms were prettily decorated with sweet peas and roses. Among the guests were:

Mesdames—
Van Cleve.
Walker.

Van Cleve. Walker. Griswold. Williamson.
Laura Whitlock.
Bovard.

Mendenhall. Messrs.-Robinson. Walker.

A DINNER .

A DINNER.

The dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. O.
T. Johnson Tuesday evening at their
elegant new home on Orange Heights
was a much-enjoyed affair. The table
was pretty with sweet peas, arranged in
a large centerplece and in clusters at
each cover. The guests were: Mr. and
Mrs. C. E. Kregelo, Dr. and Mrs. W. J.
Chichester. Mr. and Mrs. McCollum,
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Johnson and Miss
Katherine Johnson.

A MUSICALE.

A MUSICALE.

A delightful musicale was given at Mr. and Mrs. Thilo Becker's pleasant home on South Bunker Hill avenue last evening. The programme consisted of well rendered piano solos by Mr. Becker's pupils, two songs from Kjiruif and Meyer-Helmund by Miss Elizabeth Kimball and two exquisitely played solos, "A Love Dream'and "Sonette de Petrarca," by Mr. Becker. Miss Roche, who possesses more than an ordinary amount of talent, played Schumann's "Papillons," a pastorale by Stavenhagen, and Chopin's Valse in C sharp minor. Miss Miriam Barnes played with much expression and artistic taste, an Etude by Henselt, a Gigue by Scarlatti, Liszt's Chant Polonais and an Octave Study by Grunfeld. Miss Payne played a Gondoliera by Liszt, and Mrs. Botsford gave Liszt's "Cantique d'Amour" very charmingly. A MUSICALE.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

The ladies of the Second Presbyterian Church gave a delightful tea yesterday afternoon at the church pariors.

The Rev. Randall Hall, D.D., professor of Hebrew in the General Theological Seminary, New York City, is stopping at the Nadeau, on his way East. He is accompanied by his family.

Mrs. M. A. Turnot of St. Louis is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. W. Church, of Angeleño Heights.

Mrs. E. R. Threikeld and sister, Miss Sallie Threikeld of Kansas City, have gone to Coronado to stay over Sunday.

Mrs. J. E. Packard of Pomona, daughter of Thomas H. Caswell of San Francisco, supreme grand commander of Supreme Council of Masons of United States, lunched yesterday with her aunt, Mrs. A. L. Whitney, at No. 1115 South Hope street, on her way to San Francisco, to visit her parents.

Echo of Boom Times.

There will be an echo of boom times at Santa Monica Saturday, when the public will scramble to devour the

Fashionable

**EXCURSION** 

Friday and Saturday

\$3.00

HOTEL DEL CORONADO

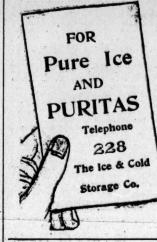
**CORONADO AGENCY** 200 S. SPRING ST., Los Angeles. H. F. NORUROSS, Agent.

5000 es comprising the latest in all de ents of literature have recently

Parker's New Book Store, 246 South Broadway, near Public Library.

Dubbed by the public generally, "The Only Book Store." The largest stock of books in Southern California. Any book obtainable in this country or Europe, in print, out of print, old, rare and first editions will be secured. Mail orders walledted.

C. C. PARKER, 246 S. Broadway.
Near Public Library.



Muslin Underwear, Infants' Wear, Shirt Waists, Wrappers,

Direct from maker to you, without dry goods store or middleman's profit to pay, and a larger and better stock to choose from than you will find in all the town.

I. Magnin & Co. 237 S. Spring St.

Send for Catalogue.
MYER SIEGEL, Manager.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* "grand Spanish barbecue" and incidentally to buy the eighty-eight lots in the center of town, which will be auctioned off by Ben E. Ward for the owner, H. L. Jones. There will be two excursions, one by the Santa Fé and one by the electric road. The auctioneer will begin work at 11 o'clock, and except for an intermission for lunch; will keep on until the property is all sold.

SAM YUPS BOYCOTTED.

important Meeting of the See Yup

Merchants.

Sam Yups and See Yups, price-cutters and boycotters respectively, are in for another row.

The Sam Yups are the Chinese Jews, the moneyed men, the sharp traders. The See Yups are far more numerous but less powerful as far as worldly possessions go. Some years ago the San Francisco Sam Yups began to cut prices. This angered the men in the rival company and a boycott was declared. The trouble has spread all over the country. Wherever as many

over the country. Wherever as many as fifty Chinamen are gathered together and there is a Sam Yup store, the See Yups have tried to enforce the boycott.

An effort was made to boycott the Los Angeles Sam Yup stores some time ago, and Chinese policemen were stationed around Chinatown by the See Yups to use force if necessary.

stationed around Chinatown by the See Yups to use force if necessary. The police interfered and the boycott was a failure.

Last evening there was an important meeting of See Yup merchants in the room which serves them as a sort of Board of Trade headquarters, on Los Angeles street. Four See Yup merchants from San Francisco were there, who have come south with the especial object in view of reviving the boycott. Some twenty-five men were there and after long discussion, they adjourned with the understanding that they would meet again in the near future.

The police are watching the matter and as long as the Chinamen are afraid to use force the boycott is apt to prove a failure.

It is Consoling

To know when your house is painted that it was done cheap, it is more consoling to know that it was done WELL—to know that it will last and that it looks well. A dollar will only buy 100 cents worth of anything—same in paint, same in labor. Harrison's is 100-cent paint.

P. H. Mathews, S. Main Street.

BOSTON DRY STORE.

Broadway, Opposite City Hall.

## Summer Wash Fabrics....

Cool and comfortable, Crisp and Refreshing, Dainty and Stylish are the new Wash Fabrics that are shown at our Counters in grand assortment and the prices are as refreshing as the Fabrics.

32-inch Swiss Organdie, 40 designs and colors, per yard	15
Grass Linen, 32 inches wide, per yard	
28-inch Irish Dimities, per yard	15
Windsor Percales, per yard	15
Persian Lawns, 32 inches wide, per yard.	
Sheer Nainsook, 36 inches wide, per yard	30
White Victoria Lawns, 40 inches wide, per yard.,	10
White Piques, per yard	
Standard Designer and Patterns for A	ugust now Ready.

BOSTON DRY STORE.





Dr. Talcott & Co.

The only SPECIALISTS in Southern California treating

We take a personal interest in each case, and if long experience in one line of practice is a factor we can certainly succeed. To prove our honesty, sincerity and ability

We are Willing Until Cure is Effected Our Fee

We mean this statement emphatically and it is for everybody.

Our offices are the most private in the city and contain every modern appliance and instrument known for the cure of these disorders. We have the largest practice on the Pacific Coast, treating every Form of Weakness and Private Diseases of Men and absolutely nothing else.

Every form of Weakness Cured in Eight Weeks.

Terms very moderate, and you need not pay us a dollar until you are cured. Our little Book and Diagnosis sheet sent free, securely sealed. It contains rules for diet, exercise and sleep for weakness cases, and explains our methods for cure without stomach drugging.

Consultation and advice cheerfully given free, personally or by letter.

COR. THIRD AND MAIN STS. Over Wells Fargo Ex. Co. Private Side Entrance on Third street.

\*TERRY TERRY TERRY 311 West Second Street Near Broadway. Phone 1546

Pilot Bread, per ib. Large loaf Quaker | Consolidated Extract

TERRY TERRY TERRY TERRY TERRY

Have you noticed the great improvement in the Delin-

Colored fashion plates, More illustrations,

More reading,

Greater attention to fashion hints and a great many new things in relation to fancy articles The August number is an extra good one. The patterns and sheets are now on our counters.

Have you noticed the many attractions in our show windows? Night Gowns for \$1; Ladies' Belts for 25c; Purses and Pocketbooks 10 and 25c; Shirt Waist sets 10c, 15c, 25c, three of the best values yet offered; Perfumery 25c; Handkerchiefs 4 for 25c. They are all better than the usual

We are selling a line of 75c Hair Brushes for 35c. Not many. They are pure bristles.

Knitting Silks in all colors, 10c. Spool Silk, black,

We have a few reductions in new black Dress Goods. A few pieces to fill in the 50c line. They have been reduced We have a few good skirt lengths in Black Goods for

less than the regular price.

Ladies' and Children's Sun Bonnets, 25c and up.

Children's new Wash Suits, \$1.50.

White and Black Parasols along with a good line of Carriage Shades, starting as low as 75c.

All trimmed Hats half price, nothing excepted. Ladies' Sailors, 35c for the 75c quality. All shapes and all new, fresh goods, trimmed ready for wear.

ewberry's. Special Sale No. 10.

The GREATEST SPECIAL OF ALL, embracing three of our most successful Special Sales, Nos. 3, 5 and 8. Beginning Monday, July 12th, and closing Saturday, July 17th, consisting of the following:

Brooms, Sardines, Soap. 216 and 218 South Spring Street.

-MADE WITH PURITAS WATER-CESS Crackers

BISHOP & COMPANY, Make Fruit

IT'S IMPOSSIBLE

To manufacture a better article than

Spence's Premium Baking Powder. Complete analysis of contents on every can. If you want the best use this Powder.

1 lb cans, 10c; 1/2 lb cans, 20c; 1 lb cans, 40c; 5 lb cans, \$1.85.

J. M. SPENCE & CO.,

Manufacturers.

413 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. Follow me and you will wear diamonds.

Peremptory Credit Sale.

88-Lots in the Central Part of-88

Canta A onica

Saturday, July 11, at 11 a. m.

On the grounds. This is choice property and will be sold positively WITHOUT RESERVE. Your prices ours. Cars of the Los Angeles and Santa Monica Electric Road pass immediately in front of this property. Round trip only 30c by Electric or Santa Fe. Brass Band. Grand Barbecue. Seats will be provided for all—Be with us. Cement walks all laid. Water pipes all laid. Take Santa Fe or Santa Monica Electric Cars. For maps, terms and full information see

H. M. RUSSELL. 449 Wilcox Block.

BEN E. WARD, Auctioneer. 123 W, 3rd St.

CORONADO WATER.

Office now at ...

204 South Spring Street. Free Delivery to Any Part of the City.

W. L. WHEDON, Agent

BANNING CO., 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET Hand-ploked, Southfield Wellington Lump Coat, \$10 per ton, delivered. Cement and Catalina Island Serpentine and Soapstone Agents for SANTA CATALINA ISLAND; also for W. T. Co. T Ocean Excursion Steam rs. Tags. Yachts and Pleasure Launches.

while you may .-

Hair Pins, in papers, White House price 5c: OUR PRICE.

Weiler's Waving Pins, White House 8c price 15c: OUR PRICE dox.

Jinch Lead Crimpers, White House 3c price 7c; OUR PRICE, dox.

2 dox Hooks and Eyes, White House 1c price 3c; OUR PRICE.

Paper American Pins, White House 1c price 3c; OUR PRICE.

Bail Crochet Cotton, White House 3c price 3c; OUR PRICE.

Spoon Busk Corset Steels, White House price 5c; OUR PRICE, pair.

O. N. T. Darning Cotton, White House price 3c; OUR PRICE.

Safety Pins, in papers, White House price 5c; OUR PRICE.

Covered Dress Steels, White House 1c price 5c; OUR PRICE.

I box Paper and Envelopes, White House price lec; OUR PRICE. Sc Box 250 XX Envelopes, White 20c House price 3sc; OUR PRICE. 20c Doz. Rubber Tipped Lead Pencils, White House price 1sc; OUR PRICE. 8c Bottle good Ink. White House price loc; OUR PRICE 4c 200 Sheet Tablets, White House price 10c; OUR PRICE 4c

Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, scalloped and openwork borders, White House
price 25; OUR PRICE.

Ladies' White Hemmed Dotted
Lawn Handkerchiefs, White
House price 12½c;

Misses' Colored Border Hemstitch Handkerchiefs, White
House price 6½c;

OUR PRICE.

31c

OUR PRICE
250 Ladles' Belts, in all widths
and styles, White
Houseyles, White
OUR PRICE
Ladles' Silverine Belt Pins, White
House price 10c; OUR PRICE, 2 for. 5c

The Annex

Is offering some wonder-

ful bargains. If you've

been there you know

what; if you haven't,

don't let another today

pass without being in the

White House Stock

Sale of the

Stationery.

Handkerchiefs.

Belts.



The Times is prepared to furnish, for 75 cents, handsome gilt frames with heavy front glass, to patrons who desire to preserve the lithograph picture of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, which was 'presented to our readers with the issue of July 4.

our readers with the issue of July 4.

Santa Catalina Island—Three steamers Saturday from San Pedro. Night Illuminations, Grand concerts Sunday. See Southern Pacific or Terminal time tables, or Banning Company, 222 South Spring street.

Dr. Le Doux has removed to the Wilcox Block, corner of Second and Spring streets, over Jevne's new store.

Victor single tube tires are speedy; put on any wheel, \$12 per pair, 421 South Broadway.

For Junch perries, ice cream, cake.

For lunch, berries, ice cream, cake nd coffee 25 cents, Hollenbeck Hotel

Don't forget eighty-eight lots, ouses, Santa Monica tomorrow;

Special—Fine cabinet photos reduced to \$1 per doz. "Sunbeam." 236 S. Main. Lot for 30 cents at Santa Monica aucorrow. Round trip 30 cents. The Grand View Hotel, Catalina, has the finest location on the island.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Frankie Z. White, A. M. Grant, R. L. Poynton, Mrs. H. W. Blaisdell, James T. Thomson and J. J. Vosburg.

Teung Wo, a Chinaman without visible means of support, was arrested by Officer Lennon on Los Angeles street last night and locked up at police headquarters on a charge of vagrancy.

Hereafter the Wilmington Transpor-

Hereafter the Wilmington Transpor Company will run three boats turdays from San Pedro to Cata-The travel is increasing and is ally 40 per cent. greater than at this

John I. Plummer is the owner of the Plummer Block tract, where Pob-ert M. Todd was killed by the discharge of a revolver Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Todd's subdivision lies near Ninth of a revolver Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Todd's subdivision lies near Ninth street and Vermont avenue.

A mother's meeting of the Central Women's Christian Temperance Union will occur today. The subject for discussion is "Right and Wrong Punishments." The meeting will occur at Temperance Temple at 2:30 p.m.

George Parks, accompanied by his wife, went to police headquarters last night with their son. George Leroy.

night with their son, George Leroy Parks, whom they say is incorrigible, and that they wish him sent to a re-formatory. He will be tried in Police Court today

Court today.

A Pasadena man, H. L. Joseph, agent for the Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Road, is in the field with an assortment of silver and gold nuggets made into buttons to wear as campaign badges. These nuggets of white and yellow metal are designed to indicate their wearer's political preference though many people will doubtence though many people will doubt-less be discovered wearing one of each kind.

### PERSONALS.

Hancock Banning went to Catalina Miss Jesucita F. Lopez has gone to

J. W. Spencer of San Francisco is at the Nadeau. Carlson, Mayor of San Diego, is at Hotel Broadway.

John C. Atkinson of Henderson, Ky., is at the Hollenbeck. F. H. Lowe of Catalina Island was in Los Angeles yesterday.

Maj. George Easton of San Fran-isco is at the Westminster. Miss Bassler and Miss McKenzie of San José are at the Hollenbeck. Howard Winans and wife of Detroit,

Mich., are staying at the Nadeau. Mrs. F. J. Gillmore left yesterday for Lake Tahoe for a month's visit. G. P. Taylor, a Los Angeles man, is staying at Hotel Westminster in New York.

Police Commissioner Guy Barham will return today from a short trip to N. F. Welshire of this city is in New

York. He registered at the Imperial in that city yesterday. Mrs. S. C. Heineman and Mrs. P. B.

McCabe of Phoenix, Ariz., are regis-tered at the Nadeau. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and Miss E. Say of the Hawaiian Islands, have partments at the Westminster.

Mrs. Hart and daughter of Toledo, O., and Mr. Higginbotham and wife of Stockton are at Hotel Broadway. Mrs. M. J. Brandenstein and family and Miss Brandenstein of San Francisco are staying at the Westminster.
Thomas R. Bard. Miss Bagust, Miss
Bard, Tom Bard and the Misses Bard
are registered at the Hollenbeck from
Hueneme.

E. H. Coover, Chicago; S. P. Merick, E. H. Coover, Chicago; S. P. Merick, San Francisco; Ida Kellum, Joplin, Mo.; C. H. Hill, Baltimore, and Mrs. E. Marlowe, New York are at Hotel Ramona. Hon. B. E. Norton, one of the cattle barons of Southern Arizona, is visiting his brother, John H. Norton a well-known business man of this city, whose residence is at No. 834 West Twenty-eighth street.

## Watching the Bulletin Boards.

Watching the Bulletin Boards.

News from the Democratic convention in Chicago was in demand yesterday. Crowds of people, men for the most part, watched the bulletin boards, at the Times office, and Western Union headquarters, to read the latest doings of the "unwashed." The news as it came over the wires, now relating to candidates, then to platforms, and again to speeches made, was discussed freely by the crowds, and the curbstone orator was in his element. Questions of finance, party expediency and the like, were settled half a dozen times during the day. And the man without an opinion upon the convention doings was in a decided minority. Today's proceedings will be noticed on the Times bulletin boards as here. Today's proceedings will be noticed on the Times bulletin boards, as here-tofore.

Case of Hoxie Against Bryant.

Case of Hoxle Against Bryant.

Mrs. Harriet E. Hoxle has not given up her fight against E. I. Bryant, and declares that in the civil suit she has brought against him set for September 29 she will show him up in a way he does not like. In regard to the report of Bryant's acquittal on the criminal charge, Mrs. Hoxle says the note and mortgage were due April 5, 1885, and wefe tendered to Mr. Bryant and a settlement demanded long before the commencement of the civil suit, but he refused to settle, and that he has had opportunities to settle the affair since the note became due had he desired to do so. He not only refuses to settle but indorsed the notes without recourse, so as to prevent recovery against him if possible.

Fourth of July Funds. The Fourth of July Executive Committee is confident of paying every bill contracted in providing the late celebration, and even hopes to leave a nest egg for next year's committee. A meeting of the committee was held last evening for the purpose of auditing a number of bills, which require settlement at once. A full and accurate account of the moneys received and expended will be rendered by the committee in a few days. Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

[RAILROAD RECORD.] NEW CARS.

FINE ROLLING STOCK FOR THE PASADENA AND PACIFIC.

Iwenty-eight New Pullman An Excursion to San Diego. Changes on the Covina Loop-An New Electric Machinery.

The Pasadena and Pacific Railway Company has purchased twenty-eight new cars from the Pullman Company of Chicago. Eight of the cars are sin ilar to those already in use. Twenty are combination semi-open cars and are designed for summer travel and excursions. They are finished clabo ately in oak and ash, and have reversible cane seats with spring bottoms. All of these cars are equipped with fifty horse-power Westinghouse motors. They are thirty-five feet long and weigh from 20,000 to 25,000 pounds. Every effort was made by the Pull-man Company to make these the finest cars of this class ever turned out. There was much favorable comment upon them by eastern railway men, who saw them before they were shipped. All but six of the cars have already been received, and the re-mainder will probably arrive within a

EXCURSION TO SAN DIEGO An attractive programme has been prepared by the San Diego citizens and Chamber of Commerce for the entertainment of all who visit San Diego and Coronado on the next popular ex-cursion, July 10 and 11. These ex-cursions afford an opportunity for many ired and over-heated residents of the interior to enjoy a day, week or month of sea air and cool breezes, while the of sea air and cool breezes, while the entertainment provided by the Chamber of Commerce gives all a chance to see the back country of San Diego the bay and ocean and principal points of interest in the city. Much of the entertainment in San Diego will be free of cost, including open-air concerts by the famous City Guard Band, rides, public meetings, etc., while the trips to surrounding points of interest will be made available to all by reduced rates. A special committee has been appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to take charge of the important work of entertaining members of these excursions, and to enable visitors to profitably fill in their time and feel welcome while they are the guests for the process of the sea of Cornello A similar feel welcome while they are the guests of San Diego and Coronado. A similar excursion last year carried over 2000

SCRAP HEAP.

Commencing next Monday, July. 13, the Southern Pacific will discontinue the train which now leaves Bassett ction for Covina at 12:20 p.m., or Also the train which now leaves Covina at 2:50 p.m., to connect with the over-land express from Los Angeles will be discontinued. The light travel renders these trains unnecessary during the months.

On and after today the return portion of ten-day round-trip tickets between os Angeles or Pasadena and Monica, whether originally issued by the Southern California or by the Southern Pacific, will be honored on

The Southern Pacific will run an excursion to Santa Barbara, July 24 and 25. The citizens and the Board of Trade of Santa Barbara will provide entertainment for all visitors and have

rade of santa bandara win photoe entertainment for all visitors and have arranged for favorable hotel rates. The new machinery of the Los Angeles Railway Company is being put in place at the power-house on Central avenue. When the improvements are completed the company will have the largest electrical plant in the city. The Pasadena and Pacific Railway is making arrangements with the Mt. Lowe Railway to sell through tickets from Los Angeles to Mt. Lowe. This will be an accommodation to all who make the trip. The Pasadena and Pacific Railway is ballasting its entire line with gravel.

HELD THEM AT BAY.

Lively Scene in a Chinese Lottery Den.

Albert H. Ryan, a young man who was recently arrested on a charge of nalicious mischief, had a lively time in a Chinese den in Chinatown last night. He went into the place to buy a Chinese lottery ticket, and got into a dispute because the celestials did not want to because the celestials did not want to sell him a ticket. In the melee which followed Pyan, it is claimed, drew his revolver and held the crowd of Mongolians at bay while he backed out. He was followed by Quon Chick, a fan tan "spotter," and Chick demanded Ryan's arrest of Officer McClain, on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Ryan had a permit, and the officer refused to accommodate the Chinaman, who became so abusive and boisterous that McClain locked him up on a charge of McClain locked him up on a charge of disturbing the peace.

SAN DIEGO AND RETURN, 38 good returning within thirty days. Trains leave Santa Fe La Grande station at 9:05 a.m. and 2 p.m.

FOR INEXPENSIVE

WEDDING

**PRESENTS** 

And yet sterling quality, a great variety of small pieces for table service are quite acceptable.

Especially chaste and delieate are the sterling wares in gilt and enamel. XXX
The California Violet decoration deserves special amention for daintiness and appropriateness.

A number of useful sarticles for the table may be had in this de-sign, from \$1.50 to \$2.50. LISSNER & CO., 235 S. Spring St., Los Angeles

Broadway and 13th St., Oakland.

Partie of the land

WOMAN RUN DOWN.

Mrs. Holy Sustains a Fractured Arm and Other Injuries.

Mrs. J. Holy, wife of the proprietor of the Hotel Primrose, was severely injured yesterday afternoon at the corner of Broadway and Second streets Mrs. Holy was walking across Broa way when she was knocked down by a horse, the driver of which, a young

woman, is not known.

The unfortunate woman sustained a bad fracture of her left arm, and her shoulder was also dislocated. She was conveyed to her home in a carriage The reckless driver passed on without stopping.

Two Suspicious Characters.

and Main streets last night, who were attempting to dispose of a valuable lamp, which he believed to have been stolen. He arrested the men and sent them to police headquarters, where they names of Crescencio Valasquez and José Bargas. They were booked on a charge of suspicion, and the detectives are investigating the matter.

An Associated Press dispatch from Sacramento says the Governor today appointed Telfair Creighton trustee of the State Normal School at Los Angeles, vice F. A. Molyneaux. He also appointed Charles H. Keyes trustee of the Whittler Reform School, vice Andrew Mullen, term expired.

Licensed to Wed. James M. Shields, a native of Ohio, aged 33, and Maud Senor, a native of Missouri, aged 25; both of Los Angeles. William Harvey Daugherty, a na-tive of Oregon, aged 30, and May Agnes Rood, a native of Illinois, aged 25; both of Los Angeles.

MARRIAGE RECORD.

BROWN-GARDNER—In this city, at the residence of Mrs. E. M. Patterson, July 8, by Rev. W. M. Sterling, Carls Brown and Miss Ida M. Gardner, both of Pasadena. DEATH RECORD.

DEATH RECORD.

TEMPLETON—At 2 p.m., July 9, at her late residence, west of the Baptist College, Mrs. Sarah A. Templeton, beloved wife of Mr. S. H. Templeton.

Funeral at 2 p.m., Sunday.

DODGE—In this city, July 6, 1896, Mrs. V. J. Dodge, aged 45 years.

Funeral today (Friday) at 10 a.m., in the parlors of Kregelo & Bresee, Sixth and Broadway. Friends invited to attend.

Wear Eagleson's Fine Shirts,

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Fancy Lace Edge, Chenille Dot Veils, in all colors, worth up to 50c each, at 25c each. Veilings by the yard, your choice from the entire stock. Many pieces worth up to 95c the yard. For today and Sat-

urday at 25c.

MARVEL Cut Rate

MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway. Double Store

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

H-------

OUTING.... SHIRTS.

If you are contemplating a trip to the beach or mountains call around and take a look at our immense line of Outing Shirts in cheviot, madras, percale, sateen, silk and linen, silk and wool, pongee silk, etc. We have them in all grades ranging in price from 50c to \$4.00. We are also extensive dealers in underwear and can give you some splendid values in lightweight goods at 45c, 5oc, 75c and 90c.

Silverwood,

124 S. Spring St.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* AUCTION.

Fine Furniture.

This Day, 10 o'clock. 232 W. First St.

THOMAS B. CLARK,

The W. H. PERRY Auctioneer. LUMBER TARD AND PLANING LILL LADIES WHO VALUE lined complexion must use Pozzeni's ler. It produces a soft & beautiful skin

Parasols.

Black Gloria Silk Carriage
Shades, silk lined, black handles, White House price \$1.25;

OUR PRICE.

White China Silk Parasols, small polka dot, white enamel sticks, White House price \$2.25;

OUR PRICE.

Navy and Garnet Silk Parasols, silk ruffle, natural stick, White House price \$2.00; OUR PRICE.

Dresden Silk Parasols with natural wood and Dresden handles, White House price \$4.00; OUR PRICE.

Colored Taffeta Silk Parasols, ruffle, with lace insertion work, White House price \$3.95

Pongee Silk Parasols, ruffle, with lace insertion work, White House price \$6.00; OUR PRICE.

Gather the bargains

Parasols.

White House Stock.

Children's and Misses' canvas Bath-15c ing Bals, Alteration Sale price 1.75 Children's Tan Button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11, good value, Alteration Sale price. 25.00 Misses' Tan Button Shoes, sizes 11 to 2 good style, Alteration Sale price. 25.30 Eadles' fine hand-turned Silppers, for house wear, Alteration price. 31.50 Alteration price. 31.50 Alteration price. 32.00 Wisght & Petrs, Alteration Sale price. 32.00 toxing the sale price 34.00 Ladies' Tan Chrome Kid Oxfords, wade by Foster & Co., Alteration Sale price. 32.50 Trimmings.

Jet Ornaments, White House price Se; OUR PRICE.
Silk Ornaments, White House price le Se; OUR PRICE.
Silk Ornaments, White House price Se; OUR PRICE.
Silk Progs. White House price Se; Ic OUR. PRICE, each.
Colored Silk Moss Trimming. White 5c House price So; OUR PRICE, yard.
Gold and Spangle Trimmings, White 5c House price 20c; OUR PRICE, yard.
Colored Wash Braids, White House price 129c; OUR PRICE.
Colored Jet pleces and drops, White House price 170m 81.50 to 85; OUR 25c

9c 5c 5c 1210 PRICE. 12±0
Leghorn Green and Blue Bobonet,
White House price 50c; OUR
PRICE, yard
100 pieces Butter Vaienciennes
Laces; your choice, dozen for 35c
and. 35e 

It Pays to Trade on Spring Street.



Our entire Men's Straw Hats

85c Straw Hats for .... 40c

\$1.10 Straw Hats for....5oc

Ladies' All-Leather Combina-tion Purses and Card-cases, White House price \$1.00; OUR PRICE Ladies' assorted styles Pocket-books and Purses, White House price \$5c; OUR PRICE \$5c;

Must be closed out this month, Profit is no consideration. Half prices and

60c Straw Hats for .... 25c \$1.75 Straw Hats for .... 75c

\$1.50 Straw Hats for .... 65c \$2.50 Straw Hats for .... \$1.15

\$2.75 Straw Hats for .... \$1.25.

Sale of the White House Alteration Sale Shoes.

\$2.00 Straw Hats for.... 90c

\$2.25 Straw Hats for....\$1.00

**Alteration Sale** Wash Goods.

very newest effects; ALTERATION PRICE.

Blankets.

**Alteration Sale** 

## The Basement

Is the place to find all the thousand little and big things that should be in every house in town. The prices for this Alteration Sale are lower than the lowest you ever knew.

# "Like Picking Up Money."

The Great Sale gathers force as it goes.

Toilet Soaps.

Ribbons.

Purses.

Fans.

So says one of the many men who has spent his Eight Dollars and Eighty-eight Cents for a Sixteen Dollar Suit of Clothes HERE. We have inaugurated this sale for the sole purpose of reducing our vast stocks before the carpen-

ters and builders start in tearing things up and spoiling the goods. The whole Shoe Stock at HALF PRICE, the Boys' Wearables at HALF PRICE, the Men's Furnishings and

JACOBY BROS. PRICE SALE

Hat stocks at HALF PRICE. Straw Hats at less than HALF PRICE; and MAIL ORDERS filled by competent clerks, promptly and at HALF PRICE; and if anything's not just right, Your Money Back,

Men's Shoes-

Finest hand-sewed real
Russia Calf, in all the very
latest and swellest styles,
were 8t the pair; now
ONE-HALF...... Men's Shoes-Best Glazed Calf, all styles for now, all sizes and widths and correctly made, were 88 the pair: now ONE-HALF.

Men's Shoes-

Hand-sewed French Calf of exquisite quality, in the stylish razor and Piccasdilly toe, were 86 the pair; \$3.00 now ONE-HALF.... Men's Shoes-

Johnson & Murphy's Finest
Tan Russia Calf Shoes,
very stylish and none
better made, were \$6; now
ONE-HALF.....\$3.00 Ladies' Shoes-

Ladies' Shoes-Lace Boots in Russia Calf, Kid and Goat, in all the swell styles, were \$2.00

Ladies' Shoes-

Hand-sewed Tan Goat Ox-fords, swellest low cuts in Los Angeles, were \$4; now ONE-HALF......\$2.00 Ladies' Shoes-

Bringing the Bargain Counters right to your very doors—no matter where you live. WE PAY ALL CHARGES for mailing or expressing you anything you order of us during our REMOVAL and REBUILDING SALE AT HALF PRICES. We prefer you getting the goods for little or nothing, rather than have the goods spoiled by the builders.

"A Picking Up of Just\_\_\_\_

One-half"

A clear, clean saving of just that much good money on every Suit advertised; and you may pick from any pile on the many tables or choose from those shown in our

\$10.00 Men's Suits at Half .... \$4.88 \$13.00 Men's Suits at Half ... \$6.50 \$15.00 Men's Suits at Half .... \$7.50 \$16.00 Men's Suits at Half .... \$8.88 \$20.00 Men's Suits at Half .... \$10.00

Round and Square-cut Single-breast, Square-cut Single and Double-breast in stylish Sacks and in 8-button

Swell Oxford Mixtures in Tan, Gray and Brown Cheviots; Ten dollar values cut to..... 

Imported Tweeds, Black Diagonal Cheviots, Sawyer Mixture Cassimeres, and fine Scotch Cheviots, Irish Homespuns and Donegal Heather Mixtures; Suits that could not be sold for less than \$16.00 without a loss, are yours for only .....\$8.88 Finest Clay Worsteds in black and gray shades that cost you from \$20.00 upwards to make are yours this week for only......\$10.00 the Suit Boys' Wash Suits At Half-Prices.

You'll see 'em in our window. 

Boys' Suits

For Vacation.

You'll see 'em in our window at 59c Those \$1.50 Suits, now ...... 76c 

Boys' Waists at half prices...

33c and 22c
Boys' Waists at half prices—
Champion 50c Waists, now... 25c
Mothers' Friend 75c Waist, now...39c
Star Waists, were \$1, now....48c

Boys' Hose At half prices. See 'em in our window.

20c full finished, fast and stainless, ribbed black, now......10c
10c full finished, fast and stainless, ribbed black, now......5c

Jacoby Bros.

FOR Poland Rocksdarus Water Bartholomew & Co., 100 S Broadway

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,
222 North Main St., Los Angeles.
Prescriptions carfully compounded day
or night.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1896.

## Wrinkles, Pimples, Tan



Positively prevented by using the Skin Food, LOLA MONTEZ CREME. This creme removes age traces, prevents wrinkles, keeps the skin smooth and healthy, thus insuring a complexion permanently beautiful. 75c a jar. Lasts 3 months. Soothes and relieves all skin irritations. Good for insect bites.

Sold in Los Angeles by druggists. C. F. Heinzeman. 222 N. Main St.; H. M. Sale & Son, 220 South

Spring Street.

BOX.

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON, Dermatologist,

MoBrient JOBrient

# **Duck and Linen** Suits.

Gloves, Ladies' and Men's Neckwear and Hosiery.

Extremely Good Values.

### Suits for Beach Wear.

Duck Suits, in stripes and dots, worth &; Special price.	\$1.00
Duck Suits, with pique sailor collars, worth \$3.50; Special price	\$2.00
Black Dress Skirts, in figured mohair, lined with percaline, worth \$3; Special price	\$1.50
Black Figured Brilliantine Dress Skirts lined and velvet binding, worth \$4.50; Special price	\$2.50
Linen Suits, Blazer Jackets, worth 85: Special price.	\$2.50
Covert Crash Suits, Blazer Jackets, worth \$5.50; Special price	\$3.00
Shirt Walsts, worth 85c, 96c, 81; Special price	50C
Shirt Waists, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50; Special price	75c
Shirt Waists, worth 85 and 88.50 Special price	\$2.25

## At 65 cents.

## At 10 cents.

## At 8 I-3 cents.

## At 10 cents.

At 35 cents.

At 45 cents.

## A Presidential Chair

May be beyond your reach, but the prices we have marked on OUR CHAIRS bring them within everybody's reach.



Niles Pease,

Furniture and Carpets. 337-339-341 S. Spring St.



Now Ready. ROWAN'S Pocket Map
ty, accurately locating by recent survey all
Wagon and Electric roads, Railways, Stations, Postoffices, Streams, Mountains,
Islands, Section, Township and Range of unoccupied government lands, mineral and
agricultural. Mailed to any address. Price
50c post paid (JARDNER & OLIVER,
Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers 105 and 250 Souta Spring St.

o you wonder why your house and your eighbor's house look bad? I'll tell you, hey were not painted with the Wieder ure Prepared Paint. The only paint par-cularly adapted for this climate. We can ad will guarantee this to be strictly pure, o substitutes, but Lead and Zin, Sold

CAL. PAINT CO., 441 S. Broadway.

### PRICES CUT Order Your Clothes Now.

GORDAN, The Tailor,

104 S. Spring st.

## AUCTION.

## Rhoades & Reed

Will sell on Saturday, July 11th, at 1:30 p.m., at their salesroom, No. 409 S. Broadway. 20 first-class vehicles, consisting of buggies, surries, road wagons—brand new and must be closed. Also one second-hand two-seat, canopy top wagon, one English cart and one pright plano. nearly new. Don't fail to attend sale, as goods must sell.

BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

Damaging Testimony Introduced in the Bennett Murder Trial.

Spilman Says His Prosecution Results from Conspiracy.

rmits to Stand Their Wagons Granted Expressmen by the Po-lice Commission—Business Transacted by the Sewer Committee.

At the City Hall yesterday the Pi Sewer Commission, Park Commission and Sewer Committee held regular sessions, disposing of much routine business. The Building Committee of the Board of Education directed Secretary Danby to advertise for bids for the enlarge-ment of the Seventh-street school. Es-timates as to funds needed for their developments during the coming year were filed with the City Auditor by the Street Superintendent and Building Su-

At the Courthouse yesterday a jury was selected in the trial of Bennett for the murder of Czarske. The testimony was of course all one way, with the defense to hear from. Spilman says there fense to hear from. Spliman says there is a conspiracy against him. Lawrence gets judgment. Mrs. Ward has filed a complaint to recover over \$4000 on an old judgment. Accusation in disbarment of W. T. Blakely was not properly verified. Beyrle's suit for constructing verified. Beyrle's suit for constructing a dam near Chatsworth Park is on trial before a jury in Judge Van Dyke's court. A balance of \$12,542.90 is claimed. Defendants.say the dam fell down. An information was filed charging Carpenter, Hamm and Mitchell with passing a fictitious bill. A complaint has been sworn out by S. P. Creasinger, charging Sanborn with obtaining money under false pretenses. Eleven applicants were admitted to citizenship.

[AT THE CITY HALL.] POLICE COMMISSION.

PERMITS GRANTED UNDER THE HITCHING ORDINANCE.

Estimates of Money Needed for Next

The Police Commission yesterday acted on about five applications from expressmen and others for permits to occupy stands in various parts of the business portion of the city. As each application received was accompanied by the requisite consent of the property owners affected, the Chief was instructed to make out permits for all. These will be signed by the Mayor today, and may be obtained from the clerk at any time.

John W. Bryson, Sr., petitioned the board to allow him the privilege of The Police Commission yesterday

Superintendent.

board to allow him the privilege of hitching his horse on Second and Spring streets, in front of his building, dur-ing the day. As the board is not given any option in that matter under the

any option in that matter under the ordinance, the petition was filed. The commission received the following communication from the City Clerk: "At a meeting of the City Council held July 6, 1896, the ordinance creating the office of oil inspector, fixing his salary and defining his duties was repealed, and the City Attorney was instructed to prepare an ordinance allowing the police department one additional man, and the police department instructed to

keep an officer in the oil district for the purpose of collecting licenses and regulating said district."

The commissioners, inspired by an intense zeal to succor the oil inspector, acted upon this communication, which was an entirely superfluous document, from the clerk, by adopting a motion made by Commissioner Wirsching that "its provisions be carried into effect." This was supposed to mean that Methvin, the oil inspector, was thus madthe "officer" spoken of in the City Clerk's communication. The entire proceeding was somewhat ridiculous, as the Council has yet to adopt the ordinance, abolishing the office of oil inspector, having only instructed the City Attorney to prepare such an ordinance last Monday. That it will be adopted is probable, but until such action is taken the oil inspector continues to hold his position, and the Police Commission, by affecting to appoint Methvin as special officer, only demonstrated in the opinion of those who understand the proceeding, its frantic desire to thwart the apparent wish of the Council, in ordering an ordinance prepared, abolishing Methvin's job.

The monthly report of the Chief was received and ordered filed.

Liquor licenses were granted to John Castera, at No. 106 Court street, and Kopp and McFee, at No. 529 East First street, was deferred one week to determine a question of frontage.

DIRECTOR GRUBB IS HAPPY.

necessful in His Efforts to Enlarg

the Seventh-street School.

The face of School Director Grubb beamed with beatific satisfaction yes-terday afternoon, as he sat in the office of the School Superintendent, and heard the recommendation of the Board of Education Building Committee, that the secretary at once advertise for bids for the enlarging of the Seventh-street school. Plans were recently submitted to the committee by a firm of architects for the building of six additional rooms in the school, and, after careful examination of these plans, the committee made the recommendation above referred to, having been given power to act in the matter by the Board of Education.

Director Grubb, in whose ward this tee, that the secretary at once advertise

by the Board of Education.
Director Grubb, in whose ward this school is located, has for months been working to consummate the project of enlarging the Seventh-street school, and is very much gratified over the outcome of his efforts. The work is to cost about \$6000.

ing Superintendents.

\$17,280 for street sweeping; \$415 for office supplies, and the remainder for supplies used on the streets of the city. Last year the Street Superintendent asked for \$115,423, and was allowed \$104,773. He makes the statement that if the annexed territory is decided by the courts to be a part of the city, he will need \$5000 more than his estimate of \$95,190.

Building Superintendent Strange, in his estimate filed with the Auditor, asks for \$471.65 a month. Of this amount \$116,66 is for his own salary, \$100 for plumbing inspector, \$100 for an assistant building superintendent, \$90 for an assistant plumbing inspector, and the remainder for office supplies.

The average monthly receipts of this office are stated by the Building Superintendent to be about \$375.

Needed to Run the Parks. The Board of Park Commissioners yesterday directed the secretary to file with the City Auditor the following estimate of the amounts needed to op-erate the park department during the

oming year: General park fund, including labor, General park fund, including labor, supplies, new improvements and salary of superintendent and secretary, \$5660; Westlake park, \$11,100; Eastlake Park, \$11,100; Elysian Park, \$10,400; Hollenbeck Park, \$5200! Echo Park, \$4000; nursery fund, \$2500: total, \$53,960. Last year the department asked for \$53,214, and was given \$46,303.39.

The park "department has recently been made the recipient of a number of plants and flower collections, and the secretary made to the board yesterday a detailed report of these donations, as follows:

secretary made to the board yesterday a detailed report of these donations, and the secretary made to the board yesterday a detailed report of these donations, as follows:

W. L. Hardison of the Union Oil Company, (Santa Paula,) has presented to the city parks, through the Los Angeles Botanical Society, a box of magnificent orchids from Central America.

J. C. Harvey, president of the Los Angeles Botanical Society, has presented some established specimens of rare orchids. James H. Denham has presented to the board a fine collection of Mexican and California cacti and succulents, comprising some two hundred distinct varieties, which now occupy the east wing of the East Side confervatories. This collection is in addition to the cacti bought of Mr. Denham by the city. The collection bought will be distributed among several of the parks, as soon as sultable quarters can be arranged for. Mr. Bowers of West Glendale has donated a good specimen of the Brazilian pine. Waiter Burkee of Philadelphia, since his recent visit to Los Angeles, sends a box of seeds and novelties, which have arrived in good condition.

The secretary was instructed to extend to each of these donors the thanks of the board for their generosity shown.

A communication referred by the City Council to the board, from James Mohan, asking that, in view of services rendered the board in East Side Park, he have remitted the sum of \$150, claimed to be due from him as rental of his boating lease in the parks, was considered. There appearing to be some uncertainty as to the exact status of Mr. Mohan's claim, the secretary was directed to collect the papers bearing on the case, and submit them to the board at its next meeting.

Superintendent Garey was instructed by the board to provide a proper float at Echo Park so that boats can land there.

The secretary was directed to request the City Engineer to furnish plans for

at Econ raises there.

The secretary was directed to request the City Engineer to furnish plans for abutments to a footbridge in Hollenbeck Park. The commission then ad-

## SEWER COMMITTEE.

mendations to the City Con The Sewer Committee of the Council

met yesterday and prepared the following recommendations to that body: "In the matter of petition from R. Lashbrook, asking permision to connect Lashbrook, asking permission to connect his house, on the corner of Grandin street and Griffin avenue, with the sewer in Griffin avenue, -recommended the same be granted and the Street Super-intendent instructed to grant the neces-

intendent instructed to grant the necessary permit.

"In the matter of petition from S. A. Rendall et al., asking permission to construct a sewer in Alvarado street between Ninth and Eleventh streets, by private contract, recommend that permission be given when the property-owners present a contract signed by all the property-owners on the street with some responsible contractor, and when this is done, that the City Attorney be instructed to present the necessary ordinance granting said permission.

"In the matter of petition from the Masonic Association et al., recommend the same be filed.

the same be filed.

"Recommend the bid of C. L. Powell to sewer Coronado street and Ocean View avenue at 56 9-10 cents per lineal foot for the sewer complete, be accepted and the accompanying resolution of award adopted."

Spllman's attorney claims there is an organized conspiracy against the defendant and that the District Attorney's office is being used as a catspect of the accompanying resolution of award adopted."

The action against Warren upon the the same be filed

To Extend New High Street. The Board of Public Works will today act upon, or at least consider, the peti-tions, made by a number of propertytions, made by a number of property-owners, asking to have New High street cut through from Franklin street to a point forty feet north of the Times building on Broadway. An inspection of the premises was made by the board

Building Permits. Permits for building purposes were issued yesterday as follows:
Cudahy Packing Company, a smokehouse on Macy street, to cost \$600.
A. C. Denis, a dwelling on Hansen street near Downey avenue, to cost

H. W. Tilton, two dwellings on Fif-teenth street between Central avenue and Tennessee street, to cost \$800 each. Mrs. Wilson, a dwelling on State street between Third and Fourth streets, to cost \$930. William Jochum, a dwelling on Twelfth street between Union and Ver-non streets, to cost \$1040. Small permits for buildings aggre-gating in value \$115 were issued during the day.

### GIPSY ENCAMPMENT. The Proceeds of the Recent Pretty

The officers and managers of the auxiliary to the Stimson-Lafayette Industrial Association, desire to most heartily thank all those who kindly as-

heartily thank all those who kindly assisted the auxiliary in the Gipsy Encampment held in St. James Park June 10 and 11.

The Finance Committee have settled with the owners of the rugs and other articles lost in the fire in the encampment on the night of June 11. The loss amounted to \$243.

The total receipts from the encampment amounted to \$1377.45. The expenses, including the loss by fire, were \$415.04, leaving a balance of \$762.41. The cash on hand to date, including membership fees, amounts to \$308.41.

A Shed Burned. A still alarm of fire summoned Park Hose to a burning shed in Mott Alley between Sixth and Seventh streets at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The blaze was soon extinguished and the loss will amount to \$10. Origin un-known. (AT THE COURT HOUSE,)

## THE CZARSKE MURDER.

ELISHA BENNETT IS ON TRIAL FOR

McDowell Says He Saw Him Plunge the Knife into the Murdered Man-Witcher and Terrill Give Damaging Testimony.

The trial of Elisha L. Bennett

charged with the murder of Fred Czarske on March 6, 1896, was begun before a jury in Judge Smith's department yesterday afternoon, a day and a half having been consumed in the empanneling of a jury. Czarske was the proprietor of True Blue saloon, at No. 122 West Third street, and the fatal stabbing

occurred in that place. The prosecution is being conducted by Deputy District Attorney McComas.

Shinn and Oliver are looking after the interests of the defendant. Bennett has been engaged in hand-ling bicycles in this city for two or

ling bleycles in this city for two or three years.

The first witness called by the prosecution was J. E. McDowell, a bartender, and brother-in-law of the murdered man. He testified that on the evening of the fatal affray Bennett came into the saloon and talked very loud and abusive. McDowell said he made some jesting remark about all hay-seeds can ride a bleycle now and Bennett resented it, and commenced swearing violently. Czarske remonstrated with the defendant, and told him that he (McDowell) was his brother-in-law; this statement only enraged Bennett, and he commenced using foul and indecent language in the presence of Mrs. Czarske, and when asked to desist, became furious, and threatened to wipe up the floor with McDowell, and threatened to whip the deceased, Czarske struck the defendant a beek-hand blow in the face that deceased. Czarske struck the defendant a back-hand blow in the face that knocked him down, and the two were a back-hand blow in the face that knocked him down, and the two were fighting about the room when the witness came out from behind the bar and separated them, threatening to send for a patrol wagon and have them carted to the Police Station if they did not desist. McDowell says he walked back to his former position behind the bar; Czarske walked up to the bar, placed his foot upon the lower bar, with his arm resting upon the bar, and stood in this position facing a man named Burke; no words were spoken; Bennett walked across the room and stood against the wall, and after remaining in this position for fifteen or twenty seconds, pulled out his knife, opened the blade and walked quietly across to where Czarske was standing, suddenly reached by Burke and plunged the knife into Czarske. The them walked back to near his former position and stood there, no words being spoken by anyone. The deceased did not appear to know he had been stabled but reservity reached down

mer position and stood there, no words being spoken by anyone. The deceased did not appear to know he had been stabbed, but presently reached down and pulled his shirt out of his trousers and held up the protruding intestines.

that Carses death was caused by the wound.

James Witcher was called to the witness-box and testified that he was in the saloon on the evening of the trouble, but went away before the quar-

abusive and quarrelsome.

S. Terrill was the next witness called. He was in the saloon on the evening of the trouble in company with Witcher. They were playing pool, but went away before hostilities had begun. He corroborated Terrill in the statement that Bennett was drinking and abusive.

The cause will be resumed this morning. It is said Burke is not in the city, but his whereabouts are known. A subpoena probably reached him at Catalina last night.

The defense promises to spring a sensation, but its nature is not yet known. The cause may reach the jury this week.

### SPILMAN IS CONTINUED. Examination July 17-Warren Cause

The cause of the people against Spilman, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, was called in Justice Young's court yesterday, and continued till July 17, at

### ELEVEN NEW CITIZENS. England, Germany, Sweden and

The following persons were admitted to citizenship by Judge McKinley yesterday: Harry Andrews, a native of England; Paul R. Egerer and Francis M. Egerer, natives of Germany; Adolph Schorff, a native of England;

Adolph Schorff, a native of England; Grocanui Nebbia, a native of Italy.
Ambrose Clare, a native of Great Britain, was admitted to citizenship in Judge Shaw's court yesterday.
The following citizens were admitted in Judge VanDyke's court yesterday.
J. A. Moberg, a native of Sweden; John H. Brown a native of Germany.
William F. Dickey, a native of Great Britain, was admitted to citizenship in Judge York's court yesterday. Also, Gown J. Lindsay, a subject of the same power.

## COUNTY JAIL ARRIVALS.

Santa Monica and Pomona Each Make a Contribution. Joe Rogers, an old soldier, was brought in from Santa Monica yester-day, and booked at the County Jail to do time on a sentence of \$9.30 for

disturbing the peace.
Pomona contributed Allen Barnes, Pomona contributed Allen Barnes, sentenced to ten day's confinement upon a charge of vagrancy.

Beyrle Claims a Heavy Balance-A The suit of Robert Beyrle against the San Fernando Valley Improvement Company, the San Fernando Vally Water Company and W. B. Barber for \$12,542.90, is in progress before Judga VanDyke and a jury. This action is brought to recover for labor and material expended in the construction of a dry rubble stone dam, with mortar foundation and concrete at heel and concrete face, located near Chatsworth Park.

Beyrle alleges that the value of the work and material aggregates \$18,179.30 Jury Trial.

of which but \$5536 has been paid, leaving a balance of \$12,543.90, for which amount judgment is asked.

The work of construction was begun in the spring of 1895, and ended in December of the same year.

The defendants claim the dam was so poorly constructed that it collapsed and has tumbled into a pile of ruins.

### Motion Denied. In the action of Cole against Stewart,

Judge Shaw yesterday, refused to grant the motion to dissolve the attachment, with leave for the defendant to renew the motion if he so desired. Lawrence Gets Judgment. In the action of G. W. Lawrence against Uri Embody and others, Judge Shaw entered judgment for plaintiff in

the sum of \$1253.09, and for foreclosure of lease. Letters of Administration R. L. Horton has filed a petition for etters of administration in the estate of Lottle Cotteral, deceased. The property is valued at \$600.

### Action to Quiet Title.

William Hayes has instituted pro-ceedings against Pierre Leon Ducasse and Margaret Annie Ducasse to quiet title to lot 3, block C, Martin tract, city of Los Angeles. Sult to Recover Judgment. Cornelia M. Ward has filed an action

## against C. G. Compton and W. S. Compton to recover \$4150, due upon a judgment entered in the Superior Court of this county December 30, 1891.

Foreclosure of Lien. The Madera Flume and Trading Company and the Crescent Coal Company have filed suit against C. H. Metcalf and others for the sum of \$50.30, \$150 attorneys' fees and for the foreclosure of a lien upon lots 1 and 2, subdivision of the Dunkelberger tract.

Not Properly Verified The disbarment of W. T. Blakeley was heard in Judge York's court yesterday. The demurrer was overruled

and the following order was made:
"It appearing to the court that the accusation herein is not verified in the manner required by law, it is ordered that said accusation be and the same is hereby dismissed without prejudice to the filing of a new accusation properly verified."

In the insolvency of Fuller & Lewis, the following order was made in Judge York's court yesterday: "That the cita-York's court yesterday: "That the citation of Henry Fuller on the assignee to show cause why he should not deliver to him three leases made to Fuller & Lewis by Jacob Hirsch, Wilber Hayes and Mrs. Fredrickson, together with the moneys to become due under said leases and sums collected thereunder, be discharged and the application denied." Henry Fuller's attorney excepted to the ruling of the court. The assignee was ordered to pay the reassignee was ordered to pay the re-porter's fee incurred herein.

### Look Pleads Tomorrow. Lem Ah Look will plead to a charge of burglary in Judge Smith's depart-

ment on July 11. Kingsbury to Plead. Albert Kingsbury will apear in Judge Smith's court on July 13, to enter his plea upon the charge of murdering Gri-

## jalva at Compton on May 31.

New Information. An information was filed in Judge Smith's court yesterday, charging A M. Carpenter, Frank Hamm and Georg

## The insolvency of Fuller & Lewis was called in Judge York's court yes-

terday, and taken under advisement. Sanborn Charged with Crime A complaint was drawn up by Asst Dist.-Atty. Williams yesterday, upon complaint of S. P. Creasinger, charg-ing F. C. Sanborn with obtaining money under false pretenses, through

### giving a mortgage upon a plano for \$35. Mr. Creasinger says Sanborn had no interest in the piano. Judgment Quieting Title.

Judgment in favor of plaintiff quiet ing title to certain property in this city, was entered in Judge McKinley's court yesterday, in the suit of the Main-street Savings Bank and Trust Company against Milner. The latter filed

In the action of Todd and others against Watson, judgment was entered in favor of defendant in Department

## Six yesterday, and the receiver was or dered discharged.

Judgment for Defendant.

In the suit of the Tally-Ho Stables and Carriage Company against Sheriff Burr, to secure possession of a horse and buggy under attachment, judgment was entered for the defendant in Judge McKinley's court yesterday. The rig belonged to E. P. Carnicle, an architect, who recently went through insolvency proceedings. In order to rid themselves of the responsibility for the return of the horse and buggy, the proprietors of the livery stable brought this suit and now that it has been decided against them. Carnicle been decided against them, Carnicle cannot demand his horse and buggy of

## THE OIL EXCHANGE WAR.

Both Sides Claim Grievances Charges and Counter Charges. The Times gave the public the first information regarding the early disso-lution of the Oil Exchange. That or-

information regarding the early dissolution of the Oil Exchange. That organization contemplates going out of business about August 1, the year's books being closed at that time.

A plan has been suggested for maintaining open headquarters for oil men, a bureau of information upon the subject of the crude petroleum industry of Los Angeles, in particular, and Southern California in general. As a matter of economy and for the purpose of consolidating some of the industrial interests of this section of the State, a plan is under consideration for consolidation or cooperation with the Mining Exchange of this city.

Some discussion has arisen as to the causes leading to the dismembering of the Oil Exchange. The Times, in the Wednesday moraing's edition, briefly referred to the principal sources of discontent among producers leading up to a dissolution of the exchange.

As a matter of fact, the falling off in the product has had little or nothing to do with the exchange's contemplated suspension of business. As reported then, the adjustment of the loss of a heavy percentage of the recent cargo of the bark Enoch Tailout was probably the last straw heaped upon the back of the overburdened camel. Many producing members have been

PRICE 3 CENTS

dissatisfied with the management of the exchange for some time and the yelling stage, "You're another?" was reached some days ago.

At least one director of the exchange openly charges that the organization has been conducted in the private interest of two or three directors. The backbone of harmony snapped under the declared sale of 10,000 barrels of oil at exchange prices; it is charged that this oil was supplied by the directors in question, to the surprise and discomfiture of the producing members. And this is not all. It is further charged that agents of these men were sent through the field to bear the market, and picked up small lots here and there from needy consumers at the lowest prices possible. But the most sweeping charge is that a game of freeze-out is being quietly manipulated. ket, and picked up small lots here and there from needy consumers at the lowest prices possible. But the most sweeping charge is that a game of freeze-out is being quietly manipulated, and that some of the heretofore spirits of the Oil Exchange are working to bring about its downfall, intending to purchase on the quiet the organization's tankage and shipping facilities, and operate them as private interests. The exchange has two railroad shipping stations. These charges go to the point of declaring that it is not improbable that the private interests mentioned will keep open doors at the old rooms, or at some other convenient point. It may not be true that some of the directors have been conducting the business of oil brokers to their personal gain, but the fact remains that brotherly love reached the bursting point several days ago. John Burns, one of the old directors, and a ploneer producer, is outspoken, and makes no attempt to disguise his disgust and wrath; he declares that the management of the exchange has been reprehensible.

On the other hand, Messrs. Flint, Turner, Strasburg and others charge that the exchange members have never given it the proper encouragement; and that they have personally lost large sums of money in trying to encourage ocean transportation, and maintain profitable prices; that so soon as the surplus was taken care of and orices advanced, the producers wanted to withdraw; they were willing to participate in high prices, but wanted the brunt of battle borne by others. One of the Flints declares he stands ready to wash his hands of the whole affair; that the oil business has cost them a great deal of money, and they do not propose spending more in trying to maintain a market. If prices become thoroughly demoralized again, the producers have themselves to blame and can work out their salvation in their own way; the feast is soread—let it be blessed with a warwhoop.

### DRIVEN TO DEATH.

## Barber Razalle's Dying Accusation Against a Rancher.

J. C. W. Razalle, proprietor of the National barber shop at No. 148 South Main street, was found dead in a room in the Hollenbeck Hotel yesterday morning. The discovery was made by one of the bell boys who, in pass-ing through the hall, noticed the odor of escaping gas, traced it to the room occupied by Razalle, and, upon open-ing the door, was horrified at what he

occupied by Razalle, and, upon opening the door, was horrified at what he saw.

Razalle was dead. A rubber hose, one end of which was in his mouth and the other fastened to the gas jet, the valve of which was open, told the story. On a table lay a box of morphine partially consumed.

A card on which were scrawled these words, was also found in the room:

"I have been driven to death by Richard Garvey and others. Good by, God bless my family. My life has been a failure."

The body was conveyed to Kregelo & Bresse's upon the Coroner's orders and an inquest was held at 2:30 o'clock yesterday.

Charles L. Werner, one of the barbers employed by the dead man, was the first witness called. He testified that Razalle had frequently mentioned his financial troubles and said that Razalle was in debt. Richard Garvey, a rancher in the San Gabriel Valley, had, the witness said, indorsed Razalle's note and some of it had not been paid. Razalle had been unable to pay it. Garvey was unable to make arrangements to satisfy 'he bank and they were crowding Razalle for the money.

Charles E. Neuer, another barber, testified that during a recent conversation with Razalle, he had told him that he was in trouble, and said, "If Garvey would only show a little feeling I could pull through. I thought he was my friend, but I find he is not. He is pushing me to the wall."

Witness said that Razalle then questioned him about suicide and people whom he had known to have killed themselves. Razalle had told Neuer that when he died he wanted one of his barbers to preach a funeral sermon, and asked Neuer to do it. Neuer said he would, and Wednesday morning Razalle asked him how he was getting along with the sermon, and witness had jokingly replied. "First rate, I am working on it each day."

A. A. Werner, another barber, substantiated the testimony of the preceding witnesses. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts.

Razalle leaves a wife and daughter who live at the corner of Sixteenth and Maple avenue.

## who live at the corner of Sixteenth and

OLIVAS GOES FREE. Found not Guilty of an Attempt

E. Olivas, the editor, who some time ago stabbed a rival editor named Gu-tierrez, was discharged yesterday from the charge of assault with intent to kill. A number of witnesses testified as to the fracas, which occurred on Main street, and the testimony showed that the wounded man was the aggressor and had first struck Olivas with a cane a number of times.

Members of the Chamber of Com-merce who expect to go on the Redondo excursion today must obtain their tick-ets at Superintendent Wiggins's office before 1 o'clock. The train leaves the Redondo depot at 1:30 pm. A light lunch will be provided on the train and a fish dinner will be served at Redondo Hotel at 6 p.m.

## Citrus Fruit Growers

Citrus Pruit Growers.

Pursuant to the call of their committee, the growers of citrus fruits in Southern California will meet at the Chamber of Commerce at 10:30 o'clock a.m. today. Matters of general interest will come before the meeting and plans will be discussed for promoting improved methods in growing and handling citrus fruits.

## Young Men's League

There will be a business meethe Young Men's Republicanthis evening at the offices of Oliver, No. 442 Byrne Block. Ter of establishing permanent stablishing permanent he will be considered, as

## HILL ON THE MIDDLE COURSE.

## A Cool-headed Talk to the Hotspurs.

He Objects to Many Features of the Platform,

The Democracy Has Left Itself Open to Attack.

Wants to Know the Necessity for Bringing Up the Questions of Greenback Circulation and Bond

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, July 9.—The speech of Senator Hill of New York on the minor-ity report of the Resolutions Commit-tee was in full as follows: Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the

convention: I don't know that it is necessary that I should reply to the Senator from South Carolina (Senator man,) and I trust that in any reply I rillman,) and I trust that in any reply I may make, I shall not fail to accord to him my profoundest respect. I would say at the outset I am a Democrat, but I am not a revolutionist. I will say further that no matter what the provocation, you cannot drive me out of the Democratic party. Without Intending to specially reply to the remarks of the distinguished Senator from South Carolina, I will only say that it was a waste of time upon his part to assume that we were so ignorant as not to know that it was his State that attempted to break up the Democratic party in 1860. (Cheers.) cratic party in 1860. (Cheers.)

NOT A DIVISIONIST. But that party has survived the attempts of every section of the country to divide, to distract it; it lives today, and I hope it will long survive. My mission here today is to unite, not to divide; to build up, not to destroy (Loud and continued applause;) to plan for victory and not to plot for defeat, I know that I speak to a convention which, as now constituted, probably does not agree with the views of the State that I especially represent on this occasion. But I know that, notwithstanding the attack that has been made upon that State, you will hear me for my cause. But that party has survived the at cause. A LA WEBSTER.

A LA WEBSTER.

New York makes no apology to South Carolina for her resolution. We get our Democracy from our fathers. We do not need to learn it from those whom my friend represents.

Need I defend New York? No, it is not necessary. She defends herself. Need I defend the attacks made upon her and her citizens of wealth, men of intelligence and character? No, it is not necessary. Need I remind this Democratic nation that it is in the great State of New York and in its great city where the wealth that he invelying against is situated? But it is that great city that never but once in its history gave a Republican majority. When other cities failed to respond, New York was the Gibraltar of Democracy. (Loud applause and cries of "Good, good!")

WHICH?

WHICH?

The question which this convention is to decide is which is the best position to take at this time upon the financial question? In a word, the question presented is between international bimetallism and local bimetallism.

If there be gold monometallists, they are not represented either in the majority or minority report. I therefore start out with this proposition: That the Democratic party stands today in favor of gold and silver as the money of the country. We stand in favor of the proposition of a single standard either of gold or silver, but we differ as to the means of bringing about the result. Those whom I represent and for whom I speak—the sixteen members of the minority committee—insist—that we should not attempt the experiment of free and unlimited coinage of silver without the cooperation of other great nations. It is not a question of patriotism. It is not a question of loyalty. It is not a question of loyalty. It is not a question of valor. The majority platform speaks of the subject as though it was simply a question as to whether we were brave people enough to enter It was simply a question as to whether we were brave people enough to ente-upon this experiment. It is a question of finance. It is a question of econom ics. It is not a question, not withstand

A HOME THRUST. Mr. President, I think that the safest, the best course for this convention to have pursued was to take the first step forward in the great cause of mone-tary reform by declaring in favor of international bimetallism. (Loud ap-

tary reform by declaring in favor of international bimetallism. (Loud applause.) I am not here to assail the honesty or sincerity of a single man who disagrees with me. There are those around me who know that in every utterance made upon this subject I have treated the friends of free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 with respect. I am here to pursue that course today.

I do not think that we can safely ignore the monetary systems of other great nations. It is that question about which honest men may differ. I believe we cannot ignore the attitude of other nations upon this subject any more than we can their attitude upon the other questions of the day. I know it is said by enthusiastic friends that America can mark out a course for herself. I know that it appeals to the pride of the average American to say that it matters not what other countries may do, we can arrange this matter ourselves. But I hee to exemble the remembers. legitimate conclusion, you might well do away with international treies; you might as well do away we commercial treaties with other co tries. You might as well do away well to provisions in your testiful and the contract of the contract commercial treaties with other countries. You might as well do away with all the provisions in your tariff bills that have relation to the laws of other countries. In this great age, when we are connected with all portions of the earth by our ships, by our cables, and by all methods of intercourse, we think that it is unwise to attempt this alone.

THE SINGLE RATIO.

THE SINGLE RATIO.

Mr. President, I want to call your attention to this single point. I think it unwise further for this convention to hazard this contest upon a single ratio. What does this silver platform provide? It should have contented itself with the single statement that it was in favor of the remonetization of silver, and the placing of it upon equality with gold; but, instead of that, your committee presented for adoption a platform which makes the test of Democratic loyalty hang upon a single ratio. and that is 16 to 1. I doubt the visdom of having entered into detail. I doubt the propriety of saying that 15½ or 17 is heresy and 16 is the only true Democratic doctrine.

Permit me to remind you—I see distinguished Senators before me, who in the Senate of the United States, friends of, silver had introduced bills for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 20 to 1—I beg to remind this convention that some of your candidates proposed for momination are men whom I accept and whose Democracy is admitted, who have time and time again.

16 to 1; and yet you are proposing to nominate men upon a platform that limits and restricts them to one single ratio. With all due respect, I think it an unwise step. I think it an unnecessary step, and I think it will return to plague us in the future. I think we have too many close business relations with the other great nations of the world for us to ignore their attitude.

THE GOLD POLICY.

Your proposed platform says that the policy of gold monometallism is a British policy. Mr. President, they forget to tell the people of this country that it is a French policy also; they forget to tell the people of this country that it is a German policy also; they fail to remind you that it is a Spanish policy also; they fail to tell you that it is the policy of the whole number of governments represented in what was called the latin union. Therefore, I think—it looks a little—just a trifle like demagoguery to suggest that this is the policy of a single nation alone.

BIMETALLISM.

BIMETALLISM.

Mr. President, I regret also to see that your platform reads not a single word in favor of international bimetallism; not necessarily inconsistent with this platform, and there is no declaration whatever that it is the policy of this government to attempt to bring it about. The minority platform declares expressly that it is the policy of this government to make bring it about. The minority platform declares expressly that it is the policy of this government to make steady effort to bring this about. It would be safer to do it. It would be wiser to do it. We run upon the great question of the finances of this Republic. I do not intend in the brief time oalltted to me to enter into an elaborate argument upon this question. I assume that this convention desires, as the people of this country desire, that every silver dollar coined shall be equal to every other dollar coined.

I find no words in this platform in favor of the maintenance of the parity of the two metals. I find no suggestion of how you are to brace up this new depreciated currency. Everything is risked upon the mere fact that it shall be given free coinage at the mints. I here to call your extention.

shall be given free coinage at the mints. I beg to call your attention to this fact: That, in my humble opinion, the very policy condemned by this platform is the policy that has kept your greenback currency and your silver dollar at a parity with gold dur-

THE GREAT FACT.

We think that times and conditions have changed: We think that you cannot ignore the fact of the great production of silver in this country; we think that you cannot safely ignore the fact, in the preparation of a financial system, that the cost of the production of silver has greatly fallen. Why it is a very preparatifact that Why, it is a very pregnant fact that confronts the world, the solving of the great question of the immense discoveries of silver everywhere. The great fact confronts the world that the cost of silver production has been nearly reduced one-half. If the American people were courageous; if they had the spirit of 1776, as this platform says, the spirit of 1776, as this platform says, could they singly and alone make copper the equal of gold? Could they make lead the equal of gold? Must you not take into consideration the great fact of production, the great fact of the lessening of the cost of production in the last fifteen or twenty years? (Applause.) If bravery, if courage could produce these results, then you could make any metal, no matter what it might be, a money metal. A QUESTION OF ECONOMICS.

A QUESTION OF ECONOMICS.
But I tell you it is a question of economics; a question of business judgment; it is not a question of finance; it is a question of resources; and upon that it is the judgment of the minority of the committee that the safest course is to take the first great step in favor of international bimetallism and stop there. I know it will be said in some places this platform agrees with our Republican friends. It, to me, is neither any better nor any worse for it. I call your attention to the fact that your plank upon pensions, that your plank upon the Monroe doctrine, that your plank upon the Monroe doctrine, that your plank upon the Territories, that your plank upon the civil service, are exactly like the Republican planks. Therefore I do not think that the criticism will detract from the value of the suggestion.

Mr. President, I said a few moments ago I thought the safest course for this convention to have pursued was to simply have said that this government should enact a statute in favor of placing gold and silver alike as the currency of the country and stop there. I do not think, as I said, and I will repeat, that it is wise to hazard everything upon a single number. Let me go further. I object to various provisions of this platform, and I think if the wise, level, cool-headed men, far-sighted men, such as the distinguished Senator from Arkansas, who addressed you, had prevailed, that platform would have been different.

What was the necessity for covering the first this has brought into this canvass an unnecessary, a foolish issue which puts us on the defensive in ev-sery school district in the State. I do not propose to detain you by any criticism of this platform at this time. It is sufficient that you have entered upon an issue upon which Democracy is largely divided.

In addition to that, you have entered upon an issue upon which Democracy is largely divided.

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been different.
What was the necessity for opening up the question of greenback circulation? What was the necessity for putting in this platform an implied pledge that this government might issue greenbacks and make them legal tender. The Democratic party is opposed to paper money. The Democratic party from its earliest history has been in favor of hard money; the Democratic party thinks that the best way for us to do is to eliminate United States notes and treasury notes from our currency. do is to eliminate clinical strength of treasury notes from our currency They are a drag upon our metals. You have to constantly keep supplied a fund for their redemption unless you propose to repudiate them. Therefore, when my to repudiate them. Therefore, when my friend from South Carolina and my friend from Arkansas say that this platform says what it means and means what it says, I would like to have some one who follows me tell me what this platform means upon the subject of the issue of paper money hereafter.

PAPER MONEY.

PAPER MONEY. PAPER MONEY.

I am not violating any secrets of the committee-room when I say that it was avowed that this government might desire to pursue that course, and this is an attempt; at this late day to commit the Democratic party to the suicidal policy of the issuing of paper money. (Applause and cries of "That's the stuff") You say you wanted a clear and distinct platform. You have not got it upon that question. It cannot be defended successfully.

OTHER QUESTIONS.

OTHER QUESTIONS.

Another suggestion permit me to make. What was the necessity for putting into the platform other questions which have never been made the tests of Democratic loyalty heretofore? Why, we find the disputed question of the policy and constitutionality of an income tax. What, has it come to this that the followers of Samuel J. Tilden, who, during all his life, was the opponent of that iniquitous scheme which was used against him in his old age, to annoy him and harass him and humiliate him—why, I say, should it be left to this convention to make a tenet of Democratic faith a belief in the propriety and constitutionality of an income tax law? Why was it wise to assail the Supreme Court of your country? Will some one tell me what that clause means in this platform? If you mean what you say and say what you mean what you say and say what rovision? (Applause.)

That provision, if it means anything, means that it is the duty of Con-

That provision, if it means anything, means that it is the duty of Congress to reconstruct the Supreme Court of the country. It means and it was openly avowed—it means additional members to it, or the turning out of office and reconstructing the whole

court. I said I will not follow any such-revolutionary step as that. Whenever, before in the history of this country has devotion to an income tax been made the test of Democratic loyalty? Never. Have you not undertaken enough, my good friends, now without seeking to put in this platform these unnecessary, foolish and ridiculous things?

THERE ARE OTHERS. What further have you done? In this platform you have declared for the first time in the history of this country platform you have declared for the first time in the history of this country that you are opposed to any life tenure whatever for office. Our fathers before us, our Democratic fathers whom we revere in the establishment of this government, gave our court judges a life tenure for office. What necessity was there for reviving this question? How foolish and unnecessary in my opinion. Are Democrats whose lives have been devoted to this party, and whose hopes, whose ambitions, whose aspirations, all lie within party lines, to be driven out of the party upon this new question of life tenure of the court judges of our Federal courts? This is a revolutionary step; this is an unwise step; this is an unprecedented step in our party history.

THE BOND ISSUES.

THE BOND ISSUES

and thirtectanted step in our step in our step in our the hard the have been avoided is this: What was the necessity, what was the propriety of taking up the vexed question of the issue of bonds for the preservation of the credit of the nation? Why not have left this question to free coinage of silver alone? What have you declared? You have announced the old policy that under no circumstances shall there ever be a single bond issue in times of peace. You have not excepted anything. What does that mean? It means the virtual repeal of your resumption act; it means repudiation pure and simple. This statement is too broad; the statement is too sweeping. It has not been carefully considered. You even oppose Congress doing it; you even oppose the Fresident doing it; you oppose them doing it either singly or unitedly; you stand upon the broad proposition that for no purpose, whether to protect the currency or not—whether to preserve your national credit or for any other purpose, there shall not be a bond issue. Why, how surprising that would be to my Democratic associates in the Senate who for the last two or three years have introduced bill after bill for the issuing of bonds for the Nicaraguan Canal and other purposes. (Laughter and cheers.)

No my friends this platform has A FOOL PLATFORM.

No, no, my friends, this platform ha

No, no, my friends, this platform has not been wisely considered. In your zeal for monetary reform, you have gone out of the true path; you have turned from the true course, and, in your anxiety to build up the silver currency, you have unnecessarily put in this platform provisions which cannot stand a fair discussion.

Let me tell you, my friends, without going into a discussion of the bond question proper, which is somewhat foreign to this subject—let me tell you what would be the condition of the country today if the President of the United States, in the discharge of public duty that is conferred upon him, had not seen fit to issue bonds to protect the credit of the government. The Democratic party has passed a tariff bill which, unfortunately, has not produced a sufficient revenue as yet to meet the necessities of the government. There has been a deficit of about \$50,000,000 a year. It is hoped that in the near future this bill will produce ample revenues for the support of the government. near future this bill will produce ample revenues for the support of the government, but in the meantime your greenback currency and your treasury notes must be redeemed when they are presented. If you would preserve the honor and the credit of the nation, where would the money come from if your President and your southern Secretary of the Treasury had not discharged their duty by the issuing of bonds to save the credit of the country?

try?
Let me call your attention to these figures. There has been issued during this administration \$262,000,000 of bonds. What amount of money have you in the treasury today? Only just about that sum. Where would you have ob-tained the means with which to redeem your paper money if it had not beer produced by the sale of bonds? Why my friend Tillman could not have had enough out of the treasury for his sal-ary to pay his expense home. (Laugh-ter and applause.) A DIVIDED DEMOCRACY.

Mr. President, I reiterate to this convention that this has brought into this canvass an unnecessary, a foolish issue which puts us on the defensive in every school district in the State. I do

Democracy. I do not think that this was the course that should have been pursued.

Mr. President, there is time enough yet to retrace these false steps. The burden you have imposed upon us in the Eastern States in support of this platform on its question relating to silver is all that can be reasonably done. But, in addition to that, you have put upon us the question of the preservation of the public credit. You have brought into it the question of issuing bonds. You have brought into it the question of reconstructing the Supreme Court. You have brought into it the question of issuing paper money. You have brought into if the question of life tenure of public offlies. And this platform is full of incongruous and absurd provisions which are proposed to be made the test of true Democracy. (Great applause.) (Great applause.)

THE SECTIONAL BUGABOO. Mr. President, it is not for me to revive the question of sectionalism and I shall not do it. This country is now at peace, all sections of it, and let it so remain. I care not from what section of the country a Democrat comes so long as he is true to the principles of our fathers. I will shake him by the hand and express my friendly sections. our fathers. I will shake him by the hand and express my friendly sentiment toward him. (Great applause and cheering.) The question of sectionalism will crop up in spite of the efforts of our best men to keep it out. I oppose this platform because I think it makes our success more difficult. I want the grand old party with which I have been associated from my boyhood to have associated from my boyhood to be-and I have looked forward to the day when it should be securely intrepched in the affections of the American peo-

A PREDICTION.

I tell you that, no matter who your candidate may be in this convention, with one possible exception, your Populist friends, upon whom you are relying for support in the West and South. will nominate their than ticket and your silver forces will be divided. Mark the prediction which I make. (Applause and cries "No.")

Some one says no. Who are authorsized to speak for the Populists here in a Democratic convention? I saw upon

this platform, the other day, an array of them, giving countenance and support to this movement, men who never voted a Democratic ticket in their lives and never expect to. They have organized this party. They are the men who attempted to proscribe Democratic all over this Union; t'sy are the men who were crying against us in the days that tried men's souls—during the war. My friends, I thus speak, more in sorrow than in anger. You know well what this platform means to the East. You must realize the result. But calamitous as it may be to us, it will be more calamitous to you all if, taking these risks, you do not win the fight.

My friends, we want the Democratic party to succeed. We want to build it up; we do not want to tear it down. We want our principles—the good old principles of Jefferson, Jackson, Tilden—of safe money. We want no greenback currency on our plates. We want no paper currency whatever. We want to stand by the principles under which we have made this country what it is. If we keep in the gold paths of the party we can win. If we depart from them we shall lose.

BRYAN'S RESPONSE.

Replies to the Queries and Charges of Senator Hill. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, July 9.—Hon. William J. Bryan of Nebraska, in responding to Hill's speech said:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: I would be presumptuous indeed to present myself against the distinguished gentleman to whom you have listened, if this were but a measuring of ability, but this is not a contest of persons. The humblest citizen in all the land, when clad in the armor of a righteous cause is stronger than all the hosts of terror that they can bring. I come to speak to you in defense of a cause, holy as the cause of liberty, the cause of humanity.

"When this debate is concluded, a motion will be made to lay upon the table the resolution offered in commendation of the administration, and also a resolution in condemnation of the administration, I shall object to bringing this question down to the level of persons. The individual is but an atom. He is born, he acts, he dies, but principles are eternal, and this been a contest of principles.

AN UNPARALLELED CONTEST.

principles are eternal, and this been a contest of principles.

AN UNPARALLELED CONTEST.

"Never before in the history of the country has there been witnessed such a contest as that through which we have passed. Never before in the history of American politics has a great issue been fought out as has this issue by voters themselves. On the 4th of March, 1895, a few Democrats, most of them members of Congress, issued an address to the Democrats of the nation asserting that the money question was the paramount issue of the hour; asserting also the right of the majority of the Democratic party of the Democratic party of the Democratic party and the policy of the Democratic party. Three months later at Memphis an organization was perfected, and the silver Democratis went forth openly and boldly and courageously proclaiming this belief, and declaring that they would crystallize in a platform the declaration which they had made; and then began the conflict with a zeal approaching the zeal which inspired the crusaders who followed Peter the Hermit.

"Our silver Democrats went forth to victory, until they are assembling now not to discuss, not to debate, but to enter upon the judgment rendered by the plain people of this country.

"In this contest, brother has been arrayed against brother and father against son. The warmest ties of love and acquaintance and association have been discarded. Old leaders have been cast aside when they refused to give expression to the sentiment of those whom they would lead, and leaders AN UNPARALLELED CONTEST.

cast aside when they refused to give expression to the sentiment of those
whom they would lead, and leaders
have sprung up to give direction to this
cause of truth. Thus has the contest
been waged, and we have assembled
here under as binding and solemn inhere under as binding and solemn in-structions as ever were fastened upon representatives of the people. We do not come as individuals. Why, as in-dividuals, we might have been glad to compliment the gentleman from New York (Senator Hill,) but we know that the people for whom we speak would never be willing to put him in a posi-tion where he could thwart the will of

tion where he could thwart the will of the Democratic party.

"I say that it was not a question of person, it was a question of principle, and it is not with gladness, my friends, that we find ourselves brought into conflict with those who are now arrayed on the other side. The gentleman who just preceded me (Gov. Russell) spoke of the old State of Massachusetts. Let me assure him that not one person in all this convention entertains the least hostility to the people of the State of Massachusetts, but we stand here representing people who are the equals before the law of who are the equals before the law the largest citizens of the State

THE RETORT COURTEOUS. "When you come before us and tell us we shall disturb your business interests we reply that you have disturbed our business interests by your course. We say to you that you have made too limited in its application the definition of a business man. The man who is employed for wages is as much a business man as his employer. The attorney in a country town is as much a business man as the corporation counsel in the great metropolis. The merchant at the crossroads store is as much a business man as a merchant of New York. The farmer who goes forth in the morning and toils all summer, and by the application of brain and muscle to the natural resources of this country

SENTIMENTS THAT TOOK. The sentiments of the speaker were cheered again and again and the galleries seemed to be a mass of white because of the handkerchiefs waving. Cheers were renewed again and again and it was some minutes before Mr. Bryan could he heard. He proceeded as follows:

and it was some minutes excite arrival as follows:

The miners who go a thousand feet into the earth or climb 2000 feet upon the cliffs and bring forth from their hiding places precious metals to be poured into the channels of trade, are as much business men as the financial magnates, who in a back room corner the money of the world."

The free-silver delegates at this point broke forth in tremendous cheers. Order was finally restored, and Mr. Bryan, continuing, said:

"We come to speak for this broader class of business men. Ah, my friends, we say not one word against those who live upon the Atlantic Coast, but those hardy ploneers who have braved all the dangers of the wilderness; who have made the desert to blossom as the rose, those ploneers away out there, rearing their children near to Nature's heart, where they can mingle their voices with the voices of the birds; out there where they have erected schoolhouses for the education of their young and churches where they paise their Creator, and cemeterles where sleep the ashes of their dead, are as deserving of the consideration of this party as any people in this country. It is for those that we speak. "We do not come as aggressors, our war is not a war of conquest. We are fighting for our homes, our families

treat no more; we petition so more. We defy them. The gentleman from Wisconsin has said he fears a Robespierre. My friends, in this land of the free you need fear no tyrant who will spring up from among the people. "What we need is an Andrew Jackson to stand as Jackson stood, against the encroachments of aggrandized wealth.

national bank currency. It is true. If you will read what Thomas Benton said you will find he said that, in searching history, he could find but one parallel to Andrew Jackson; that was Cicero. who destroyed the conspiracy of Cataline and saved Rome. He did for Rome what Jackson did when he destroyed the bank conspiracy and saved America. We say in our platform that we believe the right to coin money and issue money is a function of the government. We believe it is part of the sovereignty, and can no more with safety be delegated to private individuals than we could afford to delegate to priviate individuals the power to make penal statutes or levy laws for taxation. Mr. Jefferson, who was once regarded as good Democratic authority, seems to have a different opinion from the gentlemen who have addressed us on the part of the minority. Those who are opposed to this proposition tell us the issue of paper money is a function of a bank, and that the government ought to go out of the banking business, I stand with Jefferson rather than with them, and tell them as he did, that the issue of money is a function of the government, and that the banks ought to go out of the government business.

THAT LIFE TENURE.

THAT LIFE TENURE.

"They complain about that plank which declares against life tenure in office. They have tried to strain it to mean that which it does not mean. What we oppose in that plank is the life tenure that is being built up at Washington, which excludes from participation in the benefits the humbler members of our society. I cannot dwell longer in my limited time. (Cries "Go on, go on.")

"Let me call attention to two or three great things The gold men from New York says he will propose an amendment providing that this change in our law shall not affect contracts already made. Let me remind him that there is no literation of affecting those contracts which according to the present laws, are made payable in gold. But if he means to say we cannot change our monetary system without protecting those who have loaned money before the change was made, I want to ask him where in law or morals he can find authority for not protecting debtors when the act of 1873 was passed, but now Jussits that we must protect the crediors.

PARRIES THE THRUST.

maintain parity within a year, that we will then suspend the coinage of silver. We reply that when we advocate that which we believe will be successful, we are not compelled to raise doubts as to our sincerity by trying to show what we will do if we can. I ask him if he will apply his logic to us why he does not apply it to himself. He says he wants this country to try to secure an international agreement. Why does he not tell us what he is going to do if they fall to secure an international agreement? There is more reason for him to do that than for us to fail to maintain parity. They have tried for thirty years—for thirty years—to secure an international agreement, and those who are waiting for it most patiently do not want it at all. do not want it at all.

THE REAL BIG THING.

"Now, my friends, let me come to the question than we say on the tarm dues tion, I reply that if protection has slain its thousands, the gold standard ha slain its tens of thousands. If they as us why we did not embody all thes we reply to them that when we have restored the money of the Constitution all other necessary reforms will be pos-sible, and until that is done there is not a reform that can be accomplished "WHY?"

CONFIDENT OF WINNING. CONFIDENT OF WINNING.
Why this change? Ah, my friends, is not the change evident to anyone who will look at the matter? It is no private character, however pure, no personal popularity, however great, that can protect from the avenging wrath of an indignant people. We go forth confident that we shall win. Why? Because, upon the paramount issue in this campaign, there is not a spot of ground upon which they will dare to challenge battle. Why, if they tell us that the gold standard is a good thing, we point to their platgood thing, we point to their plat-rm and tell them that their platform edges the party to get rid of the gold

NATIONAL BANK ISSUE. "He says that we are opposing the national bank currency. It is true. If you will read what Thomas Benton

THAT LIFE TENURE.

ago, when it was confidently asserted that those who believed in the gold standard would support our platform and nominate our candidate, even the advocates of the gold standard did not think we could elect a President, but they had good reason for suspicion because there is scarcely a State here to they had good reason for suspicion be-cause there is scarcely a State here to-day asking the gold standard that is not within absolute control of the Re-publican party. But note the change. Mr. McKinley was nominated at St. Louis upon a platform that declared for the maintenance of the gold stand-ard until it should be changed into bi-metallies by an international scarce. ard until it should be changed into bi-metallism by an international agree-ment. Mr. McKinley was the most pop-ular man among the Republican party, and everybody, three months ago, in the Republican party prophesied his election. How is it today? What about election. How is it today? What about that man who used to boast that he looked like Napoleon? That man shudders today when he thinks that he was nominated on the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo. Not only that, but as he listens he can hear with increasing distinctness the sound of the waves as they beat upon the lonely shores of St. Helena.

standard and substitute bimetallism.

If the gold standard is a good thing, why to get rid of it?

wealth.

NEW CONDITIONS.

"They tell-us this platform was made to catch votes. Reply to them that changing conditions make new issues; that principles upon which rest Democracy are as everlasting as the hills, but that they must be applied to new conditions as they arise. Conditions have arisen, and we are attempting to meet these conditions. They tell us that the informe tax ought not to be brought in here, that it is a new idea. They criticise us for our criticism of the Supreme Court of the United States. My friends, we have not criticised; we have simply drawn attention to what you know. If you want criticism, read the dissenting opinions of the court. That will give you criticisms.

"They say we passed an unconstitutional law. I deny it. The income tax was not unconstitutional when it was passed. It was not unconstitutional when it went to the Supreme Court the first time. It did not become unconstitutional until one judge changed his mind, and we cannot be expected to know when a judge will change his mind. The income tax is a just law. It simply intends to put the burden of the government justly upon the backs of the people. I am in favor of an income tax. When I find a man who is not willing to pay his share of the burden of the government which protects him I find a man who is unworthy to enjoy the blessings of a government ilke ours.

NATIONAL BANK ISSUE.

PARRIES THE THRUST. "He says he also wants to amend this law and provide that if we fail to

"Why is it that within three months

se very people four months ago

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were open and avowedly advocates of the gold standard and telling us that we could not legislate two metals to-gether even with all the world. I want to suggest this truth, that if the gold standard is a good thing, we ought to declare in favor of its retention, and not in favor of abandoning it, and if the gold standard is a bad thing, why should we wait until some other nations hould we wait until some other nations to help us to let go.

THE LINE OF BATTLE. "Here is the line of battle, and we mare not upon which issue they force the fight. We are prepared to meet them on either issue, or on both. If they tell us the gold standard is the they tell us the gold standard is the standard of civilization, we reply to them that the most enlightened of all the nations of the earth have never declared for the gold standard, and both parties this year are declaring against it. If the gold standard is the standard of civilization, why, my friends, should we not have it? So, if they come to meet us on that we can present the history of our nation.

MORE THAN THAT.

MORE THAN THAT.

"More than that, we can tell them this, that they will search the pages of history in vain to find a single instance. which the common people of any lond see ever declared themselves it wor of the gold standard. They can find wher the holders of fixed investments have. Mr. Carlisla said in 187's that he struggle was between the holders of idle capital and the struggling masses who produce the wealth and pay the laxes of the country. My friends, it is simply this question that we shall decide upon, which side shall the Democratic party fight upon, the side of the idle holders of idle capital or upon me side of the struggling masses? That is the question that the party mest answer first, and then it must be answered by each individual hereafer.

A FAR-FETCHED POINT. MORE THAN THAT.

A FAR-FETCHED POINT. "It is the issue of 1776 over again. Our "It is the issue of 17% over again. Our ancestors, when three millions, had the courage to declare their independence of every other nation on earth. Shall we, their descendants, when we have seventy millions, declare that we are less independent than our forefathers? No, my friends, it will never be the judgment of the people. Therefore we care not upon what lines the battle is fought. If they say bimettalism is good but we cannot have it till some nation helps up, we reply that, instead of having the gold standard because England has it, we shall restore bimetallism, and then let England have bimetallism because the United States has it. If they dare to come out and openely defend the gold standard as a good thing, we shall fight them to the utmost. Having behind us the commercial interests, the laboring interests and all the toiling masses, we shall answer their demands for the gold standard, by saying to them, You shall not press down upon the brow of labor this crown of thorns. You shall not crucify mankind upon the cross of gold?" ncestors, when three millions, had the

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## PLANS AND HOPES.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL V

ment—The School is Big Enough.

A few days hence Principal Edwin T. Pierce of the Los Angeles State Normal School will hie himself away to the mountains of San Diego county, forty miles back from Temecula, the last outpost of civilization and the railroad, there to enjoy a well-earned vacation, where the anxious parent, the quarrelsome school trustee and the great American kicker trouble not.

Already the plans for the coming winter are well advanced, and the lines on which it is hoped to develop the userulness of the school mapped out, so that when the principal and the members of the faculty return from their summer outings, the work will be ready for their hands.

"The great improvements during the past year." said Principal Pierce, "were in the refitting of the laboratories and the establishment of a Sloyd course. This winter our main efforts will be in the development of the manual training department, and the establishment of a kindergarten training school.

"The kindergarten system for the younger children has become a firmly established feature of the Los Angeles public schools, and every one recognizes its value. But in all the Pacific Coast, in fact, in all the region west of the Rocky Mountains, there is no school for kindergartners under State control. As the kindergarten has become such an integral part of the aducational system, and as a large number of teachers. The needed, we feel that the State ought to train students for that just as for other forms of teaching. The Los Angeles Normal School will have a kindergarten training department hence forth, the first one California has established.

"When taking a step of such importance as the founding of this department we felt the necessity of placing."

geies Normal school will have a single dergarten training department henceforth, the first one California has established.

"When taking a step of such importance as the founding of this department, we felt the necessity of placing it in charge of some thoroughly capable person. I carried on a great deal of correspondence on the subject with prominent educators, such as Dr. William T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education; Balliat of Springfield, Pratt Institute, and the Teachers' Training College of New York. A great many different people applied for the position, some of them highly recommended. At last, on the advice of Dr. Harris, Miss Elizabeth Harrison and Mrs. J. N. Crouse, all prominent in the field of education, Miss Florence Lawson was chosen. Miss Lawson is thoroughly fitted for the place. She has had six years of training and nine of actual experience. She graduated from Miss Pollock's training school in Washington, and afterward took a four-years' normal course in the Kindergarten College of Chicago. She is very warmly recommended, and is said to be bright, stylish and pretty. Perhaps no school appointment made in Southern California this summer means quite so much as that of Miss Lawson, for she will be a ploneer here in the field of State training of kindergartners.

"We want all the normal students to have some practice in kindergarten work. As it is now, most primary teachers have no practical knowledge of the public schools, the change is so complete that the child has to adjust himself to new conditions. The kindergarten and the primary grades ought. We ware the primary grades ought. "We ware hereiged with questions about our new kindergarten department, and already many applicants for admission have presented themselves, many of whom are already engaged in kindergarten work. We shall set a high standard of admission and the course will be at least two years in length.

"We already have one Sloyd room, for the use of the training-school pupils."

"We already have one Sloyd room, for

nigh standard of admission and the course will be at least two years in length.

"We already have one Sloyd room, for the use of the training-school pupils. During the summer another Sloyd room will be fitted up for the use of model school. Our aim, now, is to work out a course of manual training such as can be used in the Southern California public schools without the purchase of expensive appliances. By experimenting and trying one thing and another, we hope to find a system which shall be helpful and readily available.

"Sloyd was designed primarily for pupils of the sixth, seventh and eighth grades. In the first years something else is needed, so we want to try clay modeling for the first years something else is needed, so we want to try clay modeling for the little folks, then paper Sloyd, then sewing for the girls and other things as they suggest themselves. I have a theory that children who spend one hour out of the five of their school day in some form of manual training throughout their course will learn a great deal of value thereby, and get much more out of their other studies because of this variation of activity.

"In the new Sloyd room now being fitted up, the children will work under the teaching of the normal pupils, with Mr. Miller, the head of the department, to maintain a careful supervision. Mr. Kunow, recently made head of the manual training department the school board is establishing, is giving us his hearty cooperation, and we hope to get valuable results from the new Sloyd room.

"Another thing we want to work out a course of elementary physics which

ing garbage in vacant lots, were sentenced yesterday. Payot, who was found guilty the day previous, was not present to receive his sentence, and his bail of \$10 was declared forfeited. Sing On was fined \$5.

Jung On, for violating the laundry ordinance, was fined \$3.

G. W. Jones, charged with disturbing the peace by Poundmaster Vacher, was discharged.

F. C. Smith was arraigned on a charge of disturbing the peace, and his examination was set for July 25.

Pompey Smith, who was recently found guilty of disturbing the peace, was sentenced to ninety days in jail yesterday.

John Orth. the would-be tough young man, who was arrested July 4 in company with two girls for alleged cruelty to a horse, was discharged by Justice Owen's yesterday.

board is establishing, is giving us his hearity coöperation, and we hope to get valuable results from the new Sloyd room.

"Another thing we want to work out is a course of elementary physics which has be given by primary and grammar grade teachers. Children have a keen Merest in natural phenomena. What we want to plan is not a course of book instruction, but a series of simple experiments, which the teacher can explain to the pupils and discuss with them. Besides the valuable knowledge the children would gather from this, it has the supreme merit of opening their eyes and teaching them to see the wonders and beauties with which they are surrounded on every hand.

One point on which the Normal School lays particular stress is that all its pupils should be well and strong. We have one of the best gymnasiums in the city and a teacher who devotes her entire time to the work. All the Normal students have gymnasium work at least three times, a week, under careful supervision. It is so directed as to be of value in body-building, and each individual has the exercise suited to his individual needs. Several tennis courts are to be made this summer, and hereafter tennis will be the exercise taken during the recreation hour on certain days.

"One member of the faculty, Dr. Schultz, its a thoroughly-trained physician. We have one room set aside for a hospital, a prettily-furnished room, with a comfortable couch and a medicine chest well supplied with the things most frequently needed. Many a time we have averted what might have been serious illness by prompt medical attention. If any one has a headache or cuts his finger or has a fall in the gymnasium or blows himself up in the laboratories, he goes to the hospital and has all his ills remedied.

"The school carpenter is now at work upon a quantity of new gymnastic apparatus, under the personal supervision of Miss Jacobs, the teacher of physical culture, and this will prove a valuable addition to the gymnasium.

"The Normal School tries to train the sthetic sense of the p

## \$

Each suit still keeps Its former price ticket-They have not been re-marked Figure the reduction for yourself.



be our art gallery. We haven't many pictures there yet, because we save the money raised by school entertainments until we have enough to buy something really good. At present fine engravings of Lincoln and Washington hang at the opposite sides of the platform. There is a good copy of the Chandos Shakespeare. We have just hung a beautiful picture of the Parthenon at Athens, which cost \$100. We have an expensive engraving of Trumbull's famous picture. "Signing the Declaration of Independence." One of the things we prize the most is a copy of the Declaration of Independence, reproduced by a photographic process, the same copy which the publisher presented to George Bancroft, the historian.

"The San José Normal School has about 150 more pupils than we. Chico has only half an many. But we don't want the Normal School to grow any larger in numbers for the present. The annual output of teachers is about equal to the demand for recruits in the territory we supply. A school of this kind for the best interest, of its pupils, ought to have only about five hundred pupils. Henceforth we shall keep the number of pupils about where it is now by continually raising the standard of scholarship required for admission. We shall accompilsh the same thing by arranging a spectal course in Southern California high schools, which pupils can take in their home school, ending with a two-years' course here.

POLICE COURT DOINGS.

POLICE COURT DOINGS. Both Police Justices Have a Light

arraigned in the Police Court yester-day on a charge of battery, and his

with battery, was continued yesterday

Sing On and John Payot, who vio-

lated the health ordinance by dump-

ing garbage in vacant lots, were sen

ALLEGED MURDERERS.

Harry Hezekiah and William Van

Harry Hezekiah and William Van

Horne, who have been undergoing an examination before Justice Morrison for some days on a charge of murder-

for some days on a charge of murdering Edward White, July 19. were discharged yesterday.

The defendants' attorneys put a witness on the stand yesterday morning
to brove that the footprints were not
made by Hezeklah. The witness was
Frank E. Bacigalaupi, a fellow-workmian with the accused. He testified that
the shoes belonged to him, and that
he had loaned them to Hezeklah after
the murder was committed.

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to be reset.

examination was set for August 5 José Martinez was sentenced to ten days in fail for vagrancy. The case of A. J. Jones, charged



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## KIPAN3 TABULES

Because he had palpitation of the heart, Mr. A. J. Allen determined to quit smoking. He thought the tobacco habit was the cause of his trouble, but who quit smoking the pulsations of the heart were more violent than ever. Mr. Allen is a registered chemist of Lynn, Mass., and at second thought he concluded that, if thought he concluded that, it tobacco wasn't the cause, it must be acute dyspepsia. His knowledge of chemistry naturally prompted him to take Ripans Tabules, well knowing their efficacy in disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Quick relief followed, and now there is no more distress in the region of the heart. But the remarkable part of Mr. Allen's experience follows: He decided to forego smoking anyhow, and discovered that Ripans Tabules not only satisfied the longing for tobacco, which all smokers are familiar with, but at first he actually looked forward with pleasure to with, but at first he actually looked forward with pleasure to the three periods each day when he took the Tabules. Mr. Allen no longer smokes, and has no desire to, nor does he take the Tabules. He is a well man, and does not need medicine of any kind. Mr. Allen believes Ripans kind. Mr. Allen believes kipans
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aid to any man who desires to
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— PER MONTH — \$5 Medicines Free,

Dr. Shores Cures Catarrh.

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Leave Los Angeles at—

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Pins Pavilion. New Hotel. Grand Scenery.

Telescope and Search-light.

Paily sceept Sanday. "Sunday only.

All others daily.

Eteamer for Avalon connects with 1:10 p.m.

train daily, except Sundays; 3:15 a.m. Sundays. train dair;
daya.
City Ticket Office at A. B. Greenwald's cigarstore, corner Second and Spring streets, and
Wilmington T. Co., 222 S. Spring street.
Depots, east end First-st. and Downey-ava
bridges. General offices, First-st. depot.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY AND SOO
Line—its sleeping coaches marvels of confort; Empress Line steamers for China
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TICKET OFFICES.

No. 229 S. Spring st., general office.
Arcade Depot, through and local.
First street, local.
Commercial street, local.
Naud's Junction.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
—In effect—
SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1896.
Leave Los Angeles for | Leave for Los Angeles

MOYED Tour is Tilling 314 Wilcox Building, Cor 2nd and Spring Sts. Telephone "Red" 1493.

PA. DENTAL CO. ONE BOTTLE CURES



McBurney's KIDNEY & BLADDER CURE. Price 81.25. All Druggists W. P. McBurney. Sole Manufacturer, 418 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.



Are the best. See them before buying.
POULTRY SUPPLIES.
Bone Cutters, Alfair Cutters, Shell Grinders, Spray Pumpa Caponising Sets. Drinking Founcet. Catalogue from etc. Catalogue from tains, Pouitry Books, etc. Catalogue free.

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Tents, Awnings, Flags and Hammocks. Tents for Rent.
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OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal. 

> SECURITY SAVINGS BANK. New Location, N. E. Corner Main and Second Streets.

OFFICERS:

LINES OF TRAVEL.

Total resources ....\$1,382,553.20 LIABILITIES.

5 per cent. interest paid on Term, 8 per cent. on Ordinary Deposits, Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits, THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.
Capital and Profits \$270,001.00.

> MAIN-STREET SAVINGS BANK
>
> —AND TRUST COMPANY,
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> Junction of Main, Spring and Temple sta.
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> CAPITAL, PAID UP
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> Officers and Directors: T. L. Duque, president: I. N. Van Nuys, vice-president; J. V.
>
> Wachtel, cashier; H. W. Hellman, Kaspare
> Cohn, H. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim, O.
> T. Johnson, Abe Haas, W. G. Kerckhoff,
>
> Money Lonned on Real Estate. \$500,000.00 42,500.00

Five per cent. interest paid on term de



CHICAGO EXPRESS\_DAILY. To Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Leaves daily 10:15 am Arrives daily 1:25 pm SAN DIEGO TRAINS. Lv \*9:05 am, 2:00 pm. Ar 11:55 am, \*7:15 pm. SAN BERNARDINO TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:30 pm.
O-Lv 9:05 am, 5:10 pm.
P-Arrive 8:55 am, 5:15 pm, 6:15 pm.
O-Arrive \*\*8:50 am, \*11:55 am, 7:15 pm.

RIVERSIDE TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm.
O-Lv 9:05 am, 5:10 pm.
P-Arrive 9:55 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm.
O-Arrive \*\*\*8:50 am, \*11:55 am, 7:15 pm.

REDLANDS TRAINS.
P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm.
O-Lv 9:05 am,
P-Arrive 9:55 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm.
O-Arrive \*11:55 am, 7:15 pm.

PARTIVE 9:30 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm.

O-Arrive 9:30 am, 1:25 pm, 7:15 pm.

PASADENA, MONROVIA AND AZUSA.

Lv 7:20 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:20 pm.

ANAHEIM AND SANTA ANA TRAINS.

Leave 9:05 am, 2:00 pm, 5:10 pm.

REDONDO BEACH TRAINS.

Lv 9:00 am, 10 am, 1:20 pm, 3:25 pm, 5:20 pm.

Arrive 8:20 am, 2:12 pm, 3:25 pm, 5:20 pm.

Arrive 8:20 am, 10:30 pm, \*\*3 pm, 5:20 pm.

SANTA MONICA TRAINS.

Lv \*\*9:00 am, 10 am, 1:30 pm, \*\*3 pm, 5:20 pm.

Arrive 8:55 am, 2:12 pm, 3:55 pm, 5:22 pm.

\*\*6:13 pm.

PERRIS AND SAN JACINTO TRAINS.

Leave-P \*10:15 am, 0. \*9:05 am.

Arrive-P \*1:25 pm. 0. \*11:55 am.

ELNINGRE AND TEMECULA TRAINS.

Leave-P \*10:15 am, 0. \*9:05 am.

Arrive-P \*1:25 pm. 0. \*9:05 am.

ELNINGRE AND TEMECULA TRAINS.

Leave-P \*10:15 am, 0. \*9:05 am.

ESCONDIDO.

FALLBROOK.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.

TIME TABLE ARCADE DEPOT.

JUNE 21, 1886.

San Francesco, Sacramento, East, via Ogden—
Lv 2:08, 9:00 p.m. Ar 7:30 a.m., 1:20 p.m.
Portland, Or.—Lv 9:00 p.m. Ar 1:30 p.m. El Faso and East—Lv 2:20 p.m. Ar 1:30 p.m.
Riverside, Rediands, San Bernardino—Lv 8:00
9:15 a.m., 2:30, 4:25 p.m. Ar 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48, 6:35 p.m.

Pomana, Ontario—Lv 8:00, 9:15 a.m., 2:30, 4:25, 5:25 p.m. Ar 8:50, 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48, 6:35 p.m.

Chino—Lv 8:00 a.m., 4:25, 5:25 p.m. Ar 8:50, 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48, 6:35 p.m.

Covina, San Dimas, Lordsburg—Lv 8:00 a.m., 2:30, 5:25 p.m. Ar 8:50 a.m., 9:20 a.m., 9:55 a.m., 1:00, 4:48, 6:35 p.m.

Covina, San Dimas, Lordsburg—Lv 8:00 a.m., 2:45, 5:20 p.m. Ar 8:55 a.m., 9:10, 4:55 p.m.

Pasadena—Lv 7:50, \*8:25, 9:15, \*11:25 a.m., \*12:23, 3:55, 5:20, \*7:15 p.m. Ar \*7:30, \*\*8:25, 8:55, 9:55, \*10:40 a.m., 1:35, \*2:05, 5:01, 6:35 p.m.

Santa Barbara—Lv 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Ar 12:10, 3:50 p.m.

Santa Ana—Lv 9:10 a.m., \*2:30, 5:10 p.m. Ar 9:00 a.m., \*12:00 m., \$:50 p.m.

p.m.
Santa Barbara—Lv 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Ar
12:10, 9:50 p.m.
Santa Ana—Lv 9:10 a.m., 2:20, 5:10 p.m. Ar
9:00 a.m., \*12:00 m., 5:20 p.m.
Tuatin—Lv \*9:10 a.m., \*5:10 p.m. Ar 9:00
a.m., \*5:20 p.m.
Whittier—Lv \*9:55 a.m., \*2:20, 5:10 p.m. Ar
8:00 a.m., \*12:00 m., 5:20 p.m.
Long Beach, San Pedro—Lv \*\*8:20, 9:00 a.m.,
1:40 5:05 p.m. Ar 8:13, 11:20 a.m., 5:15
\*\*7:15 p.m.
Santa Monica—Lv \*\*8:00, 9:00, \*\*9:20, 10:00,
\*\*10:30 a.m., 1:10, \*\*1:30, \*\*2:00, 5:15, \*\*5:35,
6:00, \*\*7:15 p.m. Ar 7:45, 8:35, \*\*9:45 a.m.,
12:17, \*\*12:30 \*\*12:40, 4:00, \*\*4:30, 5:10, \*\*5:35,
\*\*7:00, \*\*9:30 p.m.
Soldiers' Home—Lv 10:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. Ar
12:17, \*2:2 p.m.
Port Los Angeles—Lv \*\*8:00, \*9:00, \*\*9:30,
\*\*10:00, \*\*10:30 a.m., 1:10, \*\*2:00 p.m. Ar
\*\*9:45, 12:17, \*\*12:40, 4:20, \*\*4:30, 5:10 p.m.
Catalina Island—Lv \*\*8:30, \*\*9:00 a.m., \*1:40,
\*\*5:05 p.m. Ar \*\*11:20 a.m., \*\*7:15 p.m.
Chatsworth Park—Lv \*\*9:40 a.m. Ar \*4:12 p.m.
(River Station only.)
\*\*Sundays excepted. \*\*Sundays only. \*\*Saturdays only.
All S. P. trains stop at First street, except
the four San Francisco trains, and Commercial street except the 9:00 San Francisco evening train.
TICKET OFFICES.
No. 229 S. Spring at., general office. ESCONDIDO. Lv \*2:00 pm. Arrive \*11:55 am. P-Via Pasadena; O-Via Orango; \*daily ex cept Sunday; \*\*Saturday only; \*\*Sunday only all other trains daily. TICKET OFFICE, 200 South Spring st.

L. J. PERRY, Sup't

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY— Steamers leave Redondo and Port Los An-

SUTTON & CO.'S

Dispatch Line for Port Los Angeles

Or to SUTTON & BEEBE, 308 Market street, San Francisco, Cal.

OCEANIC S.S. CO.

AUSTRALIA, HAWAII,
SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND.

BAYS ONLY, to
HONOLULU, hy
S.S. AUSTRALIA S. S. AUSTRALIA for HONOLULU only
July II. Special party rates.
S. S. MARIPOSA via HONOLULU and
AUCKLAND for SYDNEY, July 22
Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and CAPE
TOWN. So. Africa. HUGH B. RICE, Agent,
122 W. Second St., Tel. 1297, Los Angeles.

To New York

By rail and steamer.

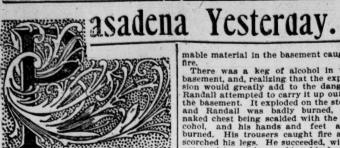
MALLORY LINE
from GALVESTON, To New York



TRUNKS and TRAVELING BAGS M'fg. and Re'p'g. 423 S. Spring



These are a few of our prices:
Solid Gold Frames
Steel, Nicel or Alloy Frames.
Sun Glasses (including frames)
First quality Lenses, properly fitted it
Note—Spectacles repaired while y BOSTON OPTICAL CO. Bet Spring & Broadway.



### NEWS AND BUSINESS.

BRANCH OFFICE OF THE TIMES, No. 47 East Colcrado street. Tel 200 PASADENA, July 9, 1896. Gunther's Mead at McCament's.

Fine kangaroo shoes, hand-sewed, at Estes Shoe Factory, No. 115 South Fair Oaks.

Miss Greenleaf left today for Ken-tucky, where she will spend the sea-Misses Mollie and Katie Hutchinso

of Braham, Tex., are the guests of Mr and Mrs. E. Lockett. Mrs. William Faukner and the Misses Faukner of Garfield avenue are at the Arcadia Hotel, Santa Monica.

Arcadia Hotel, Santa Monica.
Arrangements are being made to have a double female quartette furnish the music at the First Congregational Church Sunday morning.

Albert Marshall, the night clerk at the Sunset Telephone office, has been promoted to the Los Angeles office, with an increase of salary.

With an increase of salary.

The electric road has put sixteen new cars into service during the wek just ended. They are well patronized, in spite of the summer season's usual dull-

T. P. Lukens and Walter Richard-T. P. Lukens and watter kenada-son left today for three months' moun-taineering in the Kern River country. They will join Howard Longley on Mt. Whitney during the trip.

Wong Ching's case is set for Satur-

day morning at 9 o'clock and a jury will summoned. This is to save time, Wong was unable to say whether or not he desired a jury trial.

The bulletin boards were surrounded all day by crowds of Republicans, Populists and Democrats, and some heated political arguments prevailed on the questions of the hour.

on the questions of the hour.

Invitations, limited to the intimate friends, have been issued for the marriage of Miss Fanny Maud Casterline and Hiram D. Parsons of Batavia, N. Y., at the home of the bride's parents on South Euclid avenue, on Wednesday, July 22, at 5 o'clock p.m.

The field work on the city assessments is done, the statements have nearly all been copied and with the completion of the writing up of the "unknown owners," which will begin July 15 and take two weeks, the entire assessment list will be completed.

The funeral of George Blockberger

The funeral of George Blockberger The funeral of George Blockberger, who died in Santa Ana recently from the effects of a runaway accident, was held here today from the undertaking rooms of Reynolds & Van Nuys. The burial was in Mountain View Cemetery. The services were under the direction of the local G.A.R. Post.

mection of the local G.A.R. Post.

Mr. Leach of the Los Angeles House
says he has personally lost no money
through the transactions of his clerk,
Frank Tillman. The alleged bogus
checks were given to various people,
who partially cashed them. Steps are
being taken, on the part of some of
those who lost on the deal, to have the
matter adjusted.

### RAILROADS POOL ISSUES. Pickets on One Good Returning on

the Other. The Southern Pacific and Southern California Railroad have pooled their local issues, the order having gone into effect today. The importance of the today. The importance of the to local beach and resort traffic will be great, and the convenience of the arrangement made is such that it

the arrangement made is such that it is commended by Pasadena people. It is supposed that the same sort of an arrangement has been perfected wherever the two roads are in competition in this portion of the State.

The result upon the employes of the two roads will probably not be so favorable as to the traveling public, as it is likely that it will enable both roads to discharge many men, and no "hustling" for business in each other's territory would be profitable under the

It has been ordered that all tickets over the Southern Pacific or Southern California road, to Los Angeles and the beaches, are good returning over the other road, the same rate being charged, and vice versa. Santa Monica trade is that for which the roads are

be arranged in such a manner as to fit most probably, and the business trains to and from Los Angeles on both roads are so timed as to suit the convenience of those who reside in Pasadena but do business in Los Angeles. A heavy beach business is being done from this point, especially on Sundays, both by the railways and the electric line.

Loan and Building Association. At the stockholders' meeting of the Pasadena Mutual Loan and Building Association Wednesday afternoon, the Association Wednesday afternoon, the secretary's reports showed a gain of \$1300 in profits for the last six months. and a brisk business in the sale of stock. The ninth series has been issued and is being rapidly disposed of, T. P. Lukens, A. L. Hamilton, W. R. Staats, Benjamin Jarvis, P. Orhan, R. H. Pinney and B. W. Mahn were elected directors, and E. A. Walker, E. L. Bean and Charles E. Putnam, Auditing Committee, I. N. Todd, W. B. Clapp and C. E. Putnam also received scattering votes for directors

## Simons's Examination.

The examination of F. R. Simons, charged with rape, will be held in Pasadena Saturday, April 18. Simons applied for a change of venue, but was unable to give any legal reason for the application. Judge Rossiter, how-ever, has made an arrangement whereby Judge Morrison of Los Angeles will preside at the examination, which will preside at the examination, which will be conducted for the people by the Deputy District Attorney, and for the defense by Judge Phillips of Los Angeles.

## BURNING ALCOHOL.

Boxing Match. The fire department was called to the corner of Colorado street and Marengo avenue at 7:45 o'clock this evening to respond to a call from Green's drug store. The basement of the building was full of smoke, and but for the prompt work of the department a seri-ous fire would have occurred. Harvey Randall, who is employed in Kelly's gracery, store and about

Harvey Randall, who is employed in Kelly's grocery store, and another young man. Fred Rogers by name, who is employed at the drug store, had gone down to the basement for a friendly bout with the gloves. They were both stripped to the waist. They were in the habit of boxing in the basement. In some manner they either overturned the lamp or it exploded. Randall claims that the latter was the case. The packing, boxes and other inflam-

mable material in the basement caught

mable material in the basement caught fire.

There was a keg of alcohol in the basement, and, realizing that the explosion would greatly add to the danger, Randall attempted to carry it up out of the basement. It exploded on the steps and Randall was badly burned, his naked chest being scalded with the alcohol, and his hands and feet also burned. His trousers caught fire and scorched his legs. He succeeded, without assistance, in reaching his home, which is but half a block away. A physician was called, who made him as comfortable as the nature of his injuries would permit. The basement was flooded, but, beside the damage from smoke and water, little harm was done.



AVALON, (Catalina Island.) July 9, (Special to The Times by Homing-pig pigeon Service.) In previous years there has been considerable complaint on the part of sensitive people over the hearty, frequently rude greeting they receive from the throng of spectators who mass themselves at the wharf entrance on the arrival of each steamer Incoming passengers are treated to a perfect volley of exclamations from doubtless well-meaning young fellows but which, nevertheless, savo

strongly of hoodlumism. If a person as been so unfortunate as to pay tri oute to Neptune on the trip over, he naturally does not care to have the atention of the whole throng t, and altogether the custom

it, and altogether the custom has come to be a great annoyance.

The Banning Company has decided this year to tolerate no more of this nonsense, and they will take measures to suppress it peacefully, if possible, forcibly if necessary. As an inauguration of this very wise movement a novel plan has been hit upon, and was put in operation for the first time last night. The picket gate which has formerly kept guard 'twixt the wharf and the main entrance was removed formerly kept guard 'twixt the wharf and the main entrance was removed and in its place a solid board gate put in of sufficient height to prevent anyone looking over. Then two "escape valves" were provided at the side, in the shape of big doors, and as the passengers disembark these side doors were noiselessly swung open and half of the incoming visitors had landed before the ruse was discovered by the crowd, among whom were the youths, waiting as usual to "guy" the arrivals.

youths, waiting as usual to "guy" the arrivals.

There was an immediate rush for the side entrances, but as soon as the blockade in front of the main entrance was broken that was quietly opened and the passengers found their way out while the gaping throng stood at the side watching for the victims. By thus reversing the order as fast as the crowd moved, the unpleasantness was crowd moved, the unpleasantness was avoided. This clever ruse succeeded beautifully last night. But if neces sary, sterner measures will be used and the first youth or dude using offen-

sary, sterner measures will be used and the first youth or dude using offensive language will be promptly taken in charge of by an officer.

All prospective visitors will rejoice that this disagreeable feature of "running the gauntiet" will de done away with, and they will hereafter be permitted to land without being gratuitously insulted by some young hoodlum.

C. P. Morehouse of Pasadena yesterday landed the largest yellowtail evertaken here, its weight being fifty pounds. The catch was made with rod and reel on a twenty-one-thread cutty-hunk line, Jim Gardner acting as boatman. The gamy fish made a gallant fight for freedom.

The tug-of-war between oarsmen given on the Fourth of July will be tried again between the same contestants next Sunday afternoon.

ants next Sunday afternoon.

E. F. Hurlbut and daughter succeeded in landing three fine yellow-tall yesterday. Miss Hurlbut caught a twenty-six pounder. Capt. Sennett and wife and their

Capt. Sennett and wife and their niece, Mrs. Kuhl, left for their home in San José this morning after spending a week at the Metropole.

Hon. Thomas Bard and family of Hueneme, who have been spending some time here, also left this morning. Never in the history of Avalon has camp life been so popular as this year. Tents have pushed their way clear to the fence at the head of Sumner avenue and still there is ample room for many more. Catalina is the poor man's Paradise for an outing, as the camping privileges are absolutely free. A pleasant party of Oakland and San Francisco people are delightfully sitparticularly pooled, as the electric cars have cut a figure with both this season. Such an arrangement commends itself to the public, as the time-cards will be arranged in such a manner as to fit most probably, and the business trains

King and son, Mrs. F. R. Stevenson and Miss Mercy Stevenson of Oakland; Mrs. C. T. Klink and daughter of San Francisco. They are here for a month. Miss Anna Summerfield of Reno, Nev., and Miss Lella Lewis of Santa Monica, have joined the Davidsons at "As You Like It" camp.

Last night's arrivals at the Metropole were: W. H. Taylor, Jr., and Harry N. Stetson, San Francisco; A. H. Van Cleve, El Paso; Claude N. Bennett, Washington, D. C.; J. M. Downing, Phoenix; J. P. Davenport, I. Klingenstein and W. D. Perkins, Los Angeles.

I. Klingenstein
Los Angeles.
Mrs. Wilds of San José has engaged
Mrs. Wilds of San José has engaged rooms at the Metropole for a party to arrive on the 10th inst.; Miss Dobbins of Pasadena and W. S. Stewart and family are scheduled to arrive next

Angeles has engaged rooms for August 1.

Last night's arrivals at the Island Villa were: George W. Stimson. Cordella Stimson and C. L. Stimson of Pasadena; W. H. Russell, Whittier: N. Todman, Irving E. Bush, Carey Gregory, S. H. Spencer, Los Angeles; H. A. Cargill and wife, Brookshurst; B. Tallmady and wife, H. E. Berrin, San Bernardino; J. C. Patterson, Batavia, Ill.

Batavia, Ill.

At the Glenmore last night's arrivals

At the Glenmore last night's arrivals were: Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Higginbotham and Master Higginbotham. Miss Annie Keagle of Stockton; Miss Regina Sabatt of Chicago.

W. H. Burnham of Orange, who, with his family, is occupying the Island Home cottage this summer, has purchased the yacht San Diego of Capt. Hayward, for pleasure purposes. Messrs. Marshal Stimson, Earl Lewis, Calvin Green, Charles Seyler, Lafayette Young and Charles Poindexier, are guests of Mrs. E. R. Carr at her cottage, Beach Haven.

(Indinapolis Journal:) And the soul of the wicked one was next condemned to fall through space at the rate of a mile a minute for 10,000 years.

"Say," he shouted as he passed the 10,000th ghostly milepost, "this beats any coasting I ever tried."

## BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,

Los Angeles, July 9, 1896.
A REMARKABLE BANK. A write in a recent issue of a magazine has the following interesting account of a remarkable Norwegian bank, which is different from anything to be found on

"Socially, the bank is of considerable importance. The directors meet twice a week, and these friendly gatherings are said to be most enjoyable affairs. Loan said to be most enjoyable affairs. Loan and discounts form the chief subjects of conversation. No loan or discount can be made without the approval of three of the directors. Suppose the directors are to hold a meeting on Wednesday, and you want to borrow 100 krone on Monday. You apply to the Norges Bank, and are told that the matter will be taken under consideration at the directors' meeting on Wednesday, and, you may look for an answer to your application by Thursday. It does not matter in the least that you want the 100 krone Monday and not Thursday; you simply have to wait. After all, there is not so much absurdity or inconvenience to the borrower in this arrangement as seems at first glance. He who may want a loan only anticipates his needs, and prepares for it a few days in advance, instead of waiting until the hour before he wants it. And the bank is always able to make sure that its loans are safe ones. "The origin of this institution was as peculiar as its management is unusual. Soon after the nominal union of Norand discounts form the chief subjects

The origin of this institution was as peculiar as its management is unusual. Soon after the nominal union of Norway and Sweden, in 1814, the latter country began to feel the need of greater money facilities to meet the demands of the rapidly-increasing commerce. The situation was not unlike that in the United States at the time of the formation of the first United States bank.

"The problem of securing the necessary capital for a great national institution was a very simple one for the Norwegian government. It raised stockholders for the bank just as it raised soldiers for its armies. Every well-to-do clitzen was compelled to take so much stock. He was always at liberty to take more if he chose, but always in amounts divisible by five. Book-keeping was made easy on a new principle, in accordance with which sums ending in other figures than five and zero were to be excluded from the books.

"This national bank is also a national pawnshop. It is authorized by law to

"This national bank is also a national pawnshop. It is authorized by law to lend money on any non-perishable goods, provided they can be deposited in the bank and kept under lock and key. For this service it charges rather less than the usual pawnbroker's interest, which may perhaps account for the rarity of private pawnshops in Norway. In the regular loan department the curious rule is enforced that loans may not be made for less than one month, nor more than six, and only for sums of at least 400 krone (\$120.)

"American bank customers would look askance at the rule which subjects all deposits to a charge of one-tenth per

look askance at the rule which subjects all deposits to a charge of one-tenth per cent. for taking them in. Vengeance is also taken with a liberal hand on the unlucky wight who happens to overdraw his account. He is fined 1 per cent. of the excess amount, which fine is immediately charged against him, and payment of the draft is totally refused. If by accident or for any reason an official honors such an overdraft, he is personally responsible. The Norges Bank unquestionably does a safe business."

COMMERCIAL.

TRADE WITH SOUTH AFRICA TRADE WITH SOUTH AFRICA. There has been an encouraging increase in the trade of the United States with South Africa during the past year. According to a German trade paper our export trade to South Africa for the fiscal year ending June 30, amounted to only \$5,000,000, and in the three preceding years, 1894, \$422, 912; 1893, \$3,500,000, and in 1892, \$3,400,000, whereas in the fiscal year to close with last month it will aggregate \$10,000,000. This increase will be owing chiefly to our direct steamer connections with South Africa. In the past this trade went mainly via England, as we were dependent on salling vessels. While no regular line exists, American arms send from three to four steamers to South Africa every month. Recently firms send from three to four steamers to South Africa every month. Recently the sawmills of Oregon have introduced their products there, and steamers go to South Africa off and on" from the Pacific Coast. Our southern exports consist mainly of lumber. Pine used in South Africa comes chiefly from this country. From San Francisco wheat is sent, particularly as there was a fall-ure of the wheat crop both in South Africa and Australia during the past year.

year.
To show the great variety of goods exported to South Africa the following list, taken from the cargo of a ship that recently left for that country is quoied:

list, taken from the cargo of a ship that recently left for that country is quoted:

"It consisted of lard and lard oil, leather, hardware, lamps and accessories, jute, maize, flour, canned mea's, oysters, fish and fruits, wagon grease, turpentine, varnish, vocdenware, doors, sashes, frames, barbed wire, plows, saxes, cigarettes, baking powder, nsils, brooms, dried fruit, petroleum, wheat, clocks, watches, nedicure, hams, cooking and heating stoves, wheelbarrows, sugar, cotton goods of all sorts, wagon spokes, and hubs, lubricating oils, firebricks, cordage, seeds, iron tubing, steam pumps, starch, glassware, gloves, curtain fastenings and poles, rubber goods, sporting goods, shovels, mining machinery, furniture, organs, whips, hay, clothing, soap, cartridges, wire mats, oats, lumber, oranges, apricots, smoked tongues, iron bolts, books, candles, paraffin wax, suspenders, paper bags, playing cards, glucose, scales, knives, electrical machinery, mats, tomato syrup, Florida water, trunks, windmills, benzine, coffee mills, essences letter presses, sieves, picture frames, bird cages, plated ware, dental chairs, cloth, lawn mowers, feed cutters, wagors, wood in horses, drugs, typewriters, paper, cards, rye, bicycles, leal pine, colors, roofing tin, trucks and electrotypes.

CANNED TOMATOES. Speaking of the depression in the canned tomatoe trade, owing to so large a number of packers being in the business, the Philadelphia Grocery World thus sums up the situation:

"It is estimated that fully 25 per cent too many tomatoes are now being packed, counting the stock carried over. A reduction of 40 per cent would really not make a scarcity by any means, which fact is shown by last year's experience. Last year's pack was said to be only 60 per cent of that of the year before, and even at the reduction there seems to be no end of the supply."

IMPROVING ITALIAN ORANGES. Now the report comes from Italy that Italian growers are preparing to strengthen their hold upon American markets by propagating American varieties in place of those that have been raised in Italy for a century or more. It remains to be seen what effect this will have on the market for American fruit in the East. If the Italian growers raise the trees from seed and have to wait ten years it will at least be some time before the competition makes itself felt. The following account of the new departure is from a recent issue of the New York Herald:

"A decided novelty in the fruit market is 100 boxes of shoice oranges grown in Rodi, Italy, from seeds of the luscious Indian oranges of Florida, planted ten years axo. They were brought here on the steamship Scindia, which arrived direct from Rodi on Friday, Louis Contencia & Sons, Nec. IMPROVING ITALIAN ORANGES

2 and 4 Stone street, the importers, exhibited samples of the oranges to many interested persons yesterday. The fruit was carefully packed in fancy tissue paper by F. S. Ciampa & Sons, of Rodi, who are said to be the most extensive exporters of fruit in Italy. It was received in perfect condition, in boxes containing 160, 200 and 360 oranges each, and raif boxes containing 80, 100 and 180 each.

"The fruit closely resembles Rodi oranges in size, color and substance, but is a little sweeter than the Rodis, which have heretofore been the finest oranges grown in Mediterranean countries. Mr.Contencin, the veteran head of the firm, says that the new product is fully equal in every particular to the regular Rodi fruit, and that it will annually improve in quality for several years to come. Scions from the new trees will be extensively grafted upon the native Italian trees, so that in a few years there will be large crops of the Florida-Rodi oranges. It is a little singular that some eighteen or twenty years ago orange groves were started in Florida from seeds obtained in Italy, Spain and other Mediterranean countries, and that now, after many Florida groves have been destroyed by frost and abandoned, eeeds should be sent back from that state and an improved kind of orange propagated from them, Mr. Contencin thinks that Florida will never again produce her former enormous orange crops, on account of the great risk of severe weather incurred by the growers. The orange groves of Rodi which is on the Adriatic sea, he says, are so sheltered by high mountains that the weather is never sufficiently cold to destroy the trees, as in Florida, although about twenty years ago an entire crop of oranges was destroyed on the trees by an unprecedented frost."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS. THE STORAGE BATTERY FOR STREET CARS. Ever since the use of electricity as a motive power for street cars was introduced it has been hoped electricity as a motive power for street cars was introduced it has been hoped and expected by the public that a practical system of storage batteries would be devised to take the place of the present unsightly trolley system. A storage battery system for street cars has been successfully operated on several lines in Europe and in this country, but as a rule companies have shown a great disinclination to utilize it. It is generally supposed by the public that this disinclination is due to the fact that the storage system has hitherto been more expensive than the trolley.

A few months ago the announcement was made that all the storage battery patents in this country had passed into the hands of a great trust, called the Electric Storage Battery Company. The concern is said to have control of all the American and European patents. From this it is supposed that the practical value of the storage system has been sufficiently proved and that before long it will come into general use.

One of the drawbacks of the storage

nas been sunciently proved and that before long it will come into general use.

One of the drawbacks of the storage system has been that the cells of the battery were unable to overcome heavy grades unless they were made too heavy. Electricity generated by the great dynamos at Niagara Falls will now be stored, and used for lighting and motive power in the great clies of the country. Electric power will thus be sold on tap, as it were, and can be supplied to small establishments in a convenient form.

Wonderful as the advances in the field of electricity have been during the past few years, it is probable that the closing years of the century will see yet more marvelous results achieved in this direction.

yet more marve

MINING IN ALASKA. The warnings that have been printed in the press against rushing to the Alaska gold fields are evidently justified. The dispatch from Portland, Or., printed in yesterday's Times, giving the experience of a man who has recently returned from Cook's Inlet, painted a gloomy picture of the condition of affairs in that northern El Dorado. The fact is that when the circumstances are gloomy picture of the condition of affairs in that northern El Dorado. The fact is that when the circumstances are considered—the severity of the northern climate, which only permits of work being carried on during a few months or weeks of the year—the gold fields of California are far more inviting than anything that Alaska can offer. Between Oregon and the Mexican line there are millions of dollars underground awaiting to be developed, and the prospector need not travel away from the comforts of civilization. However, distant pastures always look green to the prospector, and it is of little use to warn him against rushing off to a distance when the fever is in the blood.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

## LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesnie Quotations Revised Daily. Wholesale quotations Revised Daily.

LOS ANGELES, July 9, 1896.

Eggs continue firm. Butter is the same as yesterday. There is nothing doing in hides. Peaches are lower; blackberries higher. Asparagus, and turnips have advanced; squash, tomatoes, green chiles, corn and string beans are lower. Some changes are noted in poultry, which is very dull. White label lard steady.

Provisions.

Provisions. Hams—Per lb., Rex, 12; Eagle, 10½; picnic 6; boneless, 8½; boneless butts, 8; selected, "mild cure," — selected boiled Rex, 13½; skinned, 11½. Rex breakfast bacon, 10; Diamond C, special fancy wrapped, 12½; Diamond C, piain wrapped, 12½; Diamond C, breakfast backs, 7½; medium, 667%. 7/4; medium, 607%.
Dry Salt Pork—Per lb., clear bellles, 7; short clears, 5%; clear backs, 5½.
Dried Beef—Sets, 10; insides and knuckles, Pickled Pork—Per half-bbl., 80 lbs., 8.00.
Lard—Rex. Pure Leaf, tierces, 5%; kettle, rendered, 50s, 6; Ivory lard compound, 5%; Rexolene, 5%; White Label lard, tierces, 5%.

rendered, 50s, 6; Ivory lard compound, 54; Rexolene, 5%; White Label lard, tierces, 5%. Hay and Grain.

Wheat—1.16@1.25.
Oats—1.10@1.25.
Barley—Seed, 75; imported, 75.
Corn—Small yellow, 96; large yellow, 90; cracked, 95; white, 90.
Feed Meal—Per ctl., 1.00.
Hay—New stock; Good oat, 2.00; best oat, 2.00@11.00; alfaita, native, baied, 48.00; locae, 7.00; barley, 8.00@11.00; wheat, 10.00@11.00; wheat and oat, 10.00.

Butter.

Butter—Fancy local creamery, 37½; extra fine, 40; fancy Coast, 55@37½; 28-0z., 27½@30; dairy, 2 lbs., 30@32; dairy, 28-0z., 27½@30; dairy, 2 lbs., 30@32; dairy, 28-0z., rolls or squares, 25@37%; fart to good, 20@22½; fancy, creamery, in tubs, 18.

Dried Fruits.

Apricots—10@12.
Peaches—Per lb., 4@6.
Frunes—Per lb., 4@6.
Frunes—Per lb., 3@8.
Rasisins—Per lb., 12@5%.
Beggs—Calliornia ranch, 16@17; good stock, 14%15.

Eggs-California ranch, 16@17; good stock,

Cheese—Southern California, large, 9; Young America, 10; hand, 11; eastern cheddars and twins, 12615; brick creams, 13615; fancy, northern, 768; fair northern, 667; Limburger, 12614; American Swiss, 14615; imported Swiss 24. Hides and Wool.

Hides—As they run, 11; kip, 9; calf, 15; bulls and stags, 5½; sheep pelts, according to quality and condition, 2½65.

Wool—2½6½;

Dried Products.

Dried Products.

Beans—Lady Washington, 1.45@1.55; navy, 1.70@1.80; plnks, 1.45@1.50; Limas, 3.25@3.50; black-eyed, 2.50; peas, 3.50.

Green Fruits.

Oranges — Valencias and Mediterranean sweets, 3.00@3.50; choice seedlings, 1.50@2.00.

Lemons—Per box, cured. Eurekas and Lisbons, 2.25@2.50; uncured, fancy, 1.25@1.75.

Apples—2.25 per box; fancy, 2.50.

Strawberries—5@11.

Currants—75.

Raspberries—601.

Pacches—1.00.

Apricots—65.

Blackberries—Per crate, 1.45.

ries—Per crate, 1.45. 10h—2.00. Vegetables.

Chiles-Dry, per string, 30; Mexican, per b., 15; green, 121/2.

Cucumbers—Per box, 50. Egg plant—1.50.

Flour-Per bbl., Los Angeles, 4:00; other rands, 3.20@3.60; Stockton, 4.55; graham, 1.90.
Bran—Per ton, local, 17.00@17.50; northern, 17.00@18.00.
Shorts—Per ton, 19.00. 7.00@18.00.
Shorts—Per ton, 19.00.
Rolled Barley—Per ton, 16.00.
Rolled Oats—Per bbl., 4.50@4.75.
Polled Wheat—3.00.
Fresh Meats.

Millstuffs.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcasses:
Beef—Prime, 4644,644.
Veal—567.
Mutton—Ewes, 34; wethers, 4; lambs, 4463.
Dressed Hogs—5654.

Hogs-Per cwt., 3½@3%. Beef Cattle-2.00@2.50. Lambs-Per head, 1.00@1.25. Sheep-Per cwt., 1.50@1.75. Poultry.

Hens-3.00@4.00; young roosters, 4.00@4.50; old roosters, 3.00@3.50; broilers, 1.50@2.00; ducks, 3.00@4.00; turkeys, 11@1234;

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

Exp. O. Pac. South. Pac. & Ohio. Alton & Q. Gas . U.S. Rub. pfd... U.S. Rub. pfd... R. G. W. .... R. G. W. pfd... R. G. W. pfd. 40
Rock Island 624
St. Paul 744
St. Paul pfd. 127
St. P. & O. pfd. 127
St. P. & O. pfd. 123
So. Pac. 188
Sugar Ref. 1975
T. C. & I. 204
T. C. & I. 204
V. St. Exp 40
W. St. & P. & O. pfd. 70
U. Pac. 644
U.S. Exp 40
W. St. & P. pfd. 16
W. F. Exp. 90
W. Union 82
W. & L. E. pfd. 31
W. & LE. pfd. 31
W. & LE. pfd. 31
Y. & Exp. 40
C. St. & I. pfd. 10
C. St. & I. pfd. 10
So. R. R. G. 125
Am. Tob. pfd. 125
Am. Tob. pfd. 125
Am. Tob. pfd. 35
Am. T. & C. Co. 91
Com. Cable Co. 140
Am. Sugar pfd. 109
J. List. 15
J. List. 100
J. St. Com. 120
J. List. 15
J. List. 15
J. List. 100
J. St. Com. 120
J. List. 100
J. List. 100
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J. St. Com. 120
J. List. 100
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J. List. 100
J. St. Com. 120
J. List. 100
J. List. 100
J. St. Com. 120
J. List. 100
J. L W. pfd... Island Nat. Cord. ..... Nat. Cord. pfd... N. J. Cen. .... N. & W. pfd... N. Am. Co. ....

NEW YORK, July 9.—Bond-list quotation today closed as follow U.S. new 4s reg.11614 U.S. new 4s coup.11634 U.S. 5a coup. 11234 U.S. 5a coup. 11234 U.S. 4s reg. 10734 U.S. 4s coup. 1085 U.S. 2s reg. 95 Pac. 6s '95. 1094 Ala, class B. 103 Ala, class B. 103 Ala, class C. 100 Ala, class C. 100 Ala, class C. 100 Ala, class C. 100 Mais, class S. 103 Mais, class C. 100 Mais, clas Ala, class C ... 100
Ala, currency ... 88
La. new con 4s. ... 954
Mo. 6s ... 100
N. Car. 6s ... 120
N. Car. 4s ... 100
S. Car. non-fund 1
T. new set 6s ... 85
T. new set 5s ... 108
T. old 6s ... 60
Va. centuries ... 58
Va. deferred ... 5
Va. tchison 4s ... 784
Atchison 4s ... 784
Atchison 4s ... 784

Va. deterred .... 781/4
Atchison 4s .... 781/4
Atchison 2d A. 381/4
Can. So. 2ds ... 1061/4
So. R. R. 5s... 891/4
O. R. & N. 1sts.1091/4 SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.-losing quotations for mining were as follows:

Gould & Currie 94
Hale & Norcross .125
Julia . 10
Justice . 5
Kentucky Con. 2
Mexican . 68
Mono . 15
Occidental Con. .106
Ophir . 115
Overman . 21
Potosi . 115
Savage . 81
Scorpion . 6 Alta ...... 10
Alpha Con. ..... 12
Andes ...... 32
Belchar New York Money.

New York Money.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Money on call, easy at 1@2 per cent., last loan 1, closed 1@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87%4.88 for demand and 4.87%4.74 for sixty days; posted rates, 4.87%4.88 and 4.884.89; commercial bills, 4.86@4.86%; silver certificates, 68%@69%.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Petroleum was quiet.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS. Grain and Produce.

GBY ASNOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

CHICAGO, July 9.—Politics dominated all speculative markets today and had a benumbing effect upon prices. Wheat declined \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \text{QC}\$ corn and oats about \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \text{each}\$. Provisions made new low records, declining 12\frac{1}{2}\text{QC}\$ cents. Wheat had another exceedingly dull day and fluctuations were narrow, being confined to a \$\frac{1}{2}\text{crange}\$. Oats attracted but little attention. Feeling was easy and prices ruled lower. Corn ruled lower all day with an extremely light trade. Provisions were utterly without support and made new low prices.

The leading futures closed as follows:
Wheat No. 2—

Closing.

July

September

Corn No. 2—

July

September

Oats No. 2—

25%

Oats No. 2— BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE

native cattle, the bulk selling at 2.85@4.35; good to choice distilling-red cattle were in demand at 4.15@440; the best calves sold up to 5.20. Hogs; heavy sold at 2.85@3.30; for medium weights the ruling prices were 3.10@3.45; and mixed sold at 3.15@3.47½; light hogs sold at 2.30@3.35 for common to choice assorted. Common to choice sheep were taken at 2.25@4.00; sales embracing a good many Dakota and other western flocks at 3.60@4.00; yearlings were in demand at 4.25@4.80; lambs sold at 2.00 for culls up to 6.50 for fancy; the bulk sold at 3.50@6.25.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Spot wheat steady with a poor demand; No. 2 red winter, 5s 16; No. 4 California, 5s 9. Futures opened firm, with near and distant positions \( \frac{1}{2} \) dights; business about equally distributed. Spot corn closed quiet; American mixed, 2s 11\( \frac{1}{2} \) futures steady at unchanged prices. Flour closed dull, with a poor demand, St. Louis fancy winter, 6s 6d. Pacific Coast hops, £1 15s.

Kansas City Live Stock Market. KANSAS CITY, July 9.—Cattle; receipts 3100; shipments 1900. Market slow and weak; best steers, 3.2564.30; native cows. 1.50@3.50; stock-ers and feeders 3.80@4.85; bulls, 1.90@2.50.

BOSTON, July 9.—Atchison, 13%; Bell Telephone, 202; Burlington, 71½; Mexican Central, 8%; San Diego, 10.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$262,532,965; gold reserve, \$100,654,257.

London Silver. LONDON, July 9.—Silver 31½d; consels, 113

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

Grain and Produce. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

Grain and Produce.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Flour—Family extras, 3.569.3.6; superfine, 2.8563.00.

Wheat—No. 1 shipping, 92½; choice, 95; milling, 1.0061.10.

Barley—Feed, fair to good, 65¼667½; choice, 68¼670; brewing, 72½677½.

Oats—Milling, 85½90; Surprise, 95©1.02½; fanoy feed, 90€92½; good to choice, 83½687½; foor of fair, 77½680; black, for seed, nominal; gray, 80€22.

Middings—18.00€20.00; bran, 16.00€16,50.

Hay—New crop wheat, 7.50€9.00; wheat and cat, 7.00€9.00; oat, 6.00€8.00; barley, 4.50€8.00; alfalfs, 6.00€6.60; clover, 6.00€7.50; old crop hay is generally covered by a range of 7.00€11.50.

Vegetables—Garnet Chile potatoes, 75€90; Poerless, 75€90; Burbanks, 75€1.00; Oregon Burbanks, 50€70; few potatoes, 75€90; Poerless, 75€90; Burbanks, 75€1.00; Oregon Burbanks, 50€70; few potatoes, 75€90; Poerless, 75€90; Burbanks, 75€1.10; humbold Burbanks, 1.00€1.35; onions, 40€80; Los Angeles tomatoes, 2.00€2.50; string beans, 26½; green peas, garden, 26½½; garlic, 263; dried peppers, 6212½; asparagus, 75€1.50; rhubarb, 35€95; cucumbers, 50€1.00 for Maryville; Alameda, 1.50€2.00; bay squash, 35€96 for large boxes; small boxes, 15€20; egg plant, 100 12½; green corn, Alameda, 1.55€1.50; other boxes; small boxes, 15€20; egg plant, 100 12½; green corn, Alameda, 1.55€1.50; other boxes; 50€1.50; and points, 50€1.00; gooseberries, in bulk, 263; raspberries, per chest, 3.00€4.00; common, 2.00€3.00; collatoria, orange, 2.00€3.00; callioria, orange, 2.00€3.00; callior

12013.
Rggs—Store, 10@11; ranch, 12@15; duck, 13@14.
Poultry—Turkey gobblers, 14@15; hens, 12@13; roosters, young, 5.00@6.56; brollers, small, 1.50@2.00; large, 2.50@3.00; fryers, 5.50@4.00; hens, 3.50@4.00; geese, 90@1.00 per pair; goslings, 90@1.00; pigeons, 0d, 1.25@1.56; pigeons, young, 1.25@1.50; game nominal.

Drafts and Sliver. SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Silver bars, 68%, Mexican dollars, 54%, 654%; drafts, sight, 10; drafts, telegraph, 12%.

Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Flour, quarter sacks, 60,116: Oregon, 13,525; Washington, 1440; wheat, centals, 69,970; Oregon, 2206: Washington, 238; barley, centals, 3904: oats, Oregon, centals, 4592; potatoes, sacks, 583; onloss, acks, 789; bran, sacks, 930; Oregon, 151; middlings, sacks, 370; hay, tons, 565; wool, bales, 100; Oregon, 373; hides, number, 335; wine, gallons, 44,500; quicksilver; flasks, 56.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Wheat, steady; December, 98¼; barley no trading; corn, 82½; bran, 15.50.

REAL BUTATE TRANSFERS,

LOS ANGELES, July .9. (Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, give volume and page of miscellaneous records containing recorded maps.) Ellen M. Couling to Walter E. Hannam, lot 16, block 24, Wolfskill Orchard tract (30-9,)

Albert W Pierce et ux to J Bell Way, lot 21, Thomas & Gilirath tract, a subdivision of block P of lands of Painter & Bali (18-3, 1200). F W Wood et al to Giacomo Navoni, lot 6, block 2, Kuhrts Bridge tract (25-92,) \$300. Edward E Young to Martin Stelnmeler et al, lot 8 block B, Denison tract (29-85.) \$1650. Robert H. Brady et ux to Samuel B Ragaty, lot 13, block C, Bliss tract (12-42,) \$1000.

31000.

John J Mooney et ux to F C Perrine, lot 2, block 8, Williamson tract (12-5.) 3800.

Adam R Macnider et ux to Lizzie Chillis, lot 22, block 6, Moulton tract (7-12.) 3500.

Mary E Wilson to Frank E Butler, lot 12, block E, Mountain View tract in Hancock's survey, 3300.

Paul Dabiliz to Mary L. Dabiliz, lots 4, 21, 22, block 22, town of Whittler (21-55, 36:) also lots 3, 4, 5, Lewis & Mammond's subdivision of lots 23, 24, block 22, town of Whittler (34-44), 13000.

J M Kiehl et ux to Charles E Mannian

of 163 23, 25, 100 22, 100 m of white of 44, \$3000.

J M Kiehl et ux to Charles E Menning, part tot 7, block B, New Fair Oaks avenue tract (11-1), \$375.

Florence Rowell et con to Frances G Richardson, land west of S.E. cor lot 15, Belgravia tract (23-54), \$390.

John S Johnston to Eliza Jackson, lots 16, 17, block C, Sherman tract (11-100, 14000.

A A Chevaillier to Anne E A Brown, lot 4, block 12, Urmston tract (11-10), \$4900.

Mattle J Sallee et con to J P Sallee, lots 37, 38, block 61, and lots 1, 2, block 72.

Mattle J Salleo et con to 3 1 2 18.08. 17. 28, block 61, and lots 1, 2, block 72 (18-9.) \$200.

W H McBain et ux to William H Griffin, lots 11, 15, block B, Kruts and Bradshaw's subdivision of Schumacher tract (29-62.) \$175.

L A Phillips to Jane Standart, lot 8, block B, E T Palmer's subdivision W½ block 148, Pomona (7-98.) \$400.

Charles W Davis et ux to Charles L Whipple, land beginning at NW cor lot 5, subdivision of Lick tract (7-92.) \$330.

Richard Dunnigan et ux to Haller J Stewart et al, lot 7, block 4, Meadow Glen tract (21-85.) \$300.

J A Rosenstul to Albert Guse, lot 154, Westlake Park tract (12-15.) \$1275.

E M Levering et con to William J Emens, lot 5, block 7, West End University addition, \$300.

\$300. R E Overman et ux to Nancy J Overman, lot 25, part of subdivision of sec 31, T 6 N, R 11 W (11-11, 12.) \$200.
Abbot Kinney et al to James J Rivers et ux, lot 34, block A, Santa Monica tract (53-22.) Abbot Kinney et al to James J Rivers, et ux, lot 35, block A, Santa Monica tract (53-29,) Son. So. A Topliff et ux to R G Moore, lot 12, John A Topliff et ux to R G Moore, lot 12, S Stratton subdivision lots 2, 3, block J, San Pasqual tract (16-83, \$1100.

John D Bicknell et ux to Frances Murphy, lot A, block D, \$3000.

I H Preston to C H Johnson, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 3. New York tract (18-85,) \$250.

H B Botsford et ux to C H Johnson, lot 5, Botsford's subdivision of part Rancho San Rafael (6-20,) \$300.

SUMMARY. 

COST A SMALL FORTUNE. Dinner for Thirty for Which Young Man Paid \$15,000.

Flour, barrels 7.00 5.00
Wheat, bushels 40.005 11.000
Corn, 180.000 74.000
Dats, 285.000 285.000
Barley, 7.000 5.000
Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Sales of cattle were on a asis of 3.4074.50 for common to strictly prime

Young Man Pald \$15,000.
The most striking decorations I have ever seen upon a dining table were shown to a few persons before the repost, and after everything was in place, says Good Housekeeping. It was at a famous New York restaurant, one which is noted the world over. There a young man with a purse longer than his pedigree gave the entertainment to

a restricted number of the 400 thirty in umber, if rightly remembered.

For the occasion there was an immense oval table with a large central tank in the similitude of a lakelet. Bordering this sheet of clear water stood, as if naturally growing, water plants with graceful, drooping leaves, Iflies and iris. These were made to give an artistic fringe, but not enough to shufout a view of the lakelet. For swimming in it was a fullgrown swan with proudly arching neck and deflant eye, king of the pent-up waters.

From the edge of the lake to the outer circumference of the large oval, imbedded in moss and looking as if they had always grown there, were potted plants in blossom decreasing in height as they approached the edge. Heavy with fragrance stood hyacinths and trailed rose sprays while the outer circle consisted entirely of violets. These ended in half-circles, leaving just room for the plates of the guests. Thus the entire space was covered with a lake and encompassing moss and bloasoms.

From the edge of the lake rose slen-

From the edge of the lake rose slender vine and rose-colored columns, terminating perhaps a dozen feet above in a kind of Turkish klosk of a light and graceful shape. Here were caged canaries, singing enough to split their little throats. The tout-ensemble exceeded description or even imagination. How much conversation could be enjoyed about that immense banquet table, with the frightened swan in front. the singing birds above, and the overpowering fragrance of the flowers about all, can be readily estimated. Altogether it killed the royal bird. Whether the guests survived, deponent knoweth not. With utilitarian regard to cost, it must be added that the expenses of his one dinner were between \$15,000 and \$20.000. Happily for the good sense of the people, such a lump of money is seldom expended so foolishly.

Paradoxical but True (Globe-Democrat:) Mr. Bland is the logical candidate of the most illogical party ever known to American political carries of the control of t

## MUSLIN... MONEY ...MAKERS.

Sheriff's Released Sale of.....

## Muslin Specials.

Every price we quote in Muslin Underwear represents a cut that we know is right down to bed-rock.

## Made-up Muslins Must Go.

Muslin Drawers.

Ladies' 85c Muslin Drawers, 20c Ladies' 40c Muslin Drawers, 25c Ladies' 45c Muslin Drawers, 35c

Ladies' 75c Muslin Drawers. trimmed with fine embroidery49c at Sheriff's price of......49c

Muslin Nightrobes. Ladies' 76c Muslin Night-Ladies' 85c Muslin Night-robes at Sheriff's price of .... 60c

Ladies' 81 Muslin Nightrobes, elegantly trimmed, at Sheriff's price of...... Muslin Skirts.

Ladies' 75c Muslin Skirts, (extra wide), at Sheriff's price of ..... Ladies' 85c Muslin Skirts, eriff's price of. Ladies' \$1 Muslin Skirts, (finely embroidered), at Sheriff's price of........... 75c

\$1.00

CITY OF PARIS,

Ladies' \$1.50 Muslin Skirts,

(extra wide), finely em-broidered, at Sheriff's price of......

SELIGMAN CO., Inc., Assignees in Bankruptcy. 177 N. Spring St.



How is it with you? Are your muscles trong? Is your vital power as vigorous as used to be? Can you stand the same mount of exertion you could a few years ge? Answer these questions in your own

DR. A. T. SANDEN,

# PHERNCALIFORNIANEWS

ORANGE COUNTY.

TEAM OF MACCABEES

in Jail for Battering His Half Sister-Of Interest to Irri-gators - Contempt Proceedings. News Notes and Personals.

SANTA ANA, July 9.—(Regular Cor-respondence.) The degree team of Los Angeles Tent, No. 2, Knights of the Maccabees, which is touring the south-

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Maccabees, which is touring the southern portion of the State and holding schools of instruction, arrived in Santa Ana this morning.

This team is composed of thirteen members of the order, men of prominence and influence, all of them enthusiasts as to the work being accomplished by the order. The party is in charge of C. A. Luckenbach, City Clerk of Los Angeles and deputy supreme commander of the State of California. Mr. Luckenbach says the trip was taken under instructions from the supreme tent in order to familiarize all tent in order to familiarize all nts with the work and to secure

the tents with the work and to secure informity therein.

Speaking of his own order he said that it was founded afteen years ago by Maj. N. S. Boynton, who is the recognized leader in fraternal beneficial organizations in the United States, and that from a membership of 700 at the close of 1881 it had grown to one of 237,000 in May of the present year, and had paid out \$1.575,671 in benefits during 1895. The membership of the order in California is about three thousand.

thousand.

A flourishing tent of the order is located in this city and the members are entertaining the visitors in royal style. From here the "team" goes to San Diego, where it will hold a school of instruction Friday evening.

BATTERED HIS HALF SISTER. A Mexican named Eustacia Sais is languishing in the County Jall and he will probably remain there for at least ten days, during which time he is expected to make due reparation for pounding his half sister, Angelina Morrillo, almost into insensibility. Miss Morrillo appeared in the Justice's Court today and her eyes were eloquent evidence of the brutal assault which, as the evidence went to prove, was administered by her unkind and revengeful half brother.

tered by her unkind and revengeau half brother.
Saiz committed the assault while under the influence of whisky, and as he had spent so much of his money for red liquor he could not liquidate his fine and therefore went to jall to serve out his sentence of ten days.

OF INTEREST TO IRRIGATORS. At a recent meeting of the directors of the Anaheim Union Water Company, a resolution relative to the regulation of the price of water stock was presented and subsequently adopted.

It declared that owing to the present facilities for distributing water and be consequent saving, stockholders are enabled to get what water they sed on less stock than formerly. It says that owing to the increased quantity of stock offered for sale in consequence, the price of this company's stock has steadily declined. If this dontinues it will be detrimental to the financial standing of the company. Therefore it was ordered that a committee be appointed to consider means to remedy this, and especially to investigate the sliding scale of prices for water adopted by the Santa Ana Valley Irrigation Company.

In commenting upon the resolution, the Analeim Gazette has the following to say:

"The resolution is timely and the

"The resolution is timely, and the matter involved in the motion is one that appeals with significance to every irrigator in the district. But the remedy for the ills referred to is not far to seek. It is simply the enlargement of the district. With 2000 additional acres taken in, and 2000 shares of stock placed upon it, shareholders would not be so anxious to unload their stock, but would be compelled to carry sufficient CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS POST-

The contempt proceedings against James Irvine of the San Joaquin ranch same up in court Thursday morning on affidavits submitted by the defendant, showing that his counsel, Judge Lamme showing that his counsel, Juage Lamme of Los Angeles, was away from home, and that he could not look after the case just at this time. The case was therefore postponed to Monday, July 13, at which time it is expected Mr. Lamme will be on hand to take up proceedings.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

The Knights of Pythias of Santa Ana installed officers as follows Wednesday evening for the ensuing term: W. D. Johnston, C. C.; F. S. Roper, V. C.; B. E. Turner, P.; G. S. Smith, M. of W.; E. W. Graham, K. of R. and S.; L. Thomas, M. of F.; C. W. Hannah, M. of E.; Arthur Lyon, M. of A.; G. W. Maxwell, I. G.; Charles Myrick, O. G. The officers were duly installed by A. D. Bishop, D. G. C. C., assisted by Grand Master at Arms W. H. Lehman, after which the knights indulged in a delightful banquet.

(Santa Ana Herald:) W. H. Burnham of Orange has purchased the forty-ton yacht, San Diego, from Al Hayward, and Mr. and Mrs. Burnham and a party of friends salled from Catalina yesterday for the city of bay'n climate. They will return to the island tomorrow. ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

morrow.

It is conservatively estimated that the apricot crop in the Santa Ana Valley this year will be between 60 and 70 per cent. of the average crop. Buyers are, as yet, not plentiful for the product, but it is expected that the market will move in a few days.

The remains of G. F. Blackburger, who died in Santa Ana Wednesday from injuries received in a runawy at Anahelm recently, were shipped to

Anahelm recently, were shipped Pasadena Thursday for interment.

The Free Methodist Church is holding a series of religious meetings in a big tent at Buena Park a great deal of interest is reported as manifest in the meetings.

At a meeting of the Library Trustees.
Tuesday evening, it was decided to
purchase a quantity of new books to
the extent perhaps of \$100 or more.
Corporal A. G. Finley now holds Co.
L's medal for the best record at the
last target practice, having won it from
Private Thomas Vestal.
Suggestheets are reported ringuing.

Sugar-beets are reported ripening rapidly, and it is thought now that the drst shipments to Chino will probably be made about July 25.

Joe Acuna of Anaheim is in the County Jall in Santa Ana, on a charge of larceny. He is serving out a ten days' sentence.

days' sentence.

There was an exciting runaway on
West Fourth street Thursday forenoon

by a meat market team, but no sert-ous damage was done. A case or two of eggs were scattered along the street in much confusion.

The steam schooner Queen is un-loading a cargo of lumber at Newport

### REDONDO.

Spiritualists Will Have a Camp Meeting at the Amphitheater. REDONDO, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) The spiritualists will have a camp-meeting here, commencing August 2. S. D. Dye, representing the Camp-meeting Association of Spir-itualists, was in town Wednesday, and has made arrangements for the meet-ings. which are to be at the amphitheater. The building has been leased theater. The building has been leased for two months, and an option for its burchase for the permanent use of the association has been obtained. The programme for the several sessions will include the appearance of a number of mediums and lecturers from the east. The sessions are to continue for thirty days.

REDONDO BREVITIES. Clyde Peck of Kalamazoo. Mich., and

Clyde Peck of Kalamazoo. Mich., and H. R. Barden of Phoenix, Ariz., are at the Redondo Hotel.

The people about Wiseburn, which is on the Santa Fé between here and Inglewood, have petitioned that a postoffie be reëstablished there. The one formerly at that place was discontinued about four years ago.

The steamer Corona took twenty-five passengers on her trip north from here this morning.

passengers on her trip north from here this morning.

Jefferson Chandler of Los Angeles, who has been making an extended tour north along the coast, has rejoined his family at the Redondo Hotel.

Postoffice Inspector Flint of Los Angeles was in town today.

Hugh Vall and family of Los Angeles are here for a two months' visit. Under Sheriff Clack of San Francisco, editor of the Hayes Valley Advertiser of that city, is in town on an outing.

J. A. Walden of Jerome, Ariz., auditor and general freight and passenger agent of the United Verde and Pacific Railway Company, is here.

Capt. Fred H. Teale of Co. C. N. G.C., and Lleut. J. W. Collins were in town Tuesday. arranging for the company encampment, which will be held here for two weeks, commencing August 6.

held here for two weeks, commencing August 6.

Members of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce will have a dinner at this place Friday evening.

A large pile of railroad rails near the Santa Fé station here has started all kinds of rumors about railway construction. It appears the rails were brought from Arizona and will be shipped by boat to some point near San Francisco.

George Carson of Los Angeles is visiting Dr. Delamo. He will soon be at a cottage here for the rest of the season.

a cottage here for the rest of the season.

A merry picnic party went to Santa Monica and also to Point Vincent on the vacht Kee Wee Wednesday. Only four of the people suffered from sea sickness. The party included:

Mesdames—
P. S. Venable, Means.

Misses—
R. McAllister, Maud Smith,
Lillie Means.

Misses—
John Venable, Frank Perry,
Will Lehbke, Edward Brown,
P. S. Venable, Means.

Charles Means,
A schne belonging to William del Dequine, a fisherman, was hacked to pleces by some wretch Tuesday night and the fisherman's boat was stove in with an axe. There seems to be no clew to the perpetrator of the outrage.

The Attraction Association, at a meeting Wednesday evening, arranged a programme of sports for Sunday. It includes a swimming race at 11 a.m., a boys' shoe race at 1:30 p.m., a fat men's race at 1:45 p.m., and expert surf-boat racing at 2:15 p.m., and expert surf-boat racing at 2:15 p.m., There is also to be a tug-of-war between two teams of four boats cach.

## SANTA MONICA.

Chamber of Commerce Meeting.

Vagrant Curs Numerous. Vagrant Cars Numerous.

SANTA MONICA, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) At the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce Wednesday evening there was a quorum present, which is something unusual. Justice T. H. Wells, acting as a special committee, submitted a draft of the by-laws as amended. This was adopted and steps were taken so that in the near future an election of officers may be called.

called.

Numerous vagrant curs are said to be abroad in town. Two men are reported to have been bitten lately. Miss Mary Chapin was bitten by a dog near Fourth street and Oregon avenue on Wednesday evening.

The Jackson Hotel changed hands today, the purchaser being J. S. Johnston. S. Jackson, the former proprietor, will remain in town until September, and will then probably make his home in San Francisco.

Mr. Crawford and family of Bakersfield are at the Webb Cottage on Fifth street.

field are at the Webb Cottage on Fifth street.

Grand Master Warboys and Grand Secretary Shaw of the Odd Fellows were in town today and were informally received by District Deputy O. G. Tui-lls and other local members of the orier.
The sessions of the Methodist camp

The sessions of the Methodist camp meeting have a marked increase in increase and attendance.

Mrs. George B. Dexter will return this evening from Ventura, where she has been acting at the G.A.R. encampment in an official capacity as a member of the W.R.C.

The city officials are making a special effort to enforce sanitary regulations at closets and cesspools about town, the conditions having been somewhat aggravated on account of the large number of summer visitors.

## MOUNT LOWE.

MOUNT LOWE.

ECHO MOUNTAIN, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) William F. Bosbyshell brought up a party of over thirty from Los Angeles this morning, who went up to Alpine Tavern and will remain until a late run tonight. A stop of about an hour was made at Rublo Cañon, and most of the party went up that cañon to Theishaha Falls. Returning to the foot of the incline, they went to Alpine Tavern, where most of the day was spent.

The following-named were in the party: W. F. Bosbyshell and wife, Eli Bosbyshell, Miss Frances Baker, W. F. Skeele and wife, Mrs. Lee and daughter, Mrs. F. M. Lee, Miss Nettle Baldwin, Mrs. Z. D. Mathuss, Mary Mathuss, Mrs. F. Kaiser, Samuel Mundt and wife, Mrs. A. C. Lockwood, Mrs. Israel Lee, Mrs. Baxter, Mrs. Hendricks, J. R. Morrison and wife, E. S. Stilson of Los Angeles; Miss Helen Stilson, A. C. Stilson, Des Moines, Iowa; S. C. Wilkin and wife, Brockport, N. Y.; E. A. Chapin and wife, Chicage; F. Bacon, Mrs. T. Bosler, Mrs. H. B. Bacon, Witon, Iowa; Mrs. J. H. W. Bennett, Shenandoah, Iowa. Today is a delightful day on the mountains. A cool breeze is prevailing and the air is clear, so that a most extensive view is presented in all directons.

lar Correspondence.) People were per-fectly willing that "Nick" Covarrublas should come here and go with the United States surveyor to survey San Miguel Island. They were also per-fectly willing that "Nick" should employ as many citizens as he saw fit, at \$5 a day, to go with him, but all this talk about "capturing San Miguel Isl-and" is, as Attorney McNulta says, "veriest rot."

Mr. McNulta had occasion to investigate the matter thoroughly years ago, and he says there can be no possible question as to the government's title to this and all the other islands of the channel. But people have an entirely onannel. But people have at an entire different interest in this surveying party just now. Coroner Ruiz has told Sheriff Hicks that he will adjourn the jury now sitting on the Barnard case, from time to time, until E. B. Pratt comes back from the islands. Pratt was not feeling well, and was glad to embrace an opportunity to go to the island with "Nick" for an outing at \$5 a day. No sooner had he salled than it was announced that Pratt had been, and is yet, to some extent, business manager for the Richardsons, and has had important money transactions with them; that his evidence as to whether or not the Richardsons owed Barnard any money would be of vital importance. People will talk, and are asking: "Why did he go away at this inopportune time?" Mayor Whitney says Pratt is liable to be away for two weeks. The schooner is coming back at that time to take Mr. Whitney and party to the islands for a fishing and camping trip.

Mr. Tabor and wife of Montecito, old friends of the Richardsons; Mrs. Pratt, mother of E. B. Pratt; Mr. Pry, an eastern acquaintance of the Richardsons, and Mr. Storke went through the Richardson dwelling yesterday, investigating things and looking for a will, which Storke says was made by Mrs. Richardson and was drawn by Judge Hall, an attorney of this place, now in San Francisco, on his way home from an eastern trip. While searching for the will they found about \$600 worth of jewelry, including two sets of diamond earrings, one diamond ring, two or ihree gold watches and other jewelry; also \$17 in coin. Mrs. Tabor took charge of the cash and Mr. Storke deposited the iron box containing many papers and some jewelery, belonging to Mr. Richardson, and a wooden case with Mrs. Richardson's jewelry, in the First National Bank today. Coroner Ruiz says he gave no one permission to remove anything from the Richardson house or premises.

At each session of the Barnard jury John Murray, Jr., has been a conspicuous figure, and has been accorded the privilege of cross-questioning all witnesses. He went o different interest in this surveying party just now. Coroner Ruiz has told Sheriff Hicks that he will adjourn the

murder.
"Run over in your mind the murder murder.

"Run over in your mind the murder cases you have read of. Cannot almost all be traced to the desire for wealth? Perhaps the murderer will seem to have committed the deed through pure hate, but look a little closer and you will find the conditions which produced his state of mind were greed. Spanish soldiers and Cuban patriots are killing each other, because Spanish capitalists wished to draw revenues from Cuba and find fat offices for their sons in Havana. Italian peasants are starving because Italy's capitalists wished to steal land in Africa and sent a large army to break the native's heads, which resulted in tens of thousands of deaths.

"Let us have common ownership, of all the means of production and distribution.

(Signed) "LOHN MURDAY Le"

an the means of production and distribution.

(Signed) "JOHN MURRAY, Jr."
At the inquest today the following-named witnesses testified: E. H. Thompson, George Rutherford, G. A. Blood, superintendent of the cemetery, Mr. Squier, Charles Hall, Drs. Otto and Hall, Frank Emerson, Pete Storni, Joe Delany, Mrs. Yda Addis Storke, James Tryce, Charles Johnson, Sheriff Hicks and others.

Thompson saw Barnard Monday going toward the foothills with a shotgun. A number testified to seeing bloodstains about Barnard's cabin after he had been killed. McDuffie was recalled and gave further testimony concerning the cane. Blood told how he forced an entrance to the Richardson house Monday morning, and found Mrs. Richardson lying on the hall floor, unconscious, bleeding and jerking spasmodically. The doctors said they found blood crystals on both pairs of shoes given them to examine. Emerson said there were only three of four men of his acquantance who wore as small a shoe as Barnard. He had sold him shoes, such as boys wear in the country. They were No. 3½ or 4, and narrow.

Pete Storni said his wife saw Barnard walking toward State street with another man in gray clothes Sunday evening about 9 p.m., by electric light. Mrs. Yda. Addis Storke said she was at the Richardson house on Monday forenoon and saw drops of blood on the front porch and four bloody marks on the wire door screen; ten or twelve drops from the front threshold to the head of the stairs, a large pool in the hall, with plain footprints in it; two or three drops on the marble slab of the bureau, and pools of blood in Mrs. Richardson's room; three fingers of a bloody hand two to two and a half inches longer than her fingers, were plainly outlined on the outside of the wire screen of the front door. These could have been made by someone leaning against the screen to listen.

James Tryce spoke to Barnard five weeks ago and examined his cane, which was heavy and similar to the one in evidence.

Charles Johnson had Barnard's blankets rolled up with provisions in them.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY

A PLEASURE JAUNT TO SAN MIGUEL.

Inquest on Cyrus Barnard Ended.
Officer Hopkins Exonerated—An Officious Attorney Scrubs Off the Blood Stains at the Richardson Dwelling.

SANTA BARBARA, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) People were perfectly wilking that "Nick" Covarrubias should come here and go with the United States surveyor to survey San

Hopkins meets with universal approval.

Mat Kenney identified the cane this evening beyond a shadow of doubt as being Barnard's He had examined the cane only a short time ago in Johnson's saloon and Barnard explained that he gouged the pith from the center of the big end, inserted the cross rivet and then ran the lead in the hole. Kenney is positive.

ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The annual convention of the Christian Endeavor Union of Santa Barbara county, met at the Presbyterian Church Tuesday evening, for a three-day's meeting. An interesting programme was arranged for each session, there being three sessions each day. At this morning's session the officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: J. M. Smith of Santa Marie, president; M. S. Toby, vice-president; Mrs. Curtis, secretary and Mrs. Kittridge, Jr., superintendent. Mrs. Toby invited the Union to hold the next annual meeting at Carpinteria and the invitation was accepted. The meeting will close tonight with consecration services.

A SPOUTING WELL. ANNUAL CONVENTION.

A SPOUTING WELL. A SPOUTING WELL.

A telephone message from one who is interested and has been watching the phenomonal "spouter" at Summerland ever since it commenced operations, yesterday, says that when first opened, it shot up about twenty feet and continued spouting at intervals during the day, but has stopped entirely and the eruptions have ceased. It is not even a flowing well now, but will probably prove a good producer. It is 200 feet deep and close beside Mr. Williams's other wells, which are only 180 feet deep and all producing abundantly.

### POMONA.

POMONA. July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) A report is in circulation that has brought out a long and earnest article in one of Pomona's local papers, advising careful investigation and cautious action on the part of the City. Trustees. This report is that all arrangements have been made, even to the drawing up of the papers, for the incorporation of a water syndicate to control all the water in this valley, in case the water bonds fell through. In fact, it is intimated that the present wave of opposition to the water-bond measure is, in part, at least, stirred up by the would-be incorporators, who, it is claimed, desire to control the water supply in this city and in the surrounding territory.

The newspaper article referred to speaks of the scarcity of water in various sections of Southern California this season, the increasing demand for water in this vicinity, and the danger to the best interests of the city and outlying districts, should a large corporation become the possessor of all the water hereabout. It saks why Pomona should not own this supply and reap whatever benefit might result from its possession. It suggests that perhaps many who have signed the call upon the Board of Trustees may have done so under a misapprehension of the true meaning and intention of the petition, and it calls attention to one or two prominent business men who assert that they signed under a wrong impres-

true meaning and intention of the petition, and it calls attention to one or two prominent business men who assert that they signed under a wrong impression of the purpose of the paper. In short, it hints that too hasty action on the part of the city might end disastrously to Pomona's best interests.

Misses Lucy Hornbeck and Beatrice Scott were appointed by the Board of Education to fill the places as teachers, formerly filled by Misses Nellie F. Ray and Emma E. Thornton. This fills all the places in the Pomona public schools in the grades below the High School proper. The various applications for the High School places will not be considered until next Tuesday evening. The matter of assigning the teachers appointed to the different buildings and grades therein, the furnishing of additional rooms, and the time of opening school in the fall term were deferred until some later meeting.

until some later meeting.

A horse attached to a buggy; and that had stood hitched in the sun until a late hour in the day, was taken by some of the members of the Pomona branch of the Society for the Prevention of cruelty to Animals, on Wednesday afternoon, and put in a local livery stable to be cared for As late as Thursday noon no one had called for the horse, and it is now a question how to proceed.

and it is now a question how to proceed.

A variety of raspberry called the Perpetual, which, it is said, blossoms and bears from the usual time in the spring until stopped by the frost, is being grown in this place. Samples will be sent to the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce.

H. C. Fall, who taught in the Pomona High School, has been elected a teacher of mathematics in the Pasadena High School.

Mrs. Thomas and her daughter, Miss Margaret, of Belleville, Ill., who have been visiting G. W. Ogle in this city, started for home, Wednesday.

Mrs. E. Kurtz of Des Moines, Iowa, who has been touring in California for several months, is a guest of Mrs. Charles Clark of Pomona, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mel Campbell left this morning for their Puget Sound summer trip.

John L. Overton and his son, Horace, returned this morning to Long Beach.

It is said the building and loan association of this city has realized it and

John L. Overton and his son, Horace, returned this morning to Long Beach. It is said the building and loan association of this city has realized 11 per cent. on its investments this year, against 9 per cent. last year.

Miss Mattle A. Reed, who has taught

against 9 per cent. last year.

Miss Mattle A. Reed, who has taught in Pomona for thirteen years or more, and who has been for the past few years assistant principal in the public schools of the city, was elected to a position at three different places, Redlands, Long Beach and Pasadena. She has accepted the offer of the latter city.

The city printing has been awarded to the Pomona Weekly Times again, this year, at 10 cents per inch for the first insertion, and 7½ cents for each Erbsequent insertion.

Miss Lucy Hornbeck was reëlected to her school position in Puente, but having been also elected to a position in Pomona, her home, she will accept the latter.

## No Bolting Here.

No Bolting Here.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) A look through the Republican papers of California, Oregon and Washington, shows no lack of enthusiasm for McKinley and Hobart. There will be no Republican bolt in the Pacific States, and Demogratic managers who count on it are deluding themselves.

Nobody Else to Blame. "The Democracy is an anti-trust party." says a local contemporary. Yes, but it has no one but itself to blame that so few will put any trust in it.

JURY SECURED TO TRY MAR-SHALL FOR MURDER.

from the Assessor's Rolls.

A. Layer, F. Ashcraft, A. L. Schepf, E. N. Waite, T. E. Noland,

John Dewey, J. B. Walters.
The court has indicated an intention to keep the jury together in the Sher-iff's charge until the trial is ended.

Iff's charge until the trial is ended.

SUPERVISORS IN SESSION.

The Supervisors are in session, and it is believed that before adjournment they will take steps to secure the removal of the County Hospital to San Jacinto within a week or ten days. It is not probable the removal will take place without some kind of resistance on the part of the people of Riverside, but just what its nature will be is not known. The Supervisors claim that the economy of their administration has resulted in a surplus in the treasury of \$50,000 which they wish to utilize as a means of reducing the tax rate next year, though there are intimations from the outside that a good portion of this money may be used in purchasing outright the proposed hospital property. The Supervisors were paralyzed by the presentation of a bill against the county by J. P. Baumgartner of the Reflex for publishing the delinquent tax list, the amount of the bill being \$1559.08. It is said the same service last year cost about \$300. The language used by the Supervisors when the bill was read was more emphatic than legant, several members of the board not hesitating to dehounce it as an outrage on the taxpayers. Intimations were made that the newspapers had combined to fleece the county. The bill was based on the rate of \$1½ cents per name for four insertions in the weekly paper. There is prospect of a contest before the bill is paid.

A well was ordered sunk on the road between Palm Springs and Indio on the desert.

COUNTY ASSESSMENTS.

Assessor Jarvis has tabulated the re-

COUNTY ASSESSMENTS.

parison.

In real estate assessments Elsinore has increased in the year from \$116,626 to \$122,800; San Jacinto has decreased from \$279,067 to \$276,591; Riverside has gone down from \$4,951,784 to \$4,556,500. The balance of the county has increased from 6,787,520 to \$7,477,665. The assessment for the entire county stands at \$12,433,556, against \$12,134,997 last year.

stands at \$2,978,102, against \$2,801,354 last year.

In personal property Elsinore has increased from \$15,245 to \$19,603. San Jacinto has gone down from \$51,267 to \$47,482. Riverside has sunk from \$441,362 to \$37,9682. The balance of the county has sunk from \$519,768 to \$492,564. The assessments for the entire county stand at \$939,531, against \$1,028,232 last year.

The city of Elsinore has reduced the amount of mortgage reductions from \$28,482 to \$19,601; San Jacinto from \$28,482 to \$19,601; San Jacinto from \$28,482 to \$19,602; San Jacinto from \$28,482 to \$19,602 fiverside county \$1,599,019 to \$1,47,6426 balance of the county from \$1,462,640 to \$1,354,336. This gives a reduction in the mortgages reported to the assessor of \$240,807 in the entire county.

ONTARIO, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) There is a movement toward early closing among local merchants. A grocery firm has set a com-mendable example by closing at 8 o'clock, and it is thought others will follow suit. At present a number of the stores in town keep open till 10 o'clock, and even later than this Saturday night. A movement to close all places of business at 7 o'clock is now being agitated.

places of business at 7 o'clock is now being agitated.

San Antonio and Stoddard's cañons are fast filling up with campers on health and pleasure bent. The inhabitants of Ontario who have to drink the water that comes from these cañons do not enthuse much over this condition. They claim that some of the campers do not exercise due vigilance to keep the creek water in its pristine purity, instances being quoted where campers have used the creek for laundry and bathing purposes. It is also claimed that the presence of a large number of invalids, including several consumptives, tends to menace the health of the water users below. A patrolman has been appointed to see that no undue familiarity with the water is allowed, but he cannot be everywhere at once.

Some enthusiastic local politicians are talking of uniting the several parties and buying a big tent that would hold 1500 people, in which to hold campaign meetings. It is thought it would be occupied nearly every night by one or the other parties during the campaign, especially as each party has vigorous campaign clubs. After the campaign, was over it might become the property of the town.

Ontario Lodge, I.O.O.F., will install officers Saturday evening. District Deputy Tebo of Chino is the installing officer.

There is a rumor that North Ontario contemplates setting up housekeeping on its own hook, and will incorporate

(Exchange:) Edward W. Bok, the well-known editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, has been offered the editorship of the Pall Mall Magazine, William Waldorf Astor's London monthly, at a salary of about \$25,000 a year, with the added inducement of a mansion thrown in for the entertainment of distinguished literary visitors to England. He has declined the offer, being satisfied with his position on the prosperous Philadelphia publication.

## RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Supervisors May Order the Count; Hospital Removed at Once. Plain Talk Regarding a Print-er's Bill - Interesting Figures

respondence.) The jury for the trial of Charles Marshall for murdering Frank Hamilton was completed Wednesday.
The members of the jury are:
W. F. Legg,
T. E. Parks,
Elmer Cutting,
Archie Mills,

J. F. Burton.

SUPERVISORS IN SESSION.

Assessor Jarvis has tabulated the results of his work for the year, showing assessments of 1895 and 1896 in com-

year.

In improvements Elsinore has increased from \$45,350 to \$45,669. San Jacinto has risen from \$72,365 to \$82,353. Riverside has risen from \$1,781,346 to \$1,813,868. The balance of the county has increased from \$902,293 to \$1,026,212. The assessment for the entire county stands at \$2,978,102, against \$2,801,354 last year.

There is a rumor that North Ontario contemplates setting up housekeeping on its own hook, and will incorporate as a city of the sixth class. The plan proposes taking in all the territory from one mile below the Santa Fétrack toshte mountains.

The funeral services of Miss Flora Layman, who died suddenly in San Diego Sunday night, were held yesterday, Rev. William Huelster officiating.

The Philosophical Hen. (Cincinnati Enquirer:) After the serpent had swallowed all the eggs in the nest he came to the conclusion that he might as well take his nap right where he was.

And the hen came back.

"This," she said, cocking her head to one side, "this is what I get for eating all those brandled cherries this afternoop."

# LACKWELL'S DURHAM!

YOU TO UNDERSTAND

THE BODY OF DANIEL K. CAMP

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

Sad Accident Which Suddenly Terminated the Life of a Promising Young Man-Republican Nominee for Lieutenant-Governor Ready

SAN BERNARDINO. July 9 .- (Regu lar Correspondence.) The sudden death of Daniel K. Camp has been a shock to the community. As briefly recorded in The Times this morning, he was ac-cidentally killed Wednesday morning. tidentally killed wedlesday morning. He had accompanied Henry F. Bergman and W. F. Baugus on a prospecting tour to San Diego county, and when in Horse Cafon on Smith Mountain. they started for a ledge which looked promising. Camp, who was in the lead, wore a pistol at his side. This fell to wore a pistol at his side. This fell to the ground, striking on the hammer, and discharging it. The ball entered Camp's chest, passing through his heart, killing him instantly. He fell backward into Bergman's arms. His

backward into Bergman's arms. His companions carried the body for forty-one miles to Temecula, from which point it was brought to this city, with the consent of the Coroner of Riverside county. An inquest will be held in this city Saturday morning.

Mr. Camp was about 32 years of age, and until recently was ticket agent of the Santa Fé company at the depot in this city. With the general reduction of the force of employes he was laid off temporarily on July 1. He was a member of all the Masonic orders of the city, of the Arrowhead Club and of the Episcopal Church, in all of which he was very popular. He was unmarried.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP. LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP.

It is reported that Hon. John T It is reported that Hon. John T. Lynch, Republican nominee for Lleutenant-Governor, has his papers ready for mandamus proceedings aginst Gov. Budd to compel him to include that office among those to be filled at the coming election. This proceeding has, of course, been expected, and it is claimed the papers in the case will be filed in Sacramento within a few days. CITY TRUSTEES.

At the meeting of the Board of Trustees Wednesday evening, in response to a petition with 400 signatures, Attorney Allison was instructed to prepare an ordinance prohibiting the throwing of glass, tacks and other refuse dangerous to bicycles, on the

streets. Street Superintendent Flory handed in his resignation, and on motion, the salary of the office was reduced from \$80 to \$60 per month, after which John Martin was elected to fill the vacancy. SOUTHERN PACIFIC FRANCHISE. Property holders on Colton avenue along the motor line between this city

and Colton, where the Southern Pa-cific Railroad Company proposes to lay heavy rails for the use of regular trains, have filed a petition with the trains, have filed a petition with the Supervisors saying the old motor franchise grants the privilege to the company of laying only forty-pound rails, and asking that the Supervisors see that the franchise is not violated. There is every indication that this is the initial step in what may prove a very interesting little fight between very interesting little fight be property owners and the railroad

SAN BERNARDING BREVITIES. A delegation of Chino people has been before the Supervisors arguing the question of granting saloon li-censes at that place.

A large number of prominent citizens have issued a call for a meeting to be held on or before August 1 to discuss the feasibility of organizing a mining exchange in this city.

A storm prevalled today in San Bernarding mountains, the Santa Argenarding mountains and santa Argenarding the Santa Arg

## nardino mountains, the Santa Ana river breaking over its banks at Seven Oaks. SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Coronado Summer School Work.
Talk About Mayne.
SAN DIEGO, July 9.—(Regular Correspondence.) In police and detective circles the case of Clifton E. Mayne continues to be of interest because of the seeming activity of the convict's adherents in trying to get the fellow out of jail. It is reported that a de-tective who has worked for Mayne, re-cently forced the former wife of the convict to sign certain affidavits sup-posed to be favorable to Mayne's case. A reluctance to sign these papers is said to have been met by threats. The said to have been met by threats. The old "Father Horton" house at First and Fir streets, in which Mayne and his family have lived for years, has recently reverted to the Savings Bank of San Diego county, which held a \$15,000 mortgage on the property. These and other facts point to a continuation of the efforts to secure Mayne's escape from the twenty-five-years sentence for rape.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES. The Rev. Solon Lauer, pastor of the Unitarian Church, and Miss Gertrude Hammond, were married on Wednes-

## MORNING

You have just come out of a fitful, tossing weary sleep, and as you rub your eyes you note a full head, a weary brain and a weakness—"all weary brain and a weakness—"all gone" weakness. Now you know what is the matter. There is no necessity to preach. The real necessity is action. You are suffering from neurasthenia, nerve loss, lack of energy; lack of capacity, and you want a sure and complete cure,

and two coupons inside each

## NOON

Having realized your true necessity, you question, Where am I to go to? Don't say go. Stop right wherever you may be and learn about the wonderful remedioabout the wonderful remedio-treatment, the great Hudyan. After you have used this great rewedio-treatment you will feel like the spring birds. Happy, happy, always happy. A new light will come into your eyes; and a glad, joyous, merry heart, for you will be complete—you will be well—you will be a strong, vigorous man.

## NIGHT

Comes and you are no longer bashful; you are no longer in the glooming; no, you are beyond that. The great Hudyan has done its work and done it well. Would you believe hundreds of the best of people have indorsed the wonderful remedic-treatment, the great Hudyan? Hudyan is the flower of youth for man. Hudyan stops the flutfor man. Hudyan stops the flut-tering sensations of the heart. Hud-yan cures nervous troubles. You can see for yourself. Call or write

## HUDYAN CIRCULARS

BLOOD TAINTS SHOW. — Pimples — Copper-colored spots — Sore throat —

-Sore mouth-Falling hair-

Enlarged lumps ---Glandular lumps Skin eruptions
—Partial loss of eyebrows-

—Sore eyes—
When in this condition don't go to hot springs, go to the old doctors of Hudson. You can sometimes arrest the BLOOD

## CIRCULARS Free. Call or write.

Hudson Medical Institute Stockton, Market and Ellis sts. San Francisco, Cal.

tional Bank has got judgment against W. J. Mossholder et al., for \$521i.

Mrs. J. L. Harning's hand was crushed by a laundry machine on Wednesday.

B. R. Arnold and John H. Gay, Jr., have filed notice appropriating 15,000 inches of water from Pine Creek.

Ben F. Moore has been appointed permanent secretary of the Democratic County Central Committee.

Steve O'Leary has been sent to jail for three months on account of petty larceny.

larceny.
Gill Dougherty has been held in \$500 bail for assault on U. Kelly with a deadly weapon.
Capt. Henry G. Williams and Miss Amelia V. King were married on Wednesday.
Constable Elisworth has landed the protorious thief. William Mead.

notorious thief, William Mead, alias "Christ Kid," in the County Jail on the charge of robbing Judge Henderson.

charge of robbing Judge Henderson.

CORONADO BEACH.

CORONADO BEACH.

CORONADO BEACH.

Lisac Walton who enjoy studying the inside as well as the outside of choice ichthyological specimens from the depths of the blue Pacific, have an exceptionally good chance to do so under the able instructors of the Coronado Summer School now in session at the big hotel. The zoology class is now studying the cranial nerves of the shark and barracuda. Prof. Dressiar lectures learnedly on physiology. Prof. Bacon, as a historical lecturer, is a dandy. Prof. Schultz talks about physics. Specific gravity was his theme on Wednesday. The attendance at the school in increasing.

CORONADO BEACH.

day.

The A.O.F. established a new court at Ramona on July 7.

Prof. A. J. Cook of Pomona, has given notice of a farmers' institute at El Cajon, August 24 and 25.

Mrs. Katherine Bloodgood will give a song recital at Fisher's Operahouse tonight.

The attendance at the school in increasing.

Trainmaster I. L. Hibbard of the court creasing.

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The attendance at the school in increasing.

Trainmaster I. L. Hibbard of the Martin, San Francisco, G. Cohen, New York; Miss Lulu Shelton, Woodland, and John O. Moroghan, East Francisco.

C., St.

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# DEEP CUT IN PRICES

On Fine Clothing.

Attend "The Hub's" Great Reduction Sale.

Men's \$15 strictly all-wool Suits have been reduced to

\$9.75

Men's \$20 all-wool Dress Suits have been reduced to

\$13.75

Men's \$25 Richly Tailored Prince Albert, Cutaway and Sack Suits have been reduced to

\$18.50

We are showing the LARGEST and MOST STYLISH LINE of Men's Trousers in this city at prices ranging from

\$2.50 to \$7.50

All sizes in stock, from 28 to 50 inch waist measurement.

We have too many Men's and Boys' Summer Suits on hand, and shall commence today to slaughter our fine and richly tailored garments at

Los Angeles Daily Times

# Lower Prices

Than you'll pay elsewhere for inferior qualities, makes and old styles. The keen edge of reduction will be found

## Throughout Our Entire Stock.

If you want the best Clothing at the Lowest Prices, call and see us this week. Store open Saturday night until 10 o'clock.

Big Bargains in Children's Clothing.

Boys' Knee Pants Suits.

In Rich and Latest Effects.

\$3.50 all-wool Suits have been reduced to

\$4.00 all-wool Suits have been reduced to

\$4.50 all-wool Suits have been reduced to

\$5.00 all-wool Suits have been reduced to

\$7.00 Fine Dress Suits have been reduced to

These are BONA FIDE and HONEST REDUCTIONS from former low prices, and should be seen to be fully

LOS ANGELES' LEADING CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS.



154 to 200 North Spring Street.

No Goods Charged at These Low Prices. Everything Sold Strictly for Cash.

## HOUSE AND LOT.

Politics and Holidays Interfere with Business.

Street-car Extension Southwest.

Real Estate Agent's Complaint. The Bellevue Terrace Sale—A Dull Market in San Francisco. ges-Building Notes.

The past week has been a decidedly "off" one in the real estate market. The occurrence of the annual holiday. rether with the large number of people who are out of town now, have combined to reduce transactions to a

Another cause for the lack of life dis-played by the real estate market is the ertain condition of politics. It must be admitted that the uncertainty in the country is having some effect on real estate as they do investments in

WESTLAKE PARK.

The march of improvement around Westlake Park continues to astonish westiake Park continues to astonian the "oldest inhabitants," who have been predicting for the past year that this thing cannot possibly continue much longer at the present rate. In-stead of a falling off there appears to stead of a failing off there appears to be an increase from month to month in the settlement of this section, which is rapidly becoming the most attractive residence section of the city. One of the latest houses to go up there is a \$5000 residence on the Wilshire tract, built by L. L. Bowen.

THOUGHTLESS CLIENTS.

A real estate agent was complaining other day about the thoughtless A real estate agent was complaining the other day about the thoughtlessness of many people who place property in the hands of agents for sale or rent, and then do not take the trouble to inform the agent when the property is sold or rented. This is not only a source of annoyance to the agent, but to others who are sent up to look at the property that has already been disposed of. In such cases people are frequently annoyed in finding that the property has been sold or rented, and do not go back to inform the agent, so that he keeps on sending people on a wild-goose chase. Ordinary business courtesy should induce property-owners to let an agent know whenever a house or lot has been disposed of, so that he may take it off his books. The best way, however, is for an agent to have a fixed, exclusive contract, for a definite time, on a piece of property, but so long as competition remains so keen as it is today, this is not such an easy matter to arrange.

APCTION SALE AT SANTA MONICA.

and barbeoue, a lot given away for nothing, and other features that remind one of the days of '86 and '87. It remains to be seen whether these attractions will draw purchasers, now, as they did then.

THE SOUTHWEST.

THE SOUTHWEST.

Residents in the southwestern part of the city, outside the old city limits, are rejoleing at the prospect of securing early transportation facilities. Work has been commenced by the Traction Electric Street Railroad Company on a double track extension of their line westerly from the present terminus of the road at Vermont avenue. The new track will run out Vine street, which is merely an extension of Forrester avenue, thence west to Rosedale street, south to Adams, west to Western avenue and south on Western avenue and south on Western avenue to Jefferson street. This will extend the street-car system nearly a mile and a half west of the old city limits, on Hoover street, and will undoubtedly result in a rapid increase of settlement in that section, which has been building up fast, even without street-car facilities, during the past year. There is more than a suspicion that the Trac-

collities, during the past year. There is more than a suspicion that the Traction Company will before long extend this line to Santa Monica.

Such a line, being more direct, would be able to make quicker time to the beach than the present road through the Cahuenga Valley. In fact, it would it ing. West Adams street within three-quarters of an hour's ride of Santa Monica by the electric cars, and develop on attractive suburban section on the route.

question as to whether land is of more value for mineral or agricultural purposes. Such disputes are common in mining sections, where rich strikes have been made, and they are likely to arise from time to time in the mining regions of Southern California. Reports from Riverside state that some trouble of this kind has arisen in the mining section below Perris. There is a conflict of no mean proportions near the Santa Rosa mines between prospectors and those who have squatted on government land in that locality for agricultural purposes. The land is still unsurveyed, but these squatters are upon the land with a view of making their fillings as soon as the government surveys the land. The prospectors are sinking holes all over the lands and making many mineral filings, and hence the conflict and the bad blood. The question of title to the land with proof is all in as to whether the land is more valuable for mineral or agricultural purposes.

REAL ESTATE IN KANSAS.

Some western States, notably Kansas,

to the repudiation of county and municipal debts, the financial condition of a portion of that State being such as to make it almost impossible for many communities to meet their obligations. Take, for instance, a county which is able to collect only 50 per cent, of its taxes in cash. The other 50 per cent, is put up for sale and bid in by the county, but this, of course, does not add any money to the treasury. Under such circumstances, and with no prospect of relief in the near future, the question of keeping up interest payments on outstanding bonds, to say nothing of providing for the principal, becomes an exceedingly embarrassing one. When the outlook for the western counties of Kansas is considered, the problem is found to be such as to daunt the cleverest intellect. Commenting upon the unfortunate condition of affairs in western Kansas, the United States Investor says:

"We are of the opinion that if the total indebtedness of western Kansas could be ascertained, it would be found to be greatly in excess of the real valuation of that district. A life-long resident of Kansas—one who has made to be greatly in excess of the real valuation of that district. A life-long resident of Kansas—one who has made a close study of real estate values—tells us, that if the county, municipal and farm mortgage debts of the western part of the State were all added together, the total amount per acre would be very large, possibly \$10. Probably an outside valuation of those counties is \$2 per acre. If this actibeach than the present road through the Cahuenga Valley. In fact, it would be very large, possibly \$10. Probably an outside valuation of those to make any there are the Santa Monica by the electric cars, and develop to attractive suburban section on the route.

A HOTEL SOLD AGAIN.

As recently mentioned in The Times, the Bellevue Terrace Hotel has once more teen sold. This is the third time that this property has changed hands soild the hotel for \$25,600 to A. G. Beyer, a wealthy capitalist of New York City, who has been living at the hotel for the past six months. This piece of property was purchased by Mr. Chase a year and a half ago, together with the furniture to Frank Eberhart of Chicago for \$3000, and the lot on Fremont avenue, for \$35,600. He sold the furniture to Frank Eberhart of Chicago for \$3000, and the lot on Fremont avenue, for \$35,600 for the whole property.

The Bellevue Terrace is a fine property, lying directly in the track of the business growth of the city, and the new purchaser is not likel to lose anything on his investment.

LAND.

It is not often that a dispute arises in Southern California in regard to the business growth of the city, and the new purchaser is not likel to lose anything on his investment.

LAND.

It is not often that a dispute arises in Southern California in regard to the guestion as to whether land is of more yeals the form time to time in the mining section below Perris. There is a likely to arise from time to time in the mining section below Perris. There is a likely to arise from filverside state that some the greed for personal gain is found in larger measure than is the love of civic honor. These persons make a business of approaching county and in larger measure than is the love of civic honor. These persons make a business of approaching county and in larger measure than is the love of the property.

The solution of the city, and the new purchaser is not likely to a region of Southern California. Reports from Riverside state that some in the property is the prop

great hardship to investors in the ROAD IMPROVEMENT IN MARY-

villages in Harford county, and it had very bad roads. In the autumn of 1887 its citizens held a meeting; formed the Darlington Road League, and adopted a policy looking to the making and maintenance of good roads in the vicinity of the village. The plan contemplated aid to the County Commissioners and Road Supervisors. A council of twelve trusted citizens was appointed. Membership in the league cost \$1. The council secured from the commissioners the right to supervise the construction of roads in the district, and to use the county funds apportioned to that district. The league went to work in earnest, and in less than thirty days had constructed two miles of good shell road, running the length of the town and constituting its main street.

"Then the league asked for and was given control of a larger territory. Subscriptions were secured from the members and added to the county appropriation. A competent overseer was appointed. During the first year the league paid out \$350 of its own funds and \$500 of county funds, and with this constructed some entirely new roads, improved and repaired fifteen miles of roadway, and saved \$400 as a halance.

"The County Commissioners, in 1889, impressed with these achievements, asked the league to take a still larger territory, but the offer was declined. Now at a cost of \$515 to itself and \$500 to the county it is maintaining sixteen miles of perfect roads. Prizes were offered for the best individual efforts. Farmers responded readily to the call for the labor, teams, cinders, shells and the like. All tooks an interest, and now a subsidiary league of boys is being organized. The president of the league has made the following suggestive report:

"The work and success of our league so to show that the way to get good

HIGH-PRICED LAND UP NORTH. HIGH-PRICED LAND UP NORTH.
Real estate men in the northern part
of the State are in the habit of remarking upon the high price of country real estate in Southern California. To judge from the report of a recent sale of the Martin-Murphy estate, at Mountain View, in Santa Clara
county, between San Francisco and
San José, it is not alone in Southern California that high prices are
asked, and received for unimproved
country property. At this sale the average orice of the unimproved land
ranged from \$120 to \$200 an acre, and
the improved land in one and twoyear-old fruit trees from \$155 to \$240
an acre. First-class deciduous fruit
land, within half an hour's ride of Los
Angelès, may be purchased at these
figures or less.

SAN FRANCISCO REAL ESTATE

While Los Angeles real estate men

While Los Angeles real estate men complain occasionally because the condition of the market is not quite so brisk as they might desire, the outlook here is far superior to that which confronts dealers in San Francisco, where there is a continued complaint about the duliness and downward tendency of the market.

During the first half of the present year 1855 sales of real estate were made in San Francisco, of, the aggregate value of \$1,233,835. For the corresponding period of 1895 they numbered 1894, and were of the total value of \$3,304, and were of the total value of \$3,304, and were of the total value of \$3,304, and were of the total value of \$3,655,232, and the releases, 1546, representing \$5861,014. Comparison with the first half of 1895 shows that the mortgages aggregated \$3,070,726, and the releases, \$7,050,851.

Commenting upon the condition of real estate in San Francisco, Magee's Circular has the following:

"Although the volume of city real estate sales made during the first half of 1896 was up to the low average of each half yearly period of the past five years, prices were not. They have been on a descending scale since May, 1891. The slide downward, until this year, was a comparatively gentle one; but since January the movement downward has been decidedly accelerated, while in some cases the reduction amounted to slaughter. This was most notably the case in the sale of the gas company's property on Howard, First. Fremont and Beale streets, and of the old woolen mills property on North Point. Beach, Polk and Van Ness-fity-seven varas. and the immense brick building, for \$32,000; and yet the sale of these properties at exceedingly low prices. These parcels were situated on Montkomery street, between Bush

The Investor publishes the following statement of mortgages and releases for the week ended July 3, 1896:

BUILDING.

BUILDING.

The Builder and Contractor notes the following uncontracted new work:
Plans are being prepared for a sixroom addition to the Seventh-street schoolhouse, near Alameda street; cost about \$4000.

Plans are being drawn for the Los Angeles Railway Company for a brick shop, to be two stories high and built on their lot on Central avenue.

BUILDING FERMITS.

The following permits of \$2000 and over were issued by the City Superintendent of Buildings:
Mrs. Florence M. White, two-story business block, corner Hoover, Kingsley and Thirty-first streets, \$4000.

Thomas Davidson, two-story dwelling, Alvarado between Arnold and Strelitz, \$5000.

L. L. Bowen, dwelling, Rampart, near

Avarago between Annota and steelers, \$5000.

L. L. Bowen, dwelling, Rampart, near Wilshire Boulevard, \$5000.

John E. Hackson, one-story brick store building, Fifth, between Spring and Broadway, \$4400.

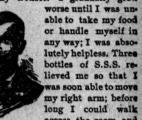
Mrs. C. A. Blaisdell, two-story dwelling, Figueroa between Adams and Twenty-seventh, \$5000.

Géorge A. Stoll, two-story brick store building, Seventh near Maple avenue,

\$4490. E. F. C. Klokke, two-story brick block, northeast corner Tenth and Broadway, \$7800.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castor

dy can cure it. So many people make the mistake of taking remedies which at best are only tonics and cannot possi-bly reach their trouble. Mr. Asa Smith, Greencastle, Indiana, says: "For years tism, which the best physicians were un able to relieve. I took many patent medicines but they did not seem to reach my trouble. I gradually grew



when I had finished one dozen bottles was cured completely and am as well as ever. I now weigh 170."

## A Real Blood Remedy.

S.S.S. cures Scrofula, Cancer, Eczema, and any form of blood troubles. If you have a blood disease, take a blood medi-

ly. We will send to anyone our valuable books. Address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Friday, July 10,

Auctioneers.

